#### **General Medicine**

#### Second MBBS (Clinical posting)

(Based on Medical Council of India, Competency based Undergraduate curriculum for the Indian Medical Graduate, 2018. Vol. 2)

- 1. Total Teaching hours : 25+60
- 2. A. Lectures(hours): 25

- B. Self-directed learning ( hours ) : NIL
- C. Clinical Postings (hours): 60
- D. Small group teachings/tutorials/Integrated teaching/Practicals (hours): NIL

Week / Day	Day of the Week *	Competency Nos.	Topics & Subtopics (Suggested)	Duration	TL Method
1/1	Monday	1.10	Orientation to History Taking	3 hours	Bed side clinic
1/2	Tuesday	9.3	History taking and causes of anemia	1 hour	Bed side clinic
		8.9	Evaluation of all risk factors and co- morbidities for patient with hypertension	1 hour	Bed side clinic
		11.7	Elicit document and present a medical history that will differentiate the etiologies of diabetes including risk factors, precipitating factors, lifestyle, nutritional history, family history, medication history, co-morbidities and target organ disease	1 hour	Bed side clinic
1/3	Wednesday	16.4	Elicit and document and present an appropriate history that includes the natural history, dietary history, travel, sexual history and other concomitant illnesses	1 hour	Bed side clinic
		25.4	Elicit document and present a medical history that helps delineate the aetiology of zoonotic diseases that includes the evolution and pattern of symptoms, risk factors, exposure through occupation and travel	2 hours	Bed side clinic
1/4	Thursday	26.20	Demonstrate ability to communicate to patients in a patient, respectful, non- threatening, non-judgmental and empathetic manner	2 hours	Bed side clinic
		26.21 & 26.22	- Demonstrate respect to patient privacy		Bed side

Week / Day	Day of the week	Competency Nos.	Topics & Subtopics	Duration	TL Method	
			-Demonstrate ability to maintain confidentiality in patient care	1 hour	clinic	
1/5	Friday	26.35	Demonstrate empathy in patient encounters	1 hour	Bed side clinic	
		6.7	Elicit document and present a medical history that helps delineate the aetiology of the current presentation and includes risk factors for HIV, mode of infection, other sexually transmitted diseases, risks for opportunistic infections and nutritional status	1 hour	Bed side clinic	
		26.19, 26.24 & 26.25	<ul> <li>Demonstrate ability to work in a team of peers and superiors</li> <li>Demonstrate respect in relationship with patients, fellow team members, superiors and other health care workers</li> <li>Demonstrate responsibility and work ethics while working in the health care team</li> </ul>	1 hour	Bed side clinic	
2/1	Monday	1.11, part 1.29	Orientation to General Exam	3 hours	Bed side clinic	
2/2	Tuesday	1.12	Pulse examination with demonstration	3 hours	Bed side clinic /DOAP	
2/3	Wednesday	1.13	Measure BP accurately	2 hours	Bed side clinic /DOAP	
		1.14	JVP	1 Hour	Bed side clinic /DOAP	
2/4	Thursday	4.9	Evaluation of fever	1.5 hours	Bed side clinic/DOAP	
		4.10	Examination of skin ,lymph node, chest and abdominal examination	1.5 hours	Bed side clinic/DOAP	
2/5	Friday	9.4	Perform a systematic examination that includes : general examination for pallor, oral examination	1 hour	Bed side clinic	
		4.21	Orientation to Clinical decision making	2 hours	Bed side clinic	
3/1	Monday	7.11 and 7.12	Orientation to medical history and examination of joints ,muscle and skin rheumatological diseases	1hour	Bed side clinic	
		11.8	Perform a systematic examination that establishes the diagnosis and severity that includes skin, peripheral pulses, blood pressure measurement, fundus examination, detailed examination of the foot (pulses, nervous and deformities and injuries) in a patient	1 hour	Bed side clinic	

Week / Day			Duration	TL Method	
			with diabetes		
			sion for clinical skills including BP :/ ward rounds	1 hour	Bed side clinic
3/2	Tuesday	1.30	<b>Skill Acquisition -</b> IM injection	3 hour	Skills lab
3/3 Wednesday		5.9	Elicit document and present a medical history that helps delineate the aetiology of the current presentation and includes clinical presentation, risk factors, drug use, sexual history, vaccination and family history in patient with liver disease.	1 hour	Bed side clinic
		16.5	Perform, document and demonstrate a physical examination based on the history that includes general examination, including an appropriate abdominal examination	1 hour	Bed side clinic
		5.14	Outline a diagnostic approach to liver disease based on hyperbilirubinemia, liver function changes and hepatitis serology	1 hours	Bed side clinic
3/4	Thursday	2.7	CVS Examination with demonstration	3 hour	Bed side clinic/DOAP
3/5	Friday	3.4 & 3.5	Orientation to history taking, general examination & systemic examination of Respiratory system	3 hours	Bed side clinic/DOAP
4/1	Monday	18.3	Elicit and document and present an appropriate history including onset, progression, precipitating and aggravating relieving factors, associated symptoms that help identify the cause of the cerebrovascular accident	2 hours	Bed side clinic
		Practice sess rounds	ion for clinical and other skills/ ward	1 hour	Bed side clinic / skills lab
4/2	Tuesday	18.5	Perform, demonstrate & document physical examination that includes general and a detailed neurologic examination as appropriate based on the history	2 hours	Bed Side clinic
		Practice sess rounds	ion for clinical and other skills/ ward	1 hour	Bed side clinic / skills lab
4/3	Wednesday	20.4 & 20.5	Medicalemergency- Elicit and document and present an appropriate history, the circumstance, time, kind of snake, evolution of symptoms in a patient with snake bite	2 hours	Bed side clinic

Week / Day	Day of the week	Competency Nos.	Topics & Subtopics	Duration	TL Method
			- Perform a systematic examination, document and present a physical examination that includes general examination, local examination, appropriate cardiac and neurologic examination in a case of snake bite		
		Practice sess rounds	ion for clinical and other skills/ward	1 hour	Bed side clinic / skills lab
4/4	Thursday	Practical Asse	essment + Theory Assessment	3 hours	Case presentatio n
4/5	Friday	Skills Assessm Logbook Certi	ent – Certifiable skills and soft skills fication	3 hours	OSCE stations/ skills stations

**Student Doctor method of clinical teaching** – on the emergency day/ admission day of the clinical unit, students will be posted in admission area (Casualty / EMS) and allotted a case/ cases, which they will be following over the period of indoor stay and the same will be entered in the Logbook.

**Focus of Learner-Doctor programme** - History taking, physical examination, assessment of change in clinical status, communication and patient education

\* Day of week is only suggestive, considering the posting is started on Monday. If posting is commenced on any other day, day of week can be modified accordingly.

#### **General Medicine**

# Second MBBS (from Feb/March 2021)

# Subject: GENERAL MEDICINE Theory

(Based on Medical Council of India, Competency based Undergraduate curriculum for the Indian Medical Graduate, 2018. Vol. 2; page nos. 60-142)

- 1. Total Teaching hours : **25h + 60h**
- 2. A. Lectures(hours): 25h B. Self directed learning (hours): NIL
  - C. Clinical Postings (hours): 4 Wks (60h)
  - D. Small group teachings/tutorials/Integrated teaching/Practicals(hours): NIL

Lecture	Competency Nos.	Торіс	Subtopics
1	IM 4.1 to 4.5	Fever & Febrile	Introduction to Fever, Pathophysiology, Causes-
		Syndromes	Describe and discuss the febrile response and the influence of host immune status, risk factors and comorbidities on the febrile Response, Describe and discuss the influence of special populations on the febrile response including: the elderly, immune suppression, malignancy and neutropenia, HIV and travel, Discuss and describe the common causes, pathophysiology and manifestations of fever in various regions in India including bacterial, parasitic and viral causes (e.g.Dengue, Chikungunya, Typhus), inflammatory causes of fever, malignant causes of fever including hematologic and lymph node malignancies
2	IM 4.6; 4.15;	Fever & Febrile	Malaria - Discuss and describe the pathophysiology and
	4.22 to 4.26	Syndromes	manifestations of malaria, interpret a malarial smear, Describe and discuss the pharmacology, indications, adverse reactions, interactions of antimalarial drugs and basis of resistance, malarial prevention
3	IM 4.7	Fever & Febrile	Sepsis Syndrome - Discuss and describe the pathophysiology
		Syndromes	and manifestations of the sepsis syndrome
4	IM 4.8; 4.16; 4.18	Fever & Febrile Syndromes	<b>FUO-</b> Discuss and describe the pathophysiology, aetiology and clinical manifestations of fever of unknown origin (FUO) including in a normal host, neutropenic host, nosocomial host and a host with HIV disease, Enumerate the indications and describe the findings in tests of inflammation and specific rheumatologic tests, serologic testing for pathogens including HIV, bone marrow aspiration and biopsy, Enumerate the indications for use of imaging in the diagnosis of febrile syndromes.

5		Infections	Describe and discuss the response and the influence of host immune status, risk factors and comorbidities on zoonotic
			diseases, pathophysiology and manifestations, appropriate
	IM		diagnostic plan, newer techniques in the diagnosis, empiric
	25.1; 25.2;		treatment plan OF -
	25.3,		Leptospirosis & Dengue
6	25.7,25.8,	Infections	Rabies & Tetanus
7	25.10,25.11	Infections	Scrub Typhus, Typhoid
8		Infections	Acute encephalitis syndromes including JE
9	IM 6.1 to 6.3	HIV	Describe and discuss the <b>symptoms and signs of acute HIV</b> Seroconversion, Define and <b>classify HIV AIDS</b> based on the CDC criteria, Describe and discuss the relationship between CDC count and the risk of opportunistic infections
10	IM 6.4 to 6.6; 6.9	HIV	Describe and discuss the pathogenesis, evolution and clinical features of common HIV related <b>opportunistic infections</b> , <b>malignancies</b> , <b>skin and oral lesions</b> , Choose and interpret appropriate <b>diagnostic tests</b> to diagnose and classify the severity of HIV-AIDS including specific tests of HIV, CDC
11	IM 6.16 to 6.18	HIV	Discuss and describe the principles of <b>HAART</b> , the classes of antiretrovirals used, adverse reactions and interactions, Discuss and describe the principles and regimens used in post exposure prophylaxis, Enumerate the indications and discuss prophylactic drugs used to prevent HIV related opportunistic infections
12	IM 16.1; 16.13; 16.14; 16.6	Diarrheal Diseases	Describe and discuss the aetiology of <b>acute and chronic</b> <b>diarrhea</b> including infectious and noninfectious causes, Distinguish between diarrhea and dysentery based on clinical features, Describe and enumerate the indications, pharmacology and side effects of pharmacotherapy for parasitic, bacterial and viral causes of diarrhea
13	IM 16.11; 16.12	Diarrheal Diseases	<b>Diagnosis</b> of acute diarrhea (Stool culture & Blood culture); Diagnosis of chronic diarrhea (Antibodies, colonoscopy, imaging & biopsy)
14	IM 16.2; 16.3	Diarrheal Diseases	Describe and discuss the <b>acute systemic consequences of</b> <b>diarrhea</b> including its impact on fluid balance, Describe and discuss the chronic effects of diarrhea including malabsorption
15	IM 16.15- 16.17	Diarrheal Diseases	Distinguish based on the clinical presentation <b>Crohn's</b> <b>disease from Ulcerative Colitis,</b> Describe and enumerate the indications, pharmacology and side effects of pharmacotherapy including immunotherapy, the indications for surgery in <b>inflammatory bowel disease</b>
16	IM 3.2,3.3	Pneumonia	Discuss and describe the etiologies of various kinds of <b>pneumonia</b> and their microbiology depending on the setting and immune status of the host, Discuss and describe the pathogenesis, presentation, natural history and complications of pneumonia
17	IM 3.1	Pneumonia	Define, discuss, describe and distinguish community acquired pneumonia, nosocomial pneumonia and aspiration pneumonia

18	IM 3.15; 3.16	Pneumonia	Describe and enumerate the indications for hospitalization
			in patients with pneumonia, Describe and enumerate the
			indications for isolation and barrier nursing in patients with
			pneumonia
19	IM 3.17; 3.19	Pneumonia	Describe and discuss the supportive therapy in patients with
			pneumonia including oxygen use and indications for
			ventilation, Discuss, describe, enumerate the indications and
			communicate to patients on pneumococcal and influenza
			vaccines
20	IM 20.1; 20.3;	Envenomation	Enumerate the local poisonous snakes and describe the
	20.7		distinguishing marks of each, Describe the initial approach to
			the stabilization of the patient who presents with snake
			bite, Enumerate the indications and describe the
			pharmacology, dose, adverse reactions, hypersensitivity
			reactions of anti snake venom.
21	IM 20.8; 20.9	Envenomation	Describe the diagnosis, initial approach stabilization and
			therapy of scorpion envenomation and bee sting allergy
22	IM 21.1 to	Poisoning	Describe the initial approach to the stabilization of the
	21.3		patient who presents with poisoning, Enumerate the
			common plant poisons seen in your area and describe their
			toxicology, clinical features, prognosis and specific approach
			to detoxification, common corrosives poisoning.
23	IM 21.4	Poisoning	Enumerate the commonly observed drug overdose in your
			area and describe their toxicology, clinical features,
			prognosis and approach to therapy
24	IM 23.1, 23.4	Nutrition &	Discuss and describe the methods of nutritional assessment
		Vitamin	in an adult and calculation of caloric requirements during
		Deficiencies	illnesses, Enumerate the indications for enteral and
			parenteral nutrition in critically ill patients
25	IM 23.2; 23.3	Nutrition &	Discuss and describe the causes and consequences of
		Vitamin	protein caloric malnutrition in the hospital, Discuss and
		Deficiencies	describe the aetiology, causes, clinical manifestations,
			complications, diagnosis and management of common
			vitamin deficiencies

# Maharashtra University of Health Sciences General Medicine

#### **Third professional Part I MBBS**

#### **Subject: General Medicine**

#### Theory - Lectures + SDL + Tutorials, Seminars, Integrated

(Based on Medical Council of India, Competency based Undergraduate curriculum for the Indian Medical Graduate, 2018. Vol. 2)

- 1. Total Teaching hours : **25+ 35+ 5+72**
- 2. A. Lectures(hours): 25
- B. Self-directed learning (hours): 05
- C. Clinical Postings (hours): 72
- D. Small group teachings/tutorials/Integrated teaching/Practicals (hours): 35

Lecture / SDL	Competency Nos.	Торіс	Subtopics	
1	IM 9.1; 9.2	Anaemia	Classification of anemia; Etiology & Prevalence	
2	IM 9.7; 9.8,9.21	Anaemia	Components of hemogram; Tests for Iron deficiency & Vit. B12 Deficiency. Determine the need for specialist consultation.	
3	IM 9.11; 9.12	Anaemia	Diagnostic plan for evaluation of anemia including BMA & Biopsy	
4	IM 9.17; 15.12,9.18,	Anaemia	Indication for Blood transfusion & components; Precautions during transfusion including mismatch transfusion.	
SDL-1	IM 9.14	Anaemia	National programs for prevention of anemia	
5	IM 14.1 to 14.4	Obesity	Definition, prevalence, etiology, risk factors including monogenic forms, environmental factors of obesity	
6	IM 14.5; 14.9, 14.10,14.13; 14.14;14.15	Obesity	Natural history, complications, laboratory tests , pharmacotherapy and bariatric surgery of obesity and prevention of obesity	
7	IM 15.1; 15.6	GI Bleed	Etiology and distinguishing features of UGI and LGI Bleed	
8	IM 15.2 ; 15.3; 15.11	GI Bleed	Physiological effects, Evaluation and steps in stabilizing a patient with acute volume loss due to GI bleed; including blood and component transfusion	

9	15.14; 15.10; 15.15,15.16, 15.17	GI Bleed	Investigation (endoscopy, colonoscopy, imaging) and treatment of GI bleed including pharmacotherapy of acid peptic disease (including H.pylori), pressors, endoscopic interventions and surgery and appropriate level of specialist consultation
10	IM 5.1; 5.2; 5.3, 5.5; 5.7	Liver Diseases	Etiology, Pathophysiology of hyperbilirubinemia and various forms of liver disease including alcoholic liver disease and drug induced liver injury
11	IM 5.4,5.16, 5.17	Liver Diseases	Epidemiology, microbiology, immunology, clinical evolution of infective (viral) hepatitis and it' management including vaccination.
12	IM 5.12, 13, 14	Liver Diseases	Outline a diagnostic approach to liver disease based on CBS, hyperbilirubinemia, Ascitic fluid examination, liver function changes and hepatitis serology. Enumerate the indications for ultrasound and other imaging studies including MRCP and ERCP and describe the findings in liver disease.
13	IM 5.6,5.18	Liver Diseases	Pathophysiology, evolution, management and Complication of cirrhosis and portal hypertension, indications for hepatic transplantation.
SDL-2	IM 5.8	Liver Diseases	Cholelithiasis and cholecystitis
14	IM 11.1 to 11.4	Diabetes	Definition, classification of Diabetes; Epidemiology, Pathogenesis, Genetics, Risk factors and Clinical evolution of Type-1 & -2 DM
15	IM 11.6; 11.9; 11.11, 11.14; 11.15; 11.22 to 11.24	Diabetes	Pathogenesis, C/F, Precipitating factors, Stabilization, Principle of therapy & Management (Investigations & treatment) of diabetic emergencies (Hypoglycemia, DKA, HONKS).
16	IM 11.16; 11.17	Diabetes	Pharmacological therapies for DM, indications, CI, ADR and Interaction- Based on presentation, severity, complication in a cost effective therapy
1		Diabetes	Pathogenesis, temporal evolution of microvascular and
17	IM 11.5	Diabetes	macrovascular complications of diabetes (Neuropathy, Nephropathy, Retinopathy, HTN,

18	IM 7.1; 7.2, 7.27	Rheumatologic Problems	Pathophysiology and genetic basis of autoimmune disease and determine the need for specialist consultaion
19	IM 7.3 to 7.6; 7.8	Rheumatologic Problems	Pathophysiology, classification, presenting features, approach, and etiology of joint pain; differentiate arthritis from arthralgia
20	IM 7.10, 7.14,7.15,7,17 ,7,19	Rheumatologic Problems	Describe appropriate diagnostic workup and treatment plan for rheumatological diseases. Enumerate Systemic manifestations of rheumatological diseases,
SDL 4	IM 7.7; 7.9; 7.16	Rheumatologic Problems	Articular from periarticular symptoms; Signs and symptoms of articular and periarticular diseases, Indications for Arthocentesis.
21	IM 12.3; 12.4	Thyroid Dysfunction	Principles of Thyroid function tests, Principles of RAI uptake, alteration of physiological function along with physiology of HPT axis
22	IM 12.1; 12.2; 12.11,12.12; 12.13, 12.14	Thyroid Dysfunction	Epidemiology, pathogenesis, genetic basis of Hypothyroidism, interpretation of TFT, Pharmacotherapy, indication, ADR of Thyroxine. Iodization programmes of Govt of India
23	IM 12.1; 12.2; 12.11,12.13, 12.4; 12.14	Thyroid Dysfunction	Epidemiology, pathogenesis, genetic basis of Hyperthyroidism; interpretation of TFT, Pharmacotherapy, indication, ADR of Anti-thyroid drugs
24	IM 13.1 to 13.3	Common Malignancies	Epidemiology, Genetic Basis, Risk factors for common malignancies in India; Infections causing cancer
25	IM 13.4	Common Malignancies	Natural history, presentation, course, complication and cause of death for common cancers
SDL 5	IM 13.5,13.6, 13.18, 13.19	Common Malignancies	Describe the common issues encountered in patients at the <b>end of life</b> and principles of management, Describe and distinguish the difference between curative and <b>palliative care</b> in patients with cancer, Describe and discuss the ethical and the medico legal issues involved in end of life care, Describe the therapies used in alleviating suffering in patients at the end of life

		Tutorials- Total 10 hours			
S. No.	Topics		Hours		
1.	Medical emergencies	– Common poisonings	1 hr		
2.	Medical emergencies	- related to Pharmacological agents	1 hr		
3.	Drugs – IV fluids and p	ain killers including Narcotics	1 hr		
4.	Drugs – used in CPR		1 hr		
5.	Instruments – for vario	ous injections and IV access	1 hr		
6.	Instruments - for rout	ine invasive procedures	1 hr		
7.	X rays – Format of rea ray Chest	ding X-ray chest, skeletal and pleural involvement in X-	1 hr		
8.	X rays – Parenchymal	involvement in X-ray chest	1 hr		
9.	ECG – Basics of report	ECG – Basics of reporting ECG , with abnormal rate			
10	ECG – Rhythm disturb	1 hr			
	,	Seminars- Total 16 hours			
S. No.	Topics		Hours		
1.		Clinical approach to Ascites			
2.	Clinical approach to Anaemia				
3.	Clinical approach to Anaemia Clinical approach to lymphadenopathy				
4.	Clinical approach to Ja	Clinical approach to Jaundice			
5.	Clinical approach to chest pain				
6.	Clinical approach to headache				
7.	Clinical approach to bleeding diathesis				
8.		Clinical approach to bleeding diathesis Clinical approach to Comatose patient			
9.	Portal hypertension ar	Portal hypertension and its complications			
10	Pulmonary arterial hyp	pertension	1 hr		
11	Pulmonary function te	ests	1 hr		
12	Thyroid function tests		1 hr		
13	Grave's disease		1 hr		
14	Micro-vascular compli	cations of DM	1 hr		
15	Macro-vascular compl	ications of DM	1 hr		
16	Insulin and analogues		1 hr		
		Integration – Total 9 hours			
S.No.	Subject	Topics for integration	Hours		
1.	Clinical	Clinical pharmacokinetics	01		
	Pharmacology	Drug-Drug interaction	01		
		Adverse drug reaction	01		
2.	Clinical Pathology	Anaemia and haemoglobinopathies	01		
	chinear rathology	Platelet disorder	01		
		Hematological malignancies	01		
3.	Clinical Microbiology	Biologicals and disease modifying agents	01		
		Antimicrobial resistance	01		
		Viral haemorrhagic fever	01		

# General Medicine

## Third professional Part I MBBS

#### Subject: General Medicine

#### Clinical Posting (4 weeks, 6 days a week, 3 hours per day)

(Based on Medical Council of India, Competency based Undergraduate curriculum for the Indian Medical Graduate, 2018. Vol. 2)

- 1. Total Teaching hours : 25+ 35+ 5= 65
- 2. A. Lectures(hours): 25

B. Self-directed learning (hours): 05

C. Clinical Postings (hours): 72

D. Small group teachings/tutorials/Integrated teaching/Practicals (hours): 35

Clinical skills hours	Procedural Skills hours	Assessment hours	Total
54	12	06	72

# Maharashtra University of Health Sciences General Medicine

#### Fourth professional Year III/II MBBS

#### **Subject: General Medicine**

#### Theory - Lectures + SDL + Tutorials, Seminars, Integrated

(Based on Medical Council of India, Competency based Undergraduate curriculum for the Indian Medical Graduate, 2018. Vol. 2)

- 1. Total Teaching hours :70+ 125+15 + 144+ 72 = 426
- 2. A. Lectures(hours): **70** B. Self-directed learning (hours):15
  - C. Clinical Postings (hours): 144 + 72= 216
  - D. Small group teachings/tutorials/Integrated teaching/Practicals (hours): 125

Lecture / SDL	Competenc y Nos.	Торіс	Subtopics	
1	IM 8.1 to 8.5	Hypertension	Define and classify hypertension, Describe and discuss the epidemiology, etiology, prevalence, pathophysiology and genetic basis of essential hypertension, Describe and discuss the differences between primary and secondary hypertension	
2	IM8.7,8.1	Hypertension	Describe and discuss epidemiology, aetiology and the prevalence of secondary HT and the clinica manifestations of the various aetiologies of secondar causes of hypertension	
3	IM8.6	Hypertension	Define, describe and discuss and recognize hypertensive urgency and emergency	
4	IM 8.8, 8.20	Hypertension	Describe, discuss and identify target organ damage due to hypertension, Determine the need for specialist consultation	
SDL 1	IM 8.12,8.13	Hypertension	Describe the appropriate diagnostic work up based on the presumed aetiology, Enumerate the indications for and interpret the results of : CBC, Urine routine, BUN, Cr, Electrolytes, Uric acid, ECG	
SDL 2	IM 8.14	Hypertension	Develop an appropriate treatment plan for patient with hypertension	
5	IM 1.1, 1.2	Heart Failure	Describe and discuss the epidemiology, pathogenesis clinical evolution and course of common causes of heart	

			disease including: rheumatic/valvular, ischemic, hypertrophic, inflammatory. Describe and discuss the genetic basis of some forms of heart failure.
6	IM 1.3 (part)	Heart Failure	Describe and discuss the aetiology, microbiology pathogenesis and clinical evolution of rheumatic fever, criteria, degree of rheumatic activity and Rheumatic valvular heart disease.
7	IM1.9	Heart Failure	Describe and discuss the clinical presentation and features, diagnosis, recognition and management of acute rheumatic fever
8	IM 1.3 (part) IM 1.27	Heart Failure	Describe Complications of Rheumatic valvular heart disease. (Other than Infective Endocarditis), Describe and discuss the role of penicillin prophylaxis in the prevention of rheumatic heart disease
SDL 3	IM 1.25	Heart Failure	Enumerate the indications for valvuloplasty, valvotomy, coronary revascularization and cardiac transplantation
9	IM1.3 (part), 1.21	Heart Failure	Describe and discuss and identify the clinical features of acute and sub-acute endocarditis, echocardiographic findings, blood culture and sensitivity and therapy
10	IM1.4,1.5,1.6	Heart Failure	Staging of heart failure, Describe, discuss and differentiate the processes involved in R Vs L heart failure, systolic vs diastolic failure, Describe and discuss the compensatory mechanisms involved in heart failure including cardiac remodeling and neuro-hormonal adaptations
11	IM1.7	Heart Failure	Enumerate, describe and discuss the factors that exacerbate heart failure including ischemia, arrhythmias, anemia, thyrotoxicosis, dietary factors drugs etc.
12	IM 1.8	Heart Failure	Describe and discuss the pathogenesis and development of common arrhythmias involved in failure particularly atrial fibrillation
13	IM 1.19	Heart Failure	Enumerate the indications for and describe the <b>findings</b> of heart failure with the following : 2D echocardiography, brain natriuretic peptide, exercise testing, nuclear medicine testing and coronary angiogram
14	IM 1.24	Heart Failure	Describe and discuss the <b>pharmacology of drugs</b> including indications, contraindications in the

			management of heart failure including diuretics, ACE inhibitors, Beta blockers, aldosterone antagonists and cardiac glycosides	
15	IM 1.28	Heart Failure	Enumerate the causes of <b>adult presentations of</b> <b>congenital heart disease</b> and describe the distinguishing features between cyanotic and acyanotic heart disease	
16	IM 2.1 ,2.2, 2.4	AMI/IHD	Discuss and describe the epidemiology, antecedents and risk factors both modifiable and non-modifiable, the pathogenesis, natural history, evolution and complications of <b>atherosclerosis and IHD</b> .	
SDL 4	IM 2.3	AMI/IHD	Discuss and describe the lipid cycle and the role of dyslipidemia in the pathogenesis of atherosclerosis	
17	IM 2.5	AMI/IHD	Define the various acute coronary syndromes and describe their evolution, natural history and outcomes	
18	IM 2.13	AMI/IHD	Discuss and enumerate the indications for and finding on echocardiogram, stress testing and coronar angiogram	
19	IM 2.14,2.15, 2.16	AMI/IHD	Discuss and describe the indications for admission to a coronary care unit and supportive therapy for a patient with acute coronary syndrome. Discuss and describe the medications used in patients with an acute coronary syndrome based on the clinical presentation. Discuss and describe the indications for acute thrombolysis, PTCA and CABG.	
SDL 5	IM 2.17	AMI/IHD	Discuss and describe the indications and methods of cardiac rehabilitation.	
20	IM 2.18	AMI/IHD	Discuss and describe the indications, formulations, doses, side effects and monitoring for drugs used in the management of dyslipidemia	
21	IM 2.19	AMI/IHD	Discuss and describe the pathogenesis, recognition and management of complications of acute coronal syndromes including arrhythmias, shock, LV dysfunction papillary muscle and pericarditis	
22	IM ,2.20	AMI/IHD	Discuss and describe the assessment and relief of pain in acute coronary syndromes	
23	IM 2.23	AMI/IHD	Describe and discuss the indications for nitrates, anti platelet agents, gpIIb IIIa inhibitors, beta blockers, ACE	

			inhibitors etc in the management of coronary syndromes
24	IM 17.1,17.6, 17.10	Headache	Define and classify <b>headache</b> and describe the presenting features, precipitating factors, aggravating and relieving factors of various kinds of headache. Choose and interpret diagnostic testing based on the clinical diagnosis including imaging. Enumerate the indications for emergency care admission and immediate supportive care in patients with headache.
25	IM 17.3,17.11, 17.12	Headache	Classify <b>migraine</b> and describe the distinguishing features between classical and non-classical forms of migraine. Describe the indications, pharmacology, dose, side effects of abortive therapy and prophylactic therapy in migraine.
26	IM 17.13	Headache	Describe the pharmacology, dose, adverse reactions and regimens of drugs used in the treatment of bacterial, tubercular and viral <b>meningitis.</b>
SDL 6	IM 18.1	Cerebrovascular accident	Describe the functional and the vascular anatomy of the brain
27	IM 18.2	Cerebrovascular accident	Classify cerebrovascular accidents and describe the aetiology, predisposing genetic and risk factors pathogenesis of hemorrhagic and non-hemorrhagic stroke
28	IM 18.10	Cerebrovascular accident	Choose and interpret the appropriate diagnostic testing in young patients with a cerebrovascular accident (CVA)
29	IM 18.11	Cerebrovascular accident	Describe the initial supportive management of a patient presenting with a cerebrovascular accident (CVA)
30	IM 18.12,18.13	Cerebrovascular accident	Enumerate the indications for and describe acute therapy of non-hemorrhagic stroke including the use of thrombolytic agents and anti-platelet agents
31	IM18.14, 18.15	Cerebrovascular accident	Describe the initial management of a hemorrhagic stroke. Enumerate the indications for surgery in a hemorrhagic stroke.
SDL 7	IM 18.16	Cerebrovascular accident	Enumerate the indications describe and observe the multidisciplinary rehabilitation of patients with a CVA
SDL 8	IM 19.1	Movement disorders	Describe the functional anatomy of the locomotor system of the brain
32	IM 19.2,19.3,IM	Movement disorders	Classify movement disorders of the brain based on distribution, rhythm, repetition, exacerbating and relieving factors, clinical approach to movement

	19.7		disorders.
33	IM 19.8	Movement disorders	Discuss and describe the pharmacology, dose, side effects and interactions used in the drug therapy of Parkinson's syndrome
34	IM19.7,19.9	Movement disorders	Choose and interpret diagnostic and imaging tests in the diagnosis of movement disorders, Enumerate the indications for use of surgery and botulinum toxin in the treatment of movement disorders
35	IM 10.1,10.2	AKI and CRF	Define, describe and differentiate between acute and chronic renal failure, Classify, describe and differentiate the pathophysiologic causes of acute renal failure
36	IM 10.3, 10.4	AKI and CRF	Describe the pathophysiology and causes of pre renal ARF, renal and post renal ARF, Describe the evolution, natural history and treatment of ARF
37	IM 10.5,10.6, 10.7	AKI and CRF	Describe and discuss the aetiology of CRF, Stage Chronic Kidney Disease, Describe and discuss the pathophysiology and clinical findings of uremia
38	IM 10.15,10.16, 10.17,10.19	AKI and CRF	Describe <b>the appropriate diagnostic work up</b> based on the presumed aetiology, Enumerate the indications for and interpret the results of : renal function tests, calcium, phosphorus, PTH, urine electrolytes, osmolality, Anion gap, Describe and calculate indices of renal function based on available laboratories including FENa (Fractional Excretion of Sodium) and CrCl (Creatinine Clearance), Enumerate the indications and describe the findings in renal ultrasound
39	IM10.8 , 10.9 10.10 ,10.11	AKI and CRF	Classify, describe and discuss the significance of proteinuria in CKD, Describe and discuss the pathophysiology of anemia and hyperparathyroidism, Describe and discuss the association between CKD glycaemia and hypertension, Describe and discuss the relationship between CAD risk factors and CKD.
40	IM 10.25	AKI and CRF	Identify and describe the priorities in the management of ARF including diet, volume management, alteration in doses of drugs, monitoring and indications for dialysis
41	IM 10.26	AKI and CRF	Describe and discuss supportive therapy in CKD including diet, anti hypertensives, glycemic therapy, dyslipidemia, anemia, hyperkalemia, hypophosphatemia and

			secondary hyperparathyroidism
42	IM 10.27,10.28	AKI and CRF	Describe and discuss the indications for renal dialysis, Describe and discuss the indications for renal replacement therapy
SDL 9	IM 10.29, 10.30,10.31	AKI and CRF	Describe discuss and communicate the ethical and legal issues involved in renal replacement therapy, Recognize the impact of CKD on patient's quality of life, wellbeing , work and family, Incorporate patient preferences in to the care of CKD
43	IM 22.1,22.2, 22.3	Fluid Electrolyte & Acid base Disorder	Enumerate the causes of <b>hypercalcemia</b> and distinguish the features of PTH vs non PTH mediated hypercalcemia, Describe the aetiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis and clinical approach to primary hyperparathyroidism, Describe the approach to the management of hypercalcemia
44	IM 22.4	Fluid Electrolyte & Acid base Disorder	Enumerate the components and describe the genetic basis of the <b>multiple endocrine neoplasia syndrome</b>
45	IM 22.5,22.6	Fluid Electrolyte & Acid base Disorder	Enumerate the causes and describe the clinical features and the correct approach to the diagnosis and management of the patient with <b>Hyponatremia and</b> <b>hypernatremia</b>
46	IM 22.7,22.8	Fluid Electrolyte & Acid base Disorder	Enumerate the causes and describe the clinical and laboratory features and the correct approach to the diagnosis and management of the patient with <b>hypokalemia and hyperkalemia</b>
47	IM 22.9,22.10, 22.11, 22.12	Fluid Electrolyte & Acid base Disorder	Enumerate the causes and describe the clinical and laboratory features of metabolic acidosis, metabolic alkalosis, respiratory acidosis, respiratory alkalosis
SDL 10	IM 24.18,24.19, 24.21	Geriatrics	Describe the impact of the <b>demographic changes</b> in ageing on the population, Enumerate and describe the <b>social problems</b> in the elderly including isolation, abuse, change in family structure and their impact on health and discuss <b>ethical issues</b> in care of elderly.
48	IM 24.1, 24.3, 24.5 to 25.7	Geriatrics	Describe and discuss the epidemiology, pathogenesis, clinical evolution, presentation and course of common diseases in the elderly, Describe and discuss the etiopathogenesis, clinical presentation, identification, functional changes, acute care, stabilization,

			management and rehabilitation of acute confusional states, depression, dementia and personality changes in elderly.
49	IM 24.10	Geriatrics	Describe and discuss the etiopathogenesis causes, clinical presentation, difference in clinical presentation identification, functional changes, acute care, stabilization, management and rehabilitation of <b>COPD in the elderly.</b>
50	IM 24.4,24.9	Geriatrics	Describe and discuss the etiopathogenesis, clinical presentation, identification, functional changes, acute care, stabilization, management and rehabilitation of, vascular events and CVA in the elderly
51	IM 24.11	Geriatrics	Describe and discuss the aetiopathogenesis, clinical presentation, identification, functional changes, acute care, stabilization, management and rehabilitation of the <b>elderly undergoing surgery</b>
52	IM 24.8,24.12, 24.13,24.14	Geriatrics	Describe and discuss the aetiopathogenesis, clinical presentation, identification, functional changes, acute care, stabilization, management and rehabilitation of osteoporosis, degenerative joint disease, falls, and common fractures in elderly
53	IM 24.15 to 25.17	Geriatrics	Describe and discuss the aetiopathogenesis, clinical presentation, identification, functional changes, acute care, stabilization, management and rehabilitation of vision and visual loss, hearing loss and disabilities in the elderly
54	IM 24.22	Geriatrics	Describe and discuss the aetiopathogenesis, clinical presentation, complications, assessment and management of <b>nutritional disorders in the elderly</b>
SDL 11	IM 24.20	Geriatrics	Enumerate and describe <b>social interventions</b> in the care of elderly including domiciliary discussion services, rehabilitation facilities, old age homes and state interventions
55	IM 26.2, 26.23,26.27, 26.38, 26.39,26.42	The role of the physician in the community	<b>Professional Development</b> – Describe and discuss the commitment to lifelong learning as an important part of physician growth, Demonstrate a commitment to continued learning, Demonstrate personal grooming that is adequate and appropriate for health care responsibilities, Demonstrate ability to form and

			function in appropriate professional networks, Demonstrate ability to pursue and seek career advancement, Demonstrate commitment to learning and scholarship.	
56	IM 26.3,26.4, 26.5,26.11	The role of the physician in the community	<b>Bioethics in Clinical Practice</b> - Describe and discuss the role of beneficence, non-maleficence, autonomy and shared responsibility as guiding principles in patient care	
57	IM 26.37,26.36	The role of the physician in the community	<b>Time management</b> - Demonstrate ability to manage time appropriately, Demonstrate ability to balance personal and professional priorities	
58	IM 26.12, 26.13, 26.25	The role of the physician in the community	<b>Decision making in health care</b> - Identify, discuss and defend medico legal, socio-cultural and ethical issues as it pertains to decision making in health care including advanced directives and surrogate decision making, decision making in emergency care including situations where patients do not have the capability or capacity to give consent, Identify, discuss and defend, medico legal, socio-cultural and ethical issues as they pertain to consent for surgical procedures	
59	Module 4.1	Pandemic module	Lessons learnt from Covid 19 pandemic – a Narrative.	
60	Module 4.1	Pandemic module	Individual responsibilities in Pandemic Situation.	
SDL 12	26.47	The role of the physician in the	<b>Euthanasia, current position in India</b> - Identify, discuss and defend medico legal, socio-cultural and ethical	
		community	issues as they pertain to refusal of care including do not resuscitate and withdrawal of life support	
SDL 13	26.8	community The role of the physician in the community		
SDL 13 SDL 14	26.8 Integrated SDL	The role of the physician in the	resuscitate and withdrawal of life support Organ Donation in India - Identify discuss medico legal, socioeconomic and ethical issues as it pertains to organ	
	Integrated	The role of the physician in the community Community	resuscitate and withdrawal of life support Organ Donation in India - Identify discuss medico legal, socioeconomic and ethical issues as it pertains to organ donation	
SDL 14	Integrated SDL Integrated	The role of the physician in the community Community Medicine Community	resuscitate and withdrawal of life support Organ Donation in India - Identify discuss medico legal, socioeconomic and ethical issues as it pertains to organ donation National programs relevant to physicians	
SDL 14 SDL 15	Integrated SDL Integrated SDL	The role of the physician in the community Community Medicine Community Medicine	resuscitate and withdrawal of life support Organ Donation in India - Identify discuss medico legal, socioeconomic and ethical issues as it pertains to organ donation National programs relevant to physicians Adult Immunization and newer vaccines	

64	4	Revision Lecture	Diarrheal Diseases
65	5	Revision Lecture	Pneumonia
66	6	Revision Lecture	Anemia
67	7	Revision Lecture	GI Bleed
68	8	Revision Lecture	Liver Diseases
69	9	Revision Lecture	Diabetes
70	10	Revision Lecture	Thyroid disorders

	MBBS Third part - 2 Tutorials/Seminars/Integrated teachings- 125 hours	
	Tutorials- ECG- Total 10 hours	
S. No.	Topics	Hours
1.	Approach to basics of ECG	1 hr
2.	Reading Normal ECG	1 hr
3.	ECG: Chamber enlargement	1 hr
4.	Myocardial Infarction	1 hr
 5.	Electrolyte abnormalities on ECG	1 hr
6.	Narrow Complex tacchyarrythmias	1 hr
7.	Bradyarrthmias	1 hr
8.	Valvular Heart diseases	1 hr
9.	Bundle branch blocks	1 hr
10	Miscellaneous	1 hr
	X Rays- Total 11 hours	
S. No.	Topics	Hours
1.	Basics of Chest X Ray	1 hr
2.	Reading Normal X Ray Chest	1 hr
3.	Abnormalities on Chest X Ray – Cardiovascular system	1 hr
4.	Pulmonary venous hypertension vs pulmonary arterial hypertension	1 hr
5.	Chest X ray – Respiratory system	1 hr
6.	Abdominal system( Chest & Abdomen X Ray)	1 hr
7.	Miscelleneous X ray	1 hr
8.	Basics of CT Scan	1 hr
9.	Basics of MRI	2 hr
10.	Basics of PET scan	1 hr
	Drugs- Total 21 hours	F
S. No.	Topics	Hours
1.	Anti epileptics	1 hr
2.	Cardiovascular Drugs	1 hr
3.	Anti Tubercular Therapy	1 hr
4.	Anti Retroviral Therapy	1 hr
5.	Emergency Drugs	2 hr
5. 7	Antiviral Drugs	1 hr
7.	Drugs in respiratory system	1 hr
8. n	Glucocorticoids	1 hr
9.	Drugs in Rheumatology	1 hr 1 hr
10. 11.	Anticoagulants	2 hr
11. 12.	Inotropes and inodilators Anti hypertensives	2 hr
12. 13.	Antihypertensives Antidiabetic drugs	2 hr

	Interpretation of Lab Charts- Total 14 hours	
S. No.	Topics	Hours
1.	Interpretation of Ascitic fluid analysis	1 hr
2.	Interpretation of Pleural fluid analysis	1 hr
3.	Interpretation of Cerebrospinal fluid analysis	1 hr
4.	Interpretation of Abnormal LFT	1 hr
5.	Interpretation of Hb, CBC, RBCindices	1 hr
6.	Interpretation of thyroid function test	1 hr
7.	Interpretation of Peripheral blood smear	1 hr
8.	Interpretation of urine analysis	1 hr
9.	Interpretation of Fundus examination	1 hr
10.	Interpretation of renal function tests	1 hr
11.	Interpretation of Bone marrow studies	1 hr
12.	Interpretation of ABG	2 hr
	Seminars- Total 50 hours	
S. No.	Topics	Hours
1.	Clinical approach to Hypertensive emergencies	1 hr
2.	Clinical approach to Acute myocardial infarction	1 hr
3.	Clinical approach to solitary Seizure	1 hr
4.	Clinical approach to ischemic stroke	1 hr
5.	Clinical approach to intracranial bleed	1 hr
6.	Clinical approach to Heart Failure	1 hr
7.	Clinical approach to Acute renal failure	1 hr
8.	Clinical approach to Chronic kidney disease	1 hr
9.	Clinical approach to hyponatremia	1 hr
10	Clinical approach to potassium imbalance disorders	1 hr
11	Clinical approach to disorders of calcium metabolism	1 hr
12	Interpretation of ABG	1 hr
13	Mixed Acid Base disorders	1 hr
14	Emerging Viral Infections	1 hr
15	Clinical approach to Geriatric Syndromes	1 hr
16	Clinical approach to a case of Pulmonary Tuberculosis	1 hr
17	Clinical approach to a case of Extra Pulmonary Tuberculosis	1 hr
18	Clinical Approach to a case of PLHIV	1 hr
19	Clinical approach to opportunistic infections in a case of PLHIV	1 hr
20	Clinical approach to prescription of ART	1 hr
21	Clinical approach to a case of Dengue	1 hr
22	Clinical approach to a case of Complicated malaria	1 hr
23	Recent advances in the diagnosis of tuberculosis	1 hr
24	Vaccines for tuberculosis	1 hr
25	Recent advances in anti retroviral drugs	1 hr
26	Clinical approach to a case of Interstitial lung disease	1 hr
27	Clinical approach to a case of snake bite	1 hr
28	Clinical approach to a case of electric injury	1 hr
29	Clinical approach to a case of acute meningitis	1 hr

30		Clinical approach to a case of Chronic meningitis				
31		Ageing			1 hr	
32		Human Microbiome			1 hr	
33		Clinical approach to o	oncological	emergencies	1 hr	
34		Clinical approach to a		-	1 hr	
35		Clinical approach to a	a case of Ch	ronic leukemia	1 hr	
36				d ethical issues as it pertains to organ donation	1 hr	
37		Role of physician in c			1 hr	
38				omic and ethical issues as it pertains to rights,	1 hr	
		equity and justice in				
39				ethical issues as it pertains to confidentiality in	1 hr	
		patient care				
40		•	ultural and	ethical issues as it pertains to research in	1 hr	
		human subjects		·		
41		Medicolegal, socio-cu	ultural, prof	fessional and ethical issues as it pertains to the	1 hr	
		physician patient rela	ationship (ir	ncluding fiduciary duty)		
42		Documentation in he	alth care (i	ncluding correct use of medical records)	1 hr	
43		Use of information te	chnology t	hat permits appropriate patient care and	1 hr	
		continued learning				
44		Understanding of the	e implicatio	ns and the appropriate procedures and	1 hr	
		response to be follow	ved in the e	vent of medical errors		
45		Conflicts of interest i	n patient ca	are and professional relationships and describe	1 hr	
		the correct response	to these co	onflicts		
46		Clinical approach to a	a case of DI	с	1 hr	
47		Clinical approach to a	a case of art	thritis	1 hr	
48		Clinical approach to a	a case of m	ultisystem involvement	1 hr	
49		Clinical approach to a			1 hr	
50		Clinical approach to a	a case of fla	ccid quadriparesis	1 hr	
		Integrated te	eachings	-MBBS Third part 2 (Total 19 hours)		
S.No.	Su	bject	Hours	Topics for integration		
1.	Ca	re of patients during	6 hours	Interactive Discussion- 2 hours		
	Ра	ndemics		Triage practices to be followed		
				Primary care to be given to a patient on reaching hospital		
				Steps t be taken to reduce transmission of infections in		
				emergency area		
				Role Play- 1 hour		
				Visit to hospital with discussion with staff- 2 hour		
				Debriefing and feedback- 1 hour		
2.		nergency Procedures	8 hours	Interactive Discussion – 2 hours		
	du	ring Pandemics		1. Indications for invasive procedures in Pander		
				2. Points to be verified before emergency proce		
				Steps to be taken to reduce transmission of infe		
				4. Attitude and Communication Issues related t	o complicated	
				procedures II.		
				Skill development program – with mannequins	-	
				intubation, CPR, ALS, PALS etc - 4 hours (This m	•	
				with the routine Skill training component as well)		

			III. Role Plays for communication skills and documentation -
			1 hour
			IV. Debriefing and Feedback -1hour
3.	Managing Death during	2 hours	Interactive discussion – 1 hour
	Pandemics		a. Confirmation and documentation of death
			b. Steps to be taken to reduce transmission of infections
			c. Attitude and Communication Issues related to handling of
			dead bodies
			d. Responding to media
			ii. Role Play for communication skills and documentation with
			debriefing and feedback - 1 hour
4.	Geriatrics	3 hr	Polypharmacy
			Falls
			Incontinence

# Maharashtra University of Health Sciences **General Medicine**

#### Fourth professional Part II MBBS

#### **Subject: General Medicine**

#### Clinical Posting (8+4 weeks, 6 days a week, 3 hours per day)

(Based on Medical Council of India, Competency based Undergraduate curriculum for the Indian Medical Graduate, 2018. Vol. 2)

- 1. Total Teaching hours : 70+ 125+15 + 144+ 72 = 426
- 2. A. Lectures(hours): 70
  - B. Self-directed learning (hours): 15 C. Clinical Postings (hours): 144+72 = 216

D. Small group teachings/tutorials/Integrated teaching/Practicals (hours): 125

Term I/II

Posting	Clinical skills hours	Procedural Skills hours	Assessment hours	Total hours
Third clinical posting of 8 weeks	118	20	06	144
Revision posting of 4 weeks		7	/2	

procedural and attitudinal internal medicine competencies to be taught will be submitted later (please see second professional year clinical posting)

Phase	L	A – 1 -Exam	A – 1 -Exam IA – 2 -E		IA – 2 -Ex	am
	Theory (Gen Med only) (January)	Practical EOP	Total Marks	<b>Theory</b> (Gen Med only) <b>(May)</b>	Practical of Allied	Total Marks
Second MBBS	50	50	100	50	50 (divided into three allied subjects as follows) DVL = 15 marks Psychiatry = 15 marks Respiratory Medicine = 20 marks	100

# Internal Assessment General Medicine

\* The marks for internal assessment – 2 shall be communicated by DVL, Psychiatry and Respiratory Medicine departments to General Medicine department immediately after completion of examination and assessment.

Phase		IA – 3 -Exam		IA	– 4 -Exam	
	Theory (Gen Med and Allied) (January)	Practical EOP (Including 10 marks for Journal / Log Book )	Total Marks	Theory <b>(Gen</b> <b>Med and</b> <b>Allied)</b> (April)	Practical of Allied	Total Marks
Third MBBS Part I	50	40+10=50	100	50	50 (divided into two allied subjects as follows) DVL = 25 marks Psychiatry = 25 marks	100

\* The marks for internal assessment – 4 shall be communicated by DVL and Psychiatry departments to General Medicine department immediately after completion of examination and assessment.

Phase	IA – 5 -Exam			Prelim Exam			
	Theory (General Medicine and Allied)	Practical EOP (Including 10 marks for Journal / Log Book )	Total Marks	Theory <b>General</b> <b>Medicine</b> <b>and Allied)</b> (November)	Practical	Total Marks	
Third MBBS Part II	(May) 100	90+10=100	200	100 x 2 papers = 200	200	400	

There will be End of Postings Exam at each end of posting. (There will be FORMATIVE ASSESSMENT at the End of <u>four weeks Clinical Posting</u> of General Medicine NOT to be added to INTERNAL ASSESSMENT).

## Assessment in CBME is ONGOING PRCESS,

## No Preparatory leave is permitted.

1. There shall be 6 internal assessment examinations in General Medicine including allied.

2. The suggested pattern of question paper for internal assessment, except prelim examination is attached at the end. Pattern of the prelims examinations should be similar to the University examinations.

**3.** Internal assessment marks for theory and practical will be converted to out of 50 (theory) +50 (practical). Internal assessment marks, after conversion, should be submitted to university within the stipulated time as per directives from the University. **Conversion Formula for calculation of marks in internal assessment examinations.** 

	Theory	Practical
Phase II	100	100
Phase III/I	100	100
Phase III/II	300	300
Total	500	500
Conversion out of	50	50
Conversion	Total marks in 6	Total marks in 6
formula	IA theory examinations /10	IA Practical examinations /10
Eligibility criteria	20	20
after conversion	Combined theory	y + Practical = 50

**4.** While preparing Final Marks of Internal Assessment, the rounding-off marks shall done as illustrated in following table.

Total Internal Assessment Marks	Final rounded
	marks
33.01 to 33.49	33
33.50 to 33.99	34

- 5. Students must secure at least 50% marks of the total marks (combined in theory and practical / clinical; not less than 40 % marks in theory and practical separately) assigned for internal assessment in order to be eligible for appearing at the final University examination of that subject.
- 6. Internal assessment marks will not to be added to marks of the University examinations and will be shown separately in mark list.

#### 7. <u>Remedial measures</u>

#### A. <u>Remedial measures for non-eligible students</u>

- i) At the end of each internal assessment examination, students securing less than 50% marks shall be identified. Such students should be counseled at the earliest and periodically.
- ii) Extra classes for such students may be arranged. If majority of the students found to be weak in a particular area then extra classes must be scheduled for all such students. Even after these measures, if a student is failed to secure 50% marks combined in theory and practical (40% separately in theory and practical) after prelim examination, the student shall not be eligible for final examination.
- iii) Non eligible candidates are offered to reappear for repeat internal assessment examination/s, which must be conducted 2 months before next University examination. The pattern for this repeat internal assessment examination shall be similar to the final University examination. Only the marks in this examination shall be considered for deciding the eligibility criteria. Following conversion formula shall be used for converting the marks.

	Theory	Practical	
Remedial	200	200	
examination (as			
per final			
examination			
pattern)			
Conversion out of	50	50	
Conversion	Marks in remedial	Marks in remedial	
formula	theory	Practical	
	examinations /4	examinations /4	
Eligibility criteria	20	20	
after conversion	Combined theory + Practical = 50		

#### B. <u>Remedial measures for absent students:</u>

- i. If any of the students is absent for any of the 6 IA examinations due to any reasons, following measures shall be taken.
- ii. The student is asked to apply to the academic committee of the college for reexamination, through HOD, to ascertain the genuineness of the reason for absentee.
- iii. If permitted by academic committee, an additional examination for such students is to be conducted after prelims examination. Marks for such additional examination shall be equal to the missed examination.
- iv. Even if a student has missed more than one IA examination, he/she can appear for only one additional IA examination. In such scenario, eligibility should be determined by marks obtained in internal assessment examinations for which the candidate has appeared, without changing the denominator.

# **Internal Assessment Practical Examinations**

#### II MBBS

#### **Internal Assessment - 1**

#### **General Medicine**

	Subject: General Medicine Practical (IA – 1)					
Case	OSCE 1	OSCE 2	Viva	Journal & log book	Practical Total	
10	10	10	10	10	50	

# OSCE Stations to include Signs of General examinations, Local examinations, Psychomotor skills and Communication skills.

**OSCE DETAILS**: 1. History taking of a particular symptom;

- 2. Demonstration of signs- Pulse/BP/JVP;
- 3. Identification of General examination findings etc.
- 4. Communication Skills with patient or relative etc.

**Viva on Drugs:** Drugs Indication/Contraindication/ Adverse Effects etc. **Viva on emergency** : eg. Snake bite, OP poisoning, Status asthmatics etc.

#### Internal Assessment - 2

# DVL, Psychiatry and Respiratory Medicine (to be conducted at the end of respective clinical postings)

	Subject: General Medicine Allied Practical (IA – 2) Examination in DVL					
Case	Viva	Practical Total				
10	5	15				
	Subject: General Medicine Allied Practical (IA – 2) Examination in Psychiatry					
Case						
10	5	15				
	Subject: General Medicine Allied Practical (IA – 2) Examination in Respiratory Medicine					
Case	Case Viva Practical Total					
15	5	20				

\* The marks for internal assessment – 2 shall be communicated by DVL, Psychiatry and Respiratory Medicine department to General Medicine department immediately after completion of examination and assessment.

#### III MBBS Part I

#### Internal Assessment - 3

#### **General Medicine**

		Subject: Ge	neral Medicine Practical (IA – 3)		
Case	OSCE 1	OSCE 2	Viva	Journal & log book	Practical Total
20	5	5	10	10	50

# OSCE Stations to include Signs of General examinations, Local examinations, Psychomotor skills and Communication skills.

**OSCE DETAILS:** 1. History taking of a particular symptom;

- 2. Demonstration of General examination findings;
- 3. Demonstration of systemic findings
- 4. AETCOM or Communication Skills with patient or relative.

#### Internal Assessment - 4

#### **DVL and Psychiatry**

	Subje	ct: General Medicine Allied Practical (IA – 4	l)			
		Examination in DVL				
Case	OSCE 1	Viva	Practical Total			
10	5	10	25			
	Su	bject: General Medicine Allied Practical (IA – 4)	I			
		Examination in Psychiatry				
Case	OSCE 1	Viva	Practical Total			
10	10 5 <b>10</b>					

\* The marks for internal assessment – 4 shall be communicated by DVL / Psychiatry department to General Medicine department immediately after completion of examination and assessment.
# III MBBS Part II

# Internal Assessment - 5

# **General Medicine**

	Subject: General Medicine Practical (IA – 5)													
Long Case	OSCE1	OSCE2	OSCE 3	OSCE 4	Viva	Journal & log book	Practical Total							
50	5	5	5	5	20	10	100							

# OSCE Stations to include Signs of General examinations, Local examinations, Psychomotor skills and Communication skills.

# **OSCE DETAILS-**

**1.** Demonstration of signs – (Deep Tendon Reflex, Tone, Power of Muscle, Palpation of spleen and liver);

- 2. Demonstration of systemic findings
- 3. Certifiable procedural skills
- 4. AETCOM or Communication Skills with patient or relative etc.

Viva – X-ray, ECG, Instruments, Drugs

# **MUHS final practical examination**

# **General Medicine**

	Subject: General Medicine Practical									
Long Case	Short Case – 1	Short Case -2	OSCE * 4 Stations (15 x 4)	<u>Viva</u> (Table 1 – Instruments, Drugs, Emergencies Table 2- X-rays, ECGs, Laboratory reports ) (2 tables of 20 marks each)	Practical Total					
50	25	25	60	40	200					

**#** OSCE Stations may include General examinations, Local examinations, psychomotor skills, Communication skills, AETCOM etc.

- OSCE 1 Clinical Skills
- **OSCE 2** Certifiable procedural skills
- **OSCE 3** Certifiable procedural skills
- OSCE 4 AETCOM related skills

# MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES, NASHIK Format / Skeleton of question paper for 1<sup>st</sup> & 2<sup>nd</sup> internal

# **Assessment Theory Examinations.**



Topics for 1<sup>st</sup> & 2<sup>nd</sup> internal assessment are according to the syllabus covered till date of respective Internal Assessment examination.

# Format / Skeleton of question paper for 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> internal

# Assessment Theory Examinations (III MBBS Part I)

	Instr	uctions:		5) 6) 7) 8)	Use blu Each qu	e balı ıestio ts wil	l point j n carrie	pen on es <b>One</b>	te bo. Iy. <b>mar</b> i	x be <b>k.</b>	MCQ low the question number once only. k if he/she overwrites strikes or pu	t white ink on the c	cross once
		SECTIO	N "A'	' MCQ	(10Mar	ks)							
	1.	Multipl	e Cho	oice Q	uestions	(Tota	al -10 N	/ICQ of	f One	ma	rk each from General Medicine)	(1x10=1	0)
		a)	b)	c)	d) e	) f)	g)	h)	i)	j)			
nst	ruct	ions:	2) 3) 4)	Do r any med All d The	thing, ins. questic numb	ite d sucl ons d er to	anyth h type are co o the	ing o e of o ompu right	on th act v Ilsoi t ind	ne k vill ry. lica	only. blank portion of the questic be considered as an attem tes full marks. essary.		
2.		g Ansv a)		Ques	s <b>tion (/</b> c)	Any	2 out	t of 3	s) (G	Gen	eral Medicine )		( 2 x 10 = 20 )
3.	Sho	rt ans <sup>,</sup> a)	wer	ques b)	stions	(1 fr	rom A	ETC	ом	) (0	General Medicine )		( 2 x 5 = 10 )
				-	stions tory N	-	-		3) (	At	least 2 Clinical reasoning q	uestion ) (DVL,	( 2 x 5 = 10 )
		a)		b)	c)								
	-												

Separate answer sheets for question 4 (SAQ from DVL, Psychiatry & Respiratory Medicine) may be used for the ease of evaluation.

# Format / Skeleton of question paper 5<sup>th</sup> internal assessment

#### SECTION "A" MCQ Instructions: 9) Put $\boxtimes$ in the appropriate box below the question number once only. 10) Use blue ball point pen only. 11) Each question carries one mark. 12) Students will not be allotted mark if he/she overwrites strikes or put white ink on the cross once marked. SECTION "A" MCQ (20Marks) 1. Multiple Choice Questions (Total-20 MCQ) (1 x20=20) a) b) c) d) e) f) g) h) i) j) k) I) m) n) o) p) q) r) s) t) SECTION "B" & "C" Instructions: 1) Use blue/black ball point pen only. 2) Do not write anything on the blank portion of the question paper. If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means. 3) All questions are compulsory. 4) The number to the right indicates full marks. 5) Draw diagrams wherever necessary. SECTION "B" (60Marks) 2 . Long Answer Questions (Any 2 out of 3) (Structured Case Based) (General Medicine) (2x15=30) a) b) c) 3.Short Answer Questions (Any 2 out of 3) (Any one should be Clinical reasoning), 1 from AETCOM (General Medicine) (2x5=10) a) b) c) 4.Short Answer Questions (Any 4 out of 5) (General Medicine) (4 x 5 = 20) a) b) c) d) e) SECTION "C" -Allied (20Marks) (4 x 5=20) 5. Short Answer Questions (allied DVL, Psychiatry & Respiratory Medicine) b) c) d) a)

# Theory Examinations (III MBBS Part II)

Separate answer sheets for question 4 (SAQ from DVL, Psychiatry & Respiratory Medicine) may be used for the ease of evaluation.

# Format / Skeleton of question paper for University Theory Examinations (III MBBS Part II) Paper – I (Subject names to be removed)

	Instructions:			14) 15)	<ul> <li>SECTION "A" MCQ</li> <li>13) Put ∑ in the appropriate box below the question number once only.</li> <li>14) Use blue ball point pen only.</li> <li>15) Each question carries One mark.</li> <li>16) Students will not be allotted mark if he/she overwrites strikes or put white ink on the cross once marked.</li> </ul>							oss once	
	SECTION "A" MCQ (20Marks)												
	1.       Multiple Choice Questions (Total-20MCQ of One mark each) – (General Medicine)       (1 x20)								x20=20 )				
		a)	b)	c)	d)	e)			h)		j)		
		k)	I)	m)	n)	o)	p)	q)	r)	s)	t)		
Instruction 2 . Long Au 3.Short A a)	nswer b)	2)   3) / 4) 1 5)   Que	attempt All quest The num Draw dia stions (S	vrite al to res tions a aber to agram: Structu	a ball   nythii ort to re coi the r s whe ured (	point ng or unfo mpul ight ereve	n the b air med sory. indica r nece Based	only. lank ans. tes f ssar ) (G	c port full mo y. Si enera	arks. ECTIC Il Me	DN "B dicine	estion paper. If written anything, such type of act will b n AETCOM) (General Medicine)	e considered as an (2x15=30) (3x5=15)
										TION			
4. Long A	Answe	r Qu	estion (	Struct	ured(	Case	Based	) (G	enera	al Me	dicin		(1 x15=15)
a)													
3.Short / a)	Answe b)	r Qu c)			ral Me e)	edicii	ne) (Aı	זע 4	out o	f 5)			(4 x5=20)

# Format / Skeleton of question paper for University Theory Examinations (III MBBS Part II) Paper II (Subject names to be removed)

	Inst	ructions	52	18) 19)	Use Each	blue n que lents	ball poir stion ca	oproprie at pen c rries <b>Or</b>	only. <b>ne ma</b>	ox bel r <b>k.</b>	ICQ w the question number once only. if he/she overwrites strikes or put white ink on the cross once	е
	1.	Multip		oice Q	uestic licine d)	ons (1	Fotal-20 sychiatry f) g	')	i)	marł j) t)	each - 15 General Medicine , 2 DVL, (1 x20=20	))
Instructions.		2) Do atte 3) All 4) The	not wr empt to questio e numb	ite an o reso ons ar er to t	ball p ythin ort to e con the rig	oint g on unfai npuls ght ir	ir means	r. Ik porti full mc	-	the q	uestion paper. If written anything, such type of act will be consid	'ered as an
2 . Long Ans ˈa)	swer b)	Questic	ons (St	ructui	red Ca	ase B	ased ) ((		ECTIO I Med			5=30)
								SEC		"C"		
3.Short Ar			•	any 4 o		f 5) (I	OVL)				(4x5:	=20)
a) 4.Short Ar	b)	c) r Quest	d) ions (A	ny 3 c	e) out of	· / ) / C	ovchiati	<b>w</b>			(3 x5	=15)
	b)	c)	d)	any 5 c		<del>4</del> ) (r	sycillati	¥)				-10)
5.Short Ar				ny 3 d	out of	<sup>-</sup> 4) (F	Respirate	ory Me	dicine	e)		
	b)	c)	d)								(3 x5	=15)

Indian Medical Graduate Training Programme The undergraduate medical education programme is designed with a goal to create an "Indian Medical Graduate" (IMG) possessing requisite knowledge, skills, attitudes, values and responsiveness, so that she or he may function appropriately and effectively as a physician of first contact of the community while being globally relevant.

**COMPETENCY BASED CURRICULUM OF THE INDIAN MEDICAL GRADUATE PROGRAMME Specific Competencies**- 1. Preamble 2. Integration 3. Pre-clinical Subjects 4. Second Professional (Para-Clinical) 5. Third Professional (Part I). 6. Third Professional (Part II).

Institutional Goals of Indian Medical Graduate Training Programme:-(Ref. THE GAZETTE OF INDIA : EXTRAORDINARY [PART III—SEC. 4]).

(1) In consonance with the national goals each medical institution should evolve institutional goals to define the kind of trained manpower (or professionals) they intend to produce. The Indian Medical Graduates coming out of a medical institute should: (a) be competent in diagnosis and management of common health problems of the individual and the community, commensurate with his/her position as a member of the health team at the primary, secondary or tertiary levels, using his/her clinical skills based on history, physical examination and relevant investigations. (b) be competent to practice preventive, promotive, curative, palliative and rehabilitative medicine in respect to the commonly encountered health problems. (c) appreciate rationale for different therapeutic modalities; be familiar with the administration of "essential medicines" and their common adverse effects. (d) be able to appreciate the socio-psychological, cultural, economic and environmental factors affecting health and develop humane attitude for continued self learning and to seek further expertise or to pursue research in any chosen area of medicine, action research and documentation skills.

(f) be familiar with the basic factors which are essential for the implementation of the National Health Programmes including practical aspects of the following: (i) Family Welfare and Maternal and Child Health (MCH) (ii) Sanitation and water supply (iii) Prevention and control of communicable and non-communicable diseases (iv) Immunization (v) Health Education (vi) Indian Public Health Standards (IPHS), at various levels of service delivery (vii) Bio-medical waste disposal (viii) Organizational and/or institutional arrangements.

(g) acquire basic management skills in the area of human resources, materials and resource management related to health care delivery, hospital management, inventory skills and

counseling. (h) be able to identify community health problems and learn to work to resolve these by designing, instituting corrective steps and evaluating outcome of such measures. (i) be able to work as a leading partner in health care teams and acquire proficiency in communication skills. (j) be competent to work in a variety of health care settings. (k) have personal characteristics and attitudes required for professional life such as personal integrity, sense of responsibility and dependability and ability to relate to or show concern for other individuals.

(2) All efforts must be made to equip the medical graduate to acquire the skills as detailed in Table 11 Certifiable procedural skills – A Comprehensive list of skills recommended as desirable for Bachelor of Medicine and Bachelor of Surgery (MBBS) – Indian Medical Graduate.

Year of Curriculum	Focus of Learner - Doctor programme						
Year 1	Introduction to hospital environment, early clinical exposure, understanding perspectives of illness						
Year 2	History taking, physical examination, assessment of change in clinical status, communication and patient education						
Year 3	All of the above and choice of investigations, basic procedures and continuity of care						
Year 4	All of the above and decision making, management and outcomes						

Table 9: Learner - Doctor programme (Clinical Clerkship)

#### Table 5: Second Professional teaching hours

Subjects	Lectures (hours)	Small group learning (Tutorials / Seminars) /Integrated learning (hours)	Clinical Postings (hours) *	Self - Directed Learning (hours)	Total (hours)
Pathology	80	138		12	230
Pharmacology	80	138		12	230
Microbiology	70	110	*	10	190
Community Medicine	20	30	8	10	60
Forensic Medicine and Toxicology	15	30		5	50
Clinical Subjects	75**	*	540***		615
Attitude, Ethics & Communication Module (AETCOM)		29	-	8	37
Sports and extracurricular activities				28	28
Total	-		*	-	1440

\* At least 3 hours of clinical instruction each week must be allotted to training in clinical and procedural skill laboratories. Hours may be distributed weekly or as a block in each posting based on institutional logistics.

\*\* 25 hours each for Medicine, Surgery and Gynecology & Obstetrics.

\*\*\*The clinical postings in the second professional shall be 15 hours per week (3 hrs per day from Monday to Friday).



#### Table 8: Clinical postings

		Period of training	g in weeks	Total	
Subjects	II MBBS	III MBBS Part I	III MBBS Part II	weeks	
Electives	-	-	8* (4 regular clinical posting)	4	
General Medicine <sup>1</sup>	4	4	8+4	20	
General Surgery	4	4	8+4	20	
Obstetrics &Gynaecology <sup>2</sup>	4	4	8 +4	20	
Pediatrics	2	4	4	10	
Community Medicine	4	6	-	10	
Orthopedics - including Trauma <sup>3</sup>	2	4	2	8	
Otorhinolaryngology	4	4	-	8	
Ophthalmology	4	4	2	8	
Respiratory Medicine	2	-		2	
Psychiatry	2	2	-	4	
Radiodiagnosis <sup>4</sup>	2			2	
Dermatology, Venereology & Leprosy	2	2	2	6	
Dentistry & Anesthesia		2	-	2	
Casualty		2	-	2	
	36	42	48	126	

\* In four of the eight weeks of electives, regular clinical postings shall be accommodated.

Clinical postings may be adjusted within the time framework.

<sup>1</sup> This posting includes Laboratory Medicine (Para-clinical) & Infectious Diseases (Phase III Part I).

<sup>2</sup> This includes maternity training and family welfare (including Family Planning).

<sup>4</sup> This posting includes Radiotherapy, wherever available.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>This posting includes Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation.

#### Table 2: Distribution of subjects by Professional Phase

Phase & year of MBBS training	Subjects & New Teaching Elements	Duration#	University examination
First Professional MBBS	<ul> <li>Foundation Course (1 month)</li> <li>Human Anatomy, Physiology &amp; Biochemistry, introduction to Community Medicine, Humanities</li> <li>Early Clinical Exposure</li> </ul>	1 + 13 months	I Professional

	Attitude, Ethics, and Communication Module     (AETCOM)		
	<ul> <li>Pathology, Microbiology, Pharmacology, Forensic Medicine and Toxicology,</li> <li>Introduction to clinical subjects including Community Medicine</li> </ul>	12 months	II Professional
	<ul><li>Clinical postings</li><li>Attitude, Ethics &amp; Communication Module (AETCOM)</li></ul>		
Third Professional MBBS Part I	<ul> <li>General Medicine, General Surgery, Obstetrics &amp; Gynecology, Pediatrics, Orthopedics, Dermatology, Psychiatry, Otorhinolaryngology, Ophthalmology, Community Medicine, Forensic Medicine and Toxicology, Respiratory medicine, Radiodiagnosis &amp; Radiotherapy, Anesthesiology</li> <li>Clinical subjects /postings</li> <li>Attitude, Ethics &amp; Communication Module (AETCOM)</li> </ul>	13 months	III Professiona (Part I)
Electives	Electives, Skills and assessment*	2 months	
Third Professional MBBS Part II	<ul> <li>General Medicine, Pediatrics, General Surgery, Orthopedics, Obstetrics and Gynecology including Family welfare and allied specialties</li> <li>Clinical postings/subjects</li> <li>Attitude, Ethics &amp; Communication Module (AETCOM)</li> </ul>	13 months	III Professiona (Part II)

\*Assessment of electives shall be included in Internal Assessment.

#### Table 6: Third Professional Part I teaching hours

Subjects	Teaching Hours	Tutorials/ Seminars /Integrated Teaching (hours)	Self- Directed Learning (hours)	Total (hours)
General Medicine	25	35	5	65
General Surgery	25	35	5	65
Obstetrics and Gynecology	25	35	5	65
Pediatrics	20	30	5	55
Orthopaedics	15	20	5	40
Forensic Medicine and Toxicology	25	45	5	75
Community Medicine	40	60	5	105
Dermatology	20	5	5	30
Psychiatry	25	10	5	40
Respiratory Medicine	10	8	2	20
Otorhinolaryngology	25	40	5	70
Ophthalmology	30	60	10	100
Radiodiagnosis and Radiotherapy	10	8	2	20
Anesthesiology	8	10	2	20
Clinical Postings*			-	756
Attitude, Ethics & Communication Module (AETCOM)		19	06	25
Total	303	401	66	1551

\* The clinical postings in the third professional part I shall be 18 hours per week (3 hrs per day from Monday to Saturday).

#### Table 7: Third Professional Part II teaching hours

Subjects	Teaching Hours	Tutorials/Seminars / Integrated Teaching (hours)	Self - Directed Learning (hours)	Total* (hours)
General Medicine	70	125	15	210
General Surgery	70	125	15	210
Obstetrics and Gynecology	70	125	15	210
Pediatrics	20	35	10	65
Orthopaedics	20	25	5	50
Clinical Postings**				792
Attitude, Ethics & Communication Module (AETCOM)***	28		16	43
Electives				200
Total	250	435	60	1780

\* 25% of allotted time of third professional shall be utilized for integrated learning with pre- and para- clinical subjects and shall be assessed during the clinical subjects examination. This allotted time will be utilized as integrated teaching by para-clinical subjects with clinical subjects (as Clinical Pathology, Clinical Pharmacology and Clinical Microbiology).

# Distribution of Marks – Total 10 Marks

Sr.	Parameter		Marks	Phase
No.				
1	Drugs	5 Drugs	1	II (Second year)
		5 Drugs	1	III Part I (Third year)
		5 Drugs	1	III Part II (Fourth year)
2	Cases	CVS case-4	1	III Part I (Third year)
		RS Case-4	1	III Part I (Third year)
		Abdomen case-4	1	III Part I (Third year)
		Neurology case-4	1	III Part II (Fourth year)
3	Emergencies	2 Emergencies	1	II (Second year)
		5 Emergencies	1	III Part I (Third year)
		5 Emergencies	1	III Part II (Fourth year)
	Total-		10	

# Drugs

Name of Drug-

Class/ Group of Drug-

Mechanism of action-

Dose of drug-

Indications-

Contraindications-

Adverse effects-

Paste picture of drug here

6

List the emergencies in which this drug is used

## Pages 1 to 10 for 10 Drugs

## Cases

## **Respiratory system case Proforma**

## History

- I.Cardinalsymptoms:Breathlessness,Cough,Expectoration,Hemoptysis,,Wheeze,Chest pain.
- II. History of tuberculosis: Evening rise of temperature, night sweats, Anorexia and weight loss, Hemoptysis, Pleurisy, meningitis, lymphadenitis in pastor in family, TB contact.
- III. *History of Mediastinal compression:* Dysphagia, Hoarse voice, Dyspnea and dry cough, Swelling over face
- IV. Habits: Alcohol, smoking, tobacco or gutkachewing
- V. Aspiration: Foreign bodies, vomitus.
- VI. For Industrial diseases: Occupation, residencenear factories or mills
- VII. *Allergy:*. Family history of asthma, hay fever, eczema, Rhinitis and Sinusitis: Nasal discharge, painand tenderness over sinuses, headache, recurrent cold
- VIII. *Past history:*. Measles, influenza or whooping cough inchildhood (If bronchiectasis), Diabetes
  - IX. Past history of admissions in the hospital/ consultation with a doctor
  - X. Drug history-H/O medication patient is taking or has received in the past

## **General Examination**

- I. Built and nutrition
- II. Nails and conjunctiva: Pallor, dubbing, cyanosis, icterus
- III. lymphadenopathy (especially scalene nodeand cervical nodes), edema of feet, JVP
- IV. TPR, BP
- V. Spine

- VI. Stigma of tuberculosis: Phlyctenular conjunctivitis, Scars and sinuses in neck or bones, Thickened spermatic cord, Erythema nodosum, Skin: Cutis vulgaris, scrofuloderma etc.
- VII. Neck: Thyroid swelling. Tracheal tug
- VIII. Homer's syndrome: Ptosis, miosis, anhydrosis, enophthalmos and absent ciliospinal reflex
- *IX.* Upper respiratory tract: Sinus tenderness, Throat and tonsils, Posterior pharyngeal wall for posterior nasal drip, Alae nasi.
- *X.* Gums and teeth. Exposure to TB, STD, HIV

# **Respiratory System Examination**

## I. Inspection:

# A. Shape of chest

- 1. AP and transverse diameters: Barrelshaped chest, etc.
- 2. Hollowing, bulging, flattening orretraction
- 3. Sub-costal angle
- 4. Shoulders
- 5. Spine
- 6. Spinoscapular distance on both sides

# **B. Respiratory Movements**

- 1. Respiratory rate
- 2. Rhythm
- 3. Character Abdominal, thoracic, thoraco-abdominal or abdominothoracic
- 4. Equality
- 5. Accessory muscles of respiration
- 6. Inter-costal retractionI fullness

# C. Mediastinum

- 1. Trailes sign
- 2. Apex impulse
- D. Miscellaneous
  - 1. I. Scars, sinuses

- 2. Pulsations
- 3. Dilated veins
- 4. Shinyskinoverlowerchest (Empyema, hepatic amebiasis)

# II. Palpation

A. Findings of inspection confirmed including

# **Chest Movements**

# B. Mediastinum

- 1. I. Trachea
- 2. Apexbeat

C. TACTILE VOCAL FREMITUS: TVF

D. Miscellaneous

Tenderness over lower inter costal spaces.

Other vibrations: Palpable rates, rhonchi,

Rub

# Ill. Percussion:

A. Anteriorly

# Rig/rt Side Left Side

- 1. Kronig's isthmus Kronig's isthmus.
- 2. Clavicular percussion Clavicular percussion
- 3. Intercostal resonance Intercostal resonance
- 4. Liver dullness Cardiac dullness
- 5. Tidal percussion Traube's area
- 6. Shifting dullness Shifting dullness
- 7. Percussion myokymia Percussion myokymia
- 8. Skodaic resonance

# B. Posteriorly

- 1. Supra-scapular
- 2. Inter-scapular
- 3. Infra-scapular

# C. In Axilla

- 1. Axillary
- 2. Infra axillary

# IV. Auscultation:

# A. Breath Sounds

- 1. Normal or Diminished
- 2. Type: Vesicular, bronchial or vesicular

# with prolonged expiration

- B. Foreign Sounds: Rales, rhonchi or rub
- C. Vocal Resonance
- D. Miscellaneous
  - 1. Bronchophony
  - 2. Egophony
  - 3. Whisperin g pectoriloquy
  - 4. Succussion splash
  - 5. Coin test
  - 6. Post-tussive suction
  - 7. Post-tussive rales

# **Differential/ Final Diagnosis**

Anatomy (Where is the lesion?) e.g. Right upperlobe

Pathology (What is the lesion?) e.g. pneumonia

Etiology (What is the cause? ) e.g. streptococci

Complications e.g. lung abscess

Risk factors e.g. smoking

# Cardiovascular system case -Proforma

# History

 Cardinal Symptoms: Dyspnea on exertion or Breathlessness -including paroxysmal nocturnal dyspnea, orthopnea, platypnea and trepopnea, Chest Pain, Cough, Expectoration, Hemoptysis, Palpitation, Syncopal attacks

- II. Symptoms of Congestive Cardiac Failure (CCF) Exertional breathlessness, Edema of feet, puffiness of face, anasarca, Distension of abdomen and pain inright hypochondrium, anorexia, nausea, vomiting
- III. Symptoms of Rheumatic Heart Disease (RHD)Fever with sore throat, Fleeting joint pains and swelling, Involuntary movements (chorea), Nodules under the skin (rheumatic nodules)
- IV. Symptoms of Infective Endocarditis (SBE)Pyrexia,Petechial hemorrhages,Pads of finger are tender (Osler nodes),Palpable spleen,Phalangeal dubbing,Prolonged treatment with high doses ofPenicillin,Hemoptysis, Hematuria, Hemiplegia,Phlebothrombosis
- V. Symptoms Suggesting Congenital Heart Disease- Cyanotic spells, Squatting episodes
- VI. Pressure Symptoms (Due to Enlarged Left Atriumor Aneurysm of Aorta)- Hoarseness of voice (pressure on therecurrent laryngeal nerve), Ortner'ssyndrome,Dysphagia (pressure on esophagus)
- VII. Miscellaneous-

*Family History:* Hypertension, diabetes ,coronary artery disease, hyperlipidemia,congenital heart disease, cardiomyopathies

*Past History of* hypertension, diabetes ,coronary artery disease, hyperlipidemia,obesity, recurrent lower respiratoryinfection, tuberculosis, syphilis, STD, HIVinfection,

*History of hospitalization* Number of admissions, Duration of each admission, Investigations done e.g. ECG ,X-ray, Echocardiography, cardiaccatheterization, Diagnosis reached, if known; Drugs given e.g. diuretics, digitalis, Relief obtained or not, Advised surgery/intervention or not, *History of cardiac surgery, angioplasty or* 

Valvuloplasty

### **Physical Examination**

### **General Examination**

- A. Build and nutrition
- B. Nails and conjunctiva for pallor, icterus, dubbing, cyanosis.
- C. Lymphadenopathy and thyroid swelling
- D. Edema

- E. Skin for petechial hemorrhages, Osler nodes, rheumatic nodules, xanthelasmas, xanthomas
- F. Skeletal system Kyphoscoliosis, polydactyly, cubitus valgus, etc.
- G. TPR, BP
- H. Features of Marfan's syndrome tall, thin personwith long slender fingers, hyperextensibility of joints, high arched palate, dislocation of lens

## Peripheral

- A. JVP pressure and waves
- B. Pulse rate, rhythm, volume, character, equality, upstroke, downstroke, condition of vessel wall, apex pulse deficit and radiofemoral delay, carotid bruit.
- C. Blood Pressure both arms, supine and upright
- D. Peripheral signs of wide pulse pressure asin AI, PDA, etc. e.g., pistol shot sounds over the femorals, Duroziez murmur, Corrigan'ssign, de Musset's sign, Quincke's sign,locomotor brachia!.

## II. Central

# A. Inspection:

- 1. I. Precordium
- 2. Apex impulse
- 3. Other pulsations Parasternal, epi-gastric, suprasternal, in the neck, in the second left space and on right side
- 4. Dilated veins
- 5. 5.Scars, sinuses, etc.

## **B. Palpation:**

- 1. Apex beat
- 2. Left parasternal heave
- 3. Diastolic shock (Palpable S2)
- 4. Thrills
- 5. Other pulsations

# C. Percussion:

1. Left second and intercostal space dullness

- 2. Upper border
- 3. Right border
- 4. Left border
- 5. .Lower sternal resonance
- 6. Liver dullness and Stomach tympany for situs solitus or inversus

# D. Auscultation:

- 1. Heart sounds
- 2. Murmurs Systolic, diastolic or continuous.Other sounds e.g. pericardia! rub,opening snap, ejection clicks, etc.

Differential/ Final Diagnosis-

# **Central Nervous System Proforma**

## History

- I. Name, Age, Sex, Occupation, Right or Lefthanded, Consanguinity
- II. Motor symptoms
- A. Power:
- 1. Upperlimbs:
- a) Proximal: Lifting the arm above he head, eating.
- b) Distal: Sewing, writing, buttoning, turning a key in a lock, etc.
- 2. Lower limbs:
- a) Proximal: Climbing stair up anddown, squatting and getting upfrom squatting position.
- b) Distal: Slippers falling from foot

c) Running, walking with or withoutsupport, standing with outsupport, moving limbs in thebed or complete paralysis.

Truncal : turning in bed.

- B. Nutrition: Wasting of muscles (proximal
- or distal), atrophy, hypertrophy.
- C. Coordination:
- 1. Unsteadiness (For cerebellar ataxia).

2. Difficulty in feeling the ground andunsteadiness increasing in the dark.(For sensory ataxia).

3. Difficulty in reaching the target.

D. *Involuntary movements:*Chorea, athetosis, tremors, dystonia, hemiballismus flexor spasms, fasciculations, titubation.

# **III. Sensory symptoms**

- A. Tingling, numbness, root pains
- B. Feeling hot and cold water during a bath
- C. Feeling the ground well or ground feels likecotton wool.
- IV. Sphincter disturbances

A.Bladder:

- 1. Feeling the sensation of bladderfullness
- 2. Initiation of micturition immediatelywhen desired
- 3. Control of micturition, once the desireto micturate has occurred
- 4. Complete evacuation of the bladderor a feeling of residual urine
- 5. Inability to pass urine at all
- 6. History of catheterization
- B.Bowel: Constipation / Loose Stools

C.Impotency: In males

## **Cranial nerves**

- A. Sensation of smell 1st CN
- B. Vision acuity and color 2nd CN
- C. Diplopia, squint 3rd, 4th, 6th CN
- D. Sensations (Tingling, numbness over the

## face, and difficulty in chewing) - 5th CN

E. Facial asymmetry, dribbling of saliva from the angle of the mouth, stasis off ood in

themouth- 7th CN

- F. Vertigo, tinnitus, deafness 8th CN
- G. Hoarse voice, nasal twang, nasalregurgitatiotldysphagia 10th + 9th CN
- H. Dysarthria 12th CN

## Abdomen case proforma

## History

I. Anorexia, nausea, vomiting, dysphagia, flatulence, eructation, retrosternal burning,

water brash

II. Diarrhea, constipation, clay stools, worms instools, mucus and blood in stools

III. Abdominal pain, lump, and distension

IV. Hematemesis, melena, bleeding per rectum

V. Jaundice, gynecomastia, loss of libido, loss of

hair (for liver cell failure), reversal of normal

sleep cycle.

VI. Fever, weight Joss

VII. Alcohol, smoking

VIII. Past history of tuberculosis, malaria, kala-azar, leukemia, hemolytic crisis (sudden pallor and dyspnea) sexual contact, drugs.

**General Examination** 

I. Vital signs - TPR, BP

II. Built and nutrition, BMI (body mass index)

III. Pallor, Clubbing, Nails (chalky-white nails

koilonycnia) cyanosis, icterus.

IV. Edema feet, lymphadenopathy, JVP

V. Signs of liver cell failure: Scanty hair, palmar erythema, spider nevi, parotid swelling,gynecomastia, testicular atrophy, Dupuytren'scontractures, flaps (asterixis), paper money skin.

VI. Stigma of tuberculosis: Scars and sinuses in neck,lymphadenopathy, phlyctenular conjunctivitis,

thickened spermatic cord, chest signs, etc.

VII. Skin extoriations, ecchymosis or petechiae, cutaneous markers of GI malignancy.

VIII. Eye :Kayser - Fleischer ring on slit lamp

# Examination of cornea.

IX. Miscellaneous: Bony tenderness, genitals.

Alimentary System Examination

I. Oral cavity, Teeth, Tongue, Tonsils, Oropharynx

II. Abdomen:

<u>A. Inspection</u>:Skin,Shape of abdomen,Umbilicus,Abdominal movements,Pulsations,Dilated veins,Peristalsis, Scars and sinuses,Hernial orifices.

# **B.** Palpation:

I. Tenderness, guarding and rigidity onsuperficial palpation.

2. Liver, spleen, kidney, gall bladder, colon, or any other lump (Its size, surface, borders, tenderness and

bruit}

3. Fluid thrill

# C. Percussion:

I. Horseshoe and shifting dullness.

- 2. Dullness over any lump, if palpable.
- 3. Renal angle tenderness (i.e. anglebetween one 12th rib & outer borderof erector spinae) seen in perinephricabscess.

# D. Auscultation:

1.Peristalsis2. Rub3. Arterial Bruit or venous hum4. Puddles sign

# E. Miscellaneous:

1.Abdominal girth2. PR examination3. Proctoscopy

## **Emergencies-**

- 1. Basic Life support and Advanced cardiac Life support (BLS & ACLS)
- 2. Organophosphorous poisoning/ Paraquate poisoning
- 3. Snake bite
- 4. Anaphylactic shock
- 5. Acute myocardial infarction
- 6. Acute Complications of Acute myocardial infarctions
- 7. Upper GI Bleed/ Hematemesis
- 8. Hypertensive emergencies
- 9. Shock
- 10. Pulmonary embolism
- 11. Acute respiratory failure
- 12. Acute renal failure
- 13. Status asthamaticus
- 14. Severe hypokalemia
- 15. Severe hyperkalemia
- 16. Status epilepticus
- 17. Hepatic encephalopathy
- 18. Diabetic ketoacidosis
- 19. Hyperosmolar Coma
- 20. Severe hypoglycaemia



# Maharashtra University of Health Sciences

**PHASE II to Phase IV MBBS** 

COMPETENCY BASED CURRICULUM-2019 batch

**GENERAL MEDICINE LOG BOOK** 

NAME OF COLLEGE-

NAME OF STUDENT-

**ROLL NUMBER-**

BATCH – A/B/C/D/E/F

# Subject Page No. Sr. No. Personal Details 3 1 Logbook certificate 4 2 3 General instructions 5 Attendance certificate 4 6 Scheme of Examination 5 7-16 Assesment of Skill Competencies 17-22 6 Skill Acquisition Vertical Integration 23-25 7 AETCOM 8 26-28 Assesment of Tutorial 29-30 9 Assesment of Seminor 10 31-33 Assesment of Theory Competencies 34-81 11

# **CONTENTS**

# PERSONAL DETAILS

Name of student-	Mobile Number-
Residential Address-	Photo stick here
Father/Guardians contact no.	
Email-	
Email of Father/Guardian-	

Date of admission to MBBS course-

Date of beginning of current phase-

# LOGBOOK CERTIFICATE (General Medicine)

This is certify that the candidate Mr/ Ms to ...., Reg No....., admitted in the year 2019-20 in the ----- Medical College,----- has satisfactorily completed / has not completed all assignments /requirements mentioned in this logbook for Second to fourth year MBBS course in the subject(s) of General Medicine Foundation Course/ AETCOM during the period from ..... to...... She / He is / Eligible/ not eligible to appear for the summative (University) assessment as on the date given below.

Signature of all Unit In charges-

Signature of Head of the Department

Principal/Dean of the College

Place: Date:

# **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

- 1. The logbook is a record of the academic / co-curricular activities of the designated student, who would be responsible for maintaining his/her logbook.
- 2. The log book is a record of the academic / nonacademic activities of the student. Each Medical student is responsible for maintaining their logbook.
- 3. This logbook is prepared as per the guidelines of MCI for implementation of Competency based curriculum for Phase II to Phase IV Professional MBBS students in the subject of General Medicine.
- 4. Students are instructed to keep their logbook entries up to date. It is the responsibility of the student to enter their activity in respective pages & get them duly singed by the supervising faculty.
- 5. Entries in the logbook will be in accordance with activities done in the departments and has to be scrutinized by the Head of all the concerned departments.
- 6. The logbook shall be kept as record work of the candidate for that department / specialty & be submitted to department as a bonafide record of the candidate before appearing for the University examination.

# NOTE:

- 1. A clear record of all components that add to the internal assessment marks needs to be maintained by the institution and retained by them for at least 5 years after completion of the examination. Institutions may be asked to provide these details by the University as and when required.
- 2. The contents in the log book are suggested guidelines. The institutions can make necessary changes as per the needs.
- 3. The student is responsible for getting the entries in the logbook verified by the Faculty in charge regularly.
- 4. Entries in the logbook will reflect the activities undertaken in the department & have to be scrutinized by the Head of the concerned department.
- 5. The logbook is a record of various activities by the student like:- Overall participation & performance, Attendance, Participation in sessions, Record of completion of pre-determined activities., Acquisition of selected competencies.

	Duration	Pra	actical	Th	heory	Signature of Unit in charge/ HOD
		No of days	Days attended	No of days	Days attended	
Phase II						
First clinical posting	4 weeks					
Second clinical posting	4 weeks					
Phase III Part I	8 weeks					
Phase III Part I	4 weeks					

# **Record of Attendance for Theory and clinical postings**

# Dates of completion of clinical postings

Phase	From	То	Absent days	Journal completed	Signature of unit in charges with name and dates
II					
III Part I					
III Part II					

Sr. No.	Internal assessment	Date/Month /Year	Marks obtained		Out of 4.5	Signature of student
			Theory out of	Practical out of		
1	First	September				
2	Second	September				
3	Third Part I	October				
4	Third Part II	January				
	Total			•		
	Round up-					

# **SCHEME OF EXAMINATION - Internal Assessment**

# Duration and details of course

Sr.	Phases		Semester	No of Months
No.				
1	Ι	First professional	Semester 1 & Semester 2	1 + 12 months
		Preclinical phase		
2	II	Second professional	Semester 3 & Semester 4	11 Months
		Paraclinical Phase		
3	III Part I	Third professional	Semester 5 & Semester 6	13 Months
		Clinical Phase		
4	Electives, s	kills and assessment		2 Months
5	III Part II	Third professional	Semester 7, Semester 8	13 Months
		Clinical Phase	Semester 9	

Phase	Hours	Total hrs
First I		
Early clinical exposure	90	
Second II		
Lectures	75	615 hrs
Tutorial/Seminars/Integrated learning		-
Self directed learning		
Third Part I		
Lectures	25	
Tutorial/Seminars/Integrated learning	35	65 hrs
Self directed learning	5	
Third Part II		
Lectures	70	
Tutorial/Seminars/Integrated learning	125	210 hrs
Self directed learning	15	

# Theory teaching

# Learner – Doctor Programme (Clinical clerkship) (Reference- The Gazette of India: Part III-sec.4 pg 74-74)

# The learner will function as a part of the health care team with the following responsibilities:

- (i) Be part of the unit's outpatient services on admission days,
- (ii) Remain with the admission unit until 6 PM except during designated class hours,
- (iii) Be assigned patients admitted during each admission day for whom he/she will undertake responsibility, under the supervision of a senior resident or faculty member,
- (iv) Participate in the unit rounds on its admission day and will present the assigned patients to the supervising physician,
- (v) Follow the patient's progress throughout the hospital stay until discharge,
- (vi) Participate, under supervision, in procedures, surgeries, deliveries etc. of assigned patients (according to responsibilities outlined in table 9),
- (vii) Participate in unit rounds on at least one other day of the week excluding the admission day,
- (viii) Discuss ethical and other humanitarian issues during unit rounds,
- (ix) Attend all scheduled classes and educational activities,
- (x) Document his/her observations in a prescribed log book / case record.
- (xi) No learner will be given independent charge of the patient.

Year of curriculum	Focus of Learner- Doctor programme
Year 1	Introduction to hospital environment, early clinical exposure, understanding perspectives of illness

Year 2	History taking, physical examination, assessment of change in clinical status, communication and patient education
Year 3	All of the above and choice of investigations, basic procedures and continuity of care
Year 4	All of the above and decision making, management and outcomes

# **Details of internal assessment**

# Internal Assessment Subject: General Medicine

# Applicable w.e.f October 2020 onwards examination for batches admitted from June 2019 onward

Phase	I-Exam (At the end of first term)			II-Exam (At the end of second term )		
	Theory	Practical (Including 10 Marks each for Journal & Log Book )	Total Marks	Theory	Practical (Including 10 Marks each for Journal & Log Book)	Total Marks
Second MBBS	50	50	100	50	50	100

Phase	I-Exam (At the end of first term)			II-Exam (At the end of second term )		
	Theory	Practical (Including 10 Marks each for Journal & Log Book	Total Marks	Theory	Practical (Including 10 Marks each for Journal & Log Book)	Total Marks
III/I	50	50	100	50	50	100
MBBS						

Phase	I-Exam (at the end of first term)			II-Exam Preliminary examination		
	Theory	Practical (Including 10 Marks each for Journal & Log Book )	Total Marks	Theory	Practical (Including 10 Marks each for Journal & Log Book)	Total Marks
III/II	50	50	100	200	200	400

MBBS		(100 x 2		
		papers)		

- There will be 5 internal assessment examinations (2 each in 2<sup>nd</sup> MBBS and 3<sup>rd</sup> Part I and 1 in 3<sup>rd</sup> Part II MBBS) in the Subject of General Medicine and 1preliminary examination (3rd Part II MBBS). The structure of the internal assessment theory examinations should be similar to the structure of University examination.
- 2. It is mandatory for the students to appear for all the internal assessment Examinations in the respective phases. A student who has not taken minimum required number of tests for Internal Assessment each in theory and practical will not be eligible for University examinations.
- 3. There will be only one additional examination for absent students (due to genuine reason) after approval by the Institutional Grievances Committee. It should be taken after preliminary examination and before submission of internal assessment marks to the University.
- 4. Internal assessment marks for theory and practical will be converted to out of
- 5. 100. Internal assessment marks, after conversion, should be submitted to university within the stipulated time as per directives from the University.
- 6. Conversion Formula for calculation of marks in internal assessment examinations
- 7. Formula for Theory (out of 450) = Total marks/4.5 Formula for Practical (out of 450) = Total marks/4.5
- 8. While preparing Final Marks of Internal Assessment, the rounding-off marks shall done as illustrated in following table

Internal Assessment Marks	Final rounded marks	
13.01 to 13.49	13	
13.50 to 13.99	14	

- 9. Students must secure at least 50% marks of the total marks (combined in theory and practical / clinical; not less than 40% marks in theory and practical Separately) assigned for internal assessment in order to be eligible for appearing at the final University examination of that subject. Internal assessment marks will reflect as separate head of passing at the summative examination.
- 10. Internal assessment marks will not to be added to marks of the University examinations and will be shown separately in mark list.
- 11. Preliminary examination (3rd Part II MBBS). The structure of the internal assessment theory examinations should be similar to the structure of University examination.
- 12. It is mandatory for the students to appear for all the internal assessment Examinations in the respective phases. A student who has not taken minimum required number of tests for Internal Assessment each in theory and practical will not be eligible for University examinations.
- 13. There will be only one additional examination for absent students (due to genuine reason) after approval by the Institutional Grievances Committee. It should be taken after preliminary examination and before submission of internal assessment marks to the University.
- 14. Internal assessment marks for theory and practical will be converted to out of
- 15. 100. Internal assessment marks, after conversion, should be submitted to university within the stipulated time as per directives from the University.
- 16. Conversion Formula for calculation of marks in internal assessment examinations
- 17. Formula for Theory (out of 450) = Total marks/4.5 Formula for Practical (out of 450) = Total marks/4.5
- 18. While preparing Final Marks of Internal Assessment, the rounding-off marks shall done as illustrated in following table

Internal Assessment Marks	Final rounded marks
13.01 to 13.49	13
13.50 to 13.99	14

- 19. Students must secure at least 50% marks of the total marks (combined in theory and practical / clinical; not less than 40 % marks in theory and practical Separately) assigned for internal assessment in order to be eligible for appearing at the final University examination of that subject. Internal assessment marks will reflect as separate head of passing at the summative examination.
- 20. Internal assessment marks will not to be added to marks of the University examinations and will be shown separately in mark list.

#### Second MBBS Practical Mark's Structure

#### **Internal Assessment Examinations**

(Applicable w.e.f October 2020 onwards examination for batches admitted from June

#### 2019 onwards)

#### II MBBS- TERM-I

Seat No.	JOURN AL	LOG BOOK	OSCE-1	OSCE- 2	OSCE-3	OSCE-4	CASE	Practical Total
Max. Marks	10	10	5	5	5	5	10	50

• **OSCE DETAILS: 1.** History taking of a particular symptom; **2**. Demonstration of signs-Pulse/BP/JVP; **3.** Identification of General Examination Finding; **4.** Communication Skills with Pt or Relative

II MBBS- TERM-II

Seat No.	JOURN AL	LOG BOOK	OSCE-1	OSCE- 2	OSCE-3	OSCE-4	CASE	Practical Total
Max. Marks	10	10	5	5	5	5	10	50

**OSCE DETAILS: 1.** Demonstration of Syst Exam signs; **2.** Spot Diagnosis - Jaundice, Clubbing, LN etc; **3**. Drugs Indication/Contraindication/ Adverse Effects Etc; **4.** Equipment – Name / Indication/ Contraindications

#### Paper wise distribution of topics for Internal assessment Year: Second MBBS Subject: GENERAL MEDICINE

Internal	Section	Topics
Assessment		
	<b>Section A</b> MCQs on all topics	Fever & Febrile Syndromes
	(15x1=15 marks) Section B	HIV
I	SAQ on all topics	
(50 marks)	(4x5=20)	
		Diarrhoeal Diseases
	Section C LAQ on all topics	
	(15x1=15 marks)	Envenomation
	<b>Section A</b> MCQs on all topics	Pneumonia
	(15x1=15 marks) Section B	Miscellaneous Infections
II	SAQ on all topics	
(50 marks)	(4x5=20)	Poisoning
	Section C	
	LAQ on all topics (15x1=15 marks)	Nutrition & Vitamin Deficiencies

Internal	Section	Topics
Assessment		
Ι	Section A	Hypertension
(50 marks)		
	MCQs on all topics (15x1=15 marks)	Heart failure
	Section B	
	SAQ on all topics $(4x5=20)$	Acute MI/IHD
	Section C	The role of physician in the
	LAQ on all topics (15x1=15 marks)	community
		AET-COM

### Year: III-I MBBS Subject: GENERAL MEDICINE

#### Paper wise distribution of topics for Prelim & MUHS Annual Examination

<b>D</b>	Subje			
Paper	Section	Topics		
I (100	Section A	Fever & Febrile Syndromes		
	MCQs on all topics of the paper I (20x1=20)	HIV		
marks)		Diarrhoeal Diseases		
		Pneumonia		
		Envenomation		
	Section B	Miscellaneous Infections		
	SAQ on all topics of the paper I	Poisoning		
	(7x5=35)	Nutrition & Vitamin Deficiencies		
	(1x3-33)	Anaemia		
	Section C	Obesity		
	LAQ on all topics of the	Hypertension		
	paper I	Heart failure		
	(3x15=45)	Acute MI/IHD		
		The role of physician in the community		
		AET-COM		
	Section A	GI Bleed		
II	MCQs on all topics of	Liver Diseases		
(100	the paper II (20x1=20)	Mineral Fluid Electrolyte and acid base disorder		
marks)		Acute kidney injury and chronic renal failure		
		Headache		
	Section B	Cerebrovascular accident		
	SAQ on all topics of the	Movement disorder		
	paper II	Diabetes		
	(7x5=35)	Thyroid Dysfunction		
	Section C	Rheumatological Problems		
	LAQ on all topics of the paper II	Common Malignancies		
		Geriatrics		
	(3x15=45)	Psychiatry, Dermatology & Leprosy (DVL) and Respiratory Medicine including Tuberculosis		
		AET – COM		

Subject: General Medicine

#### MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES, NAS FORMAT / SKELETON OF QUESTION PAPE

1.	Course and Year	:				/ III-II August			-	rds examin	ations)	2.	Subject Code
3.	Subject (P	SP) :			Ū	0							
	(T	T) :											
4.	Paper :	:	I/II	5	. To	tal Marks	:		6.	Total Time	e : 3 Hrs.		
7.	Web Pattern	ı :	[]	8		b eleton	:	[]	9.	Web Syllabus	:[]	10	). Web Old QP
1113	tructions:	1 2 3 4	) U ) E ) S	se blu ach qu	e ball iestio s will	point po n carries	en c s <b>O</b> i	only. <b>ne ma</b>	ırk.		tion number o erwrites strike		only. put white ink o
						SI	ECI	ΓΙΟΝ	"A"	MCQ (	Marks)		
1.	Multiple	Choic	e Que	stions	(Tota	al	Μ	CQ of	One	nark each)			
	a)	b)	c)	d)	e)	f) g)		h)	i)	j)			
	k)	1)	m)	n)	o)	p) q)	)	r)	s)	t)			

#### SECTION "B" & "C"

- Instructions: 1) Use blue/black ball point pen only.
  - 2) **Do not** write anything on the **blank portion of the question paper**. If written anything, such type an attempt to resort to unfair means.
  - 3) All questions are compulsory.
  - 4) The number to the **right** indicates **full** marks.
  - 5) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
  - 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipp paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any ques claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As It is only for the placement sake, the distribution has
  - 7) Use a common answerbook for all sections.

#### SECTION "B" (\_\_\_\_ Marks)

2	Short An	swer Q	uestions	(Any	out of)
	a)	b)	c)	d)	e)
		swer Q	uestions	(Any	out of)
3	a)	b)	c)		
					SECTION "C" (Marks)
4	Short and	swer qu	estions	(Any	out of )
	a)	b)	c)	d)	e)
	5. Long	Answer	Question	ns (Any	out of)
	a)	b)	c)		

**Assessment of Skill competencies** 

#### Assessment of DOAP Sessions

Phase	Com pete ncy Nos.	Topics & Subtopics	Teaching & Learning method	Attempt at activity First (F) Repeat (R) Remedial (Re)	Decision of faculty Completed (C) Repeat (R) Remedial (Re)	Initial of faculty and date
Phase II	1.12	Pulse examination with demonstration				
	1.13	Measure BP accurately				
	1.14	JVP				
	4.10	Examination of skin, lymph node, chest and abdominal examination				
	2.7	CVS Examination with demonstration				
	3.4 & 3.5	Orientation to history taking, general examination & systemic examination of Respiratory system				
Phase III part II (fourth year)	IM 3.9/ IM 5.15	Demonstrate in a mannequin and interpret results of a pleural fluid Aspiration				
	IM5. 15	Assist in the performance and interpret the findings of an ascitic fluid analysis	Mannequi ns/bedsid e clinic/Rea I patient			
	M6. 15/ M 17.8 17.9	Demonstrate in a model the correct technique to perform a lumbar Puncture	Mannequi ns/bedsid e clinic/ Real patient			
Feedback	by Fac	ulty-				
Phase II			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1	<u> </u>
Phase III P Phase III P						
Phase III P	art li					

# Assessments of Skill acquisition Sessions

Phase	Competen cy Nos.	Topics & Subtopics	TL Method	Attempt at activity First (F) Repeat (R) Remedial (Re)	Decision of faculty Completed (C) Repeat (R) Remedial (Re)	Initial of faculty and date
Phase II	1.30	Intramuscular injection	Simulator / Mannequi n/Small group discussion			
		<ul> <li>Ward round</li> <li>Communication with patient</li> <li>Patient Education</li> </ul>				
Phase III Part I	IM4.15	Peripheral blood smear interpretation&Perform and interpret a malarial smear	Small group discussion			
		Ryles tube insertion	Simulatio n/ Real patient			
	IM4.20	Interpret a PPD (Mantoux)	Small group discussion			
	IM11.19	Demonstrate( and counsel) patients on the correct technique to administer insulin	Real patient			
	IM3.17	Describe and discuss the supportive therapy in patients with pneumonia including oxygen use and	Small group discussion			

Phase III F	Part I		L	L	
Feedback	by Faculty				
	IM2.21	Observe and participate in a controlled environment an ACLS Program	Session in skills lab		
	IM2.22	Perform and demonstrate in a mannequin BLS	DOAP		
	IM15.13	Observe cross matching and blood / blood component transfusion	Bed side clinic/real patients		
	IM9.19	Assist in a blood transfusion	Bed side clinic/real patients		
	IM25.9	Assist in the collection of blood and other specimen cultures	Bed side clinic/real patients		
	IM11.12	Perform and interpret a capillary blood glucose test	Real patient		
	IM4.19	Assist in the collection of blood	Bed side clinics		
Phase III part II (fourth year)	IM1.22	Assist and demonstrate the proper technique in collecting specimen for blood culture	Simulator s/manneq uin		
	IM15.2 M15.11	Setting up IV infusion and calculating drip rate	Seminar/ Small group discussion /Casualty real patient		
	IM11.13	Bedside urine analysisv&vPerform and interpret aurinary ketone estimation with a dipstick	Real patient		
		indications for ventilation (K)			

## Assessments of case presentation Sessions

Phase	Competenc y Nos.	Topics & Subtopics	TL Method	Attempt at activity First (F) Repeat (R) Remedial (Re)	Decision of faculty Completed (C) Repeat (R) Remedial (Re)	Initial of faculty and date
Phase II	20.4 & 20.5	Medical emergency - snake bite – Elicit, present and document an detail history, Perform a systematic examination, document and present a local, appropriate cardiac and neurologic examination	Seminar/ Small Group discussion			
	CT2.20	Describe and discuss the principles and use of oxygen therapy in the hospital and at home	Lecture/ seminar/s mall group discussion /bedside clinic			
	CT2.22	Demonstrate and counsel patient on the correct use of inhaler	Small group discussion			
Phase III part II (fourth year)	IM10.21	Describe and discuss the indications for and insert a peripheral intravenous catheter	Seminar / lecture			
	IM11.20	Demonstrate to and counsel patients correct technique on the of self- monitoring of blood glucoses	Seminar/le cture			
	IM15.2	Enumerate, describe and discuss the evaluation and steps involved in	Seminar/le cture/smal			

	stabilizing a patient who presents with acute volume loss and GI Bleed	l group discussion		
IM15.11	Develop, document and present a treatment plan that includes fluid resuscitation, blood and blood component transfusion, and specific therapy for arresting blood loss	Seminar/le cture/smal l group discussion		
AS2.1	Enumerate the indications, describe the steps and demonstrate in a simulated environment basic life support in adults children and neonates	Seminar/le cture/smal l group discussion		
IM17.9	Interpret the CSF findings when presented with various parameters of CSF fluid analysis	Seminar/le cture/smal l group discussion		
Feedback by Faculty				
Phase III Part I		<u>                                     </u>	 1	1
Phase III Part II			 	

## Assessment of OSCE

Phase	Com pete ncy Nos.	Topics & Subtopics	Attempt at activity First (F) Repeat (R) Remedial (Re)	Decision of faculty Completed (C) Repeat (R) Remedial (Re)	Initial of faculty and date
Phase II	IM4. 15 IM9. 10	Perform and interpret a malarial smear Describe, perform and interpret a peripheral smear			
	IM11 .13 BI11. 4	Perform and interpret a urinary ketone estimation with a dipstick Perform urine analysis to estimate and determine			

Phase III I	Part II			
Phase III I	Part I			
Feedback	k by Fac	culty		
		Interprete ABG		
		Interprete ascitic, pleural fluid		
		Interprete CSF analysis		
		Interprete Liver function tests		
		Interprete Hemogram- CBC etc		
		Interprete blood culture		
		Interprete Chest X Ray		
		normal and abnormal constituents		

# Skill acquisition Vertical integration

Phase	Comp etency Nos.	Topics & Subtopics	Teaching & Learning method	Attempt at activity First (F) Repeat (R) Remedial (Re)	Decision of faculty Completed (C) Repeat (R) Remedial (Re)	Initial of faculty and date
Phase III	OG35. 17	OBGY Demonstrate the correct technique of urinary catheterization in a simulated/ supervised environment	Small group discussion / real patient/ simulatio n			
	CT2.20	Chest Medicine – Describe and discuss the principles and use of oxygen therapy in the hospital and at home	Seminar/ Group discussion			
	CT2.22	Chest Medicine- Demonstrate and counsel patient on the correct use of inhalers	Small group discussion / Role play/ Real patient			
	AS2.1	Enumerate the indications,	DOAP			

		describe the steps and demonstrate in a simulated environment <b>basic life</b> support in adults children and neonates	Session in skills lab		
	AS2.2	Enumerate the indications, describe the steps and demonstrate in a simulated environment <b>advanced life</b> support in adults and children	DOAP Session in skills lab		
Feedbac	k by Facu	lty			
Phase III	l Part I				
Phase III	l Part II				

# Integrated teachings-

Phase	Subject	Hours	Competency Nos. Topics & Subtopics	Teaching & Learning method	Attempt at activity First (F) Repeat (R) Remedial (Re)	Decision of faculty Completed (C) Repeat (R) Remedial (Re)	Initial of faculty and date
III Pa	rt I		hours (3 hours each for c nical microbiology)	linical Pharm	acology, cli	nical Path	ology
	Clinical Pharmac ology Clinical Patholo gy Clinical Microbi ology	3hours 3hours 3hours	Clinical pharmacokinetics-1 hr Adverse drug reaction-1 hr Drug-Drug interaction-1 hr Anaemia and haemoglobinopathies-1 hr Hematological malignancies-1 hr Platelet disorder-1 hr Pyrexia of unknown origin - 1 hr Antimicrobial resistance -1 hr Viral haemorrhagic fever -1 hr				
III Pa	rt II	Integr	ated teachings- Total 1	9 hours		1	I
	Care of patients during Pandemi cs	6 hours	Interactive Discussion- 2 hours Triage practices to be followed Primary care to be given to a patient on reaching hospital				

g E dui Pai cs	eraiatri	2 hours 3 hours	1hour         Interactive discussion – 1 hour         a. Confirmation and         documentation of death         b. Steps to be taken to reduce         transmission of infections         c. Attitude and         Communication Issues related         to handling of dead bodies         d. Responding to media         ii. Role Play for         communication skills and         documentation with         debriefing and feedback - 1         hour         Polypharmacy         Falls         Incontinence		
g E dun Par cs Ge cs	Death uring andemi eraiatri		1hourInteractive discussion – 1 houra. Confirmation anddocumentation of deathb. Steps to be taken to reducetransmission of infectionsc. Attitude andCommunication Issues relatedto handling of dead bodiesd. Responding to mediaii. Role Play forcommunication skills anddocumentation withdebriefing and feedback - 1hourPolypharmacyFalls		
g E dur Par	Death uring andemi	2 hours	1hourInteractive discussion – 1 houra. Confirmation anddocumentation of deathb. Steps to be taken to reducetransmission of infectionsc. Attitude andCommunication Issues relatedto handling of dead bodiesd. Responding to mediaii. Role Play forcommunication skills anddocumentation withdebriefing and feedback - 1		
			training component as well) III. Role Plays for communication skills and documentation - 1 hour IV. Debriefing and Feedback -		
ncy Pro res du	rocedu s uring andemi	8 hours	Steps t be taken to reduce transmission of infections in emergency area Role Play- 1 hour Visit to hospital with discussion with staff- 2 hour Debriefing and feedback- 1 hour Interactive Discussion – 2 hours 1. Indications for invasive procedures in Pandemics 2. Points to be verified before emergency procedures 3. Steps to be taken to reduce transmission of infections 4. Attitude and Communication Issues related to complicated procedures II. Skill development program – with mannequins e.g. intubation, CPR, ALS, PALS etc - 4 hours (This may be linked with the routine Skill		

# AETCOM

# 75% Attendance is required for eligibility to appear for final examination in each professional year.

	Maharashtra Unive	rsity of Health Sciences				
General Medicine Task Force for CBME Implementation						
Summary of AETCOM mo	odules for Third and	Fourth professional years	8			
	Third professional Year	Fourth Professional Year	Total			
Number of Modules	5	9	14			
Number of Hours for training	19	28	47			
Number of Hours for SDL	06	16	22			
Nu		e shown in time table	of			
	respective departu	ments for AETCOM				
Hours of training by Medicine	10	15	25			
Hours of training by Surgery	10	15	25			
Hours of training by OBGY	05	09	14			
Hours of training by Pediatrics	00	05	05			

## Assessment of AETCOM -

Phase	Competency Nos.	Topics & Subtopics	Teaching & Learning method	Attempt at activity First (F) Repeat (R) Remedial	Decision of faculty Completed (C) Repeat (R)	Initial of faculty and date
11	26.20	Demonstrate ability to communicate to patients in a respectful, non threatening, non judgemental and empathetic manner	Small group discussion/Role play	(Re)	Remedial (Re)	
	26.21 & 26.22	<ul> <li>Demonstrate respect</li> <li>to patient privacy</li> <li>Demonstrate ability</li> <li>to maintain</li> <li>confidentiality in</li> <li>patient care</li> </ul>	Lecture/ Small group discussion			
	26.19 , 26.24 & 26.25	- Demonstrate ability to work in a team of peers and superiors - Demonstrate respect in relationship with patients, fellow team members, superiors and other health care workers- Demonstrate responsibility and work ethics while working in the health care team	Lecture/ self directed learning/Small group discussion			
	26.35	Demonstrate empathy in patient encounters	Role play/ Case presentation			
III Part I	26.29 - 26.31	Role of Physician in Community- Communicate diagnostic and therapeutic options to patient and family in a simulated environment Communicate care options to patient and family with a terminal illness in a simulated environment Demonstrate awareness of limitations and seeks	Lecture/ Small group discussion/Role play			

	help and consultations appropriately			
Module 3.3	Administer informed consent and appropriately address patient queries to a patient undergoing a Surgical/ therapeutic procedure in a simulated environment	Small group discussion/ Real patient/ Role play		
Module 4.4	Communication, Attitude and Ethics <b>Empathy, Doctor</b> <b>Patient Relationship</b> , Effective Communication in terminally ill	CBL /video with interactive lecture, role play / small group session with standardized patient in soft skills lab.		
Module 4.5	Ethics and attitude <b>Doctor Industry</b> relationship- Conflicts of interests in patients care and professional	Role play/ CBL with interactive lecture		
Module 4.8	Communication, Attitude and Ethics <b>Empathy</b> , <b>Death declaration</b> , <b>Handling emotions</b> <b>during death</b> , <b>Euthanasia , Breaking</b> <b>Bad News effectively</b>	CBL /video with interactive lecture, role play / small group session with standardized patient as relative in soft skills lab.		
Phase III Part II				
Module 4.1	Foundation of Communication 5 Effectively communicating Diagnosis, Prognosis and therapy (Counseling skills)	Small group teaching with soft skills lab session related to Counseling skills		
Module 4.2	Ethics Abortion, MTP, Reproductive rights and ethical conflicts	CBL with interactive lecture (Can be a large class teaching )		

Module 4.9		Ethics Legal aspects of Care, Medical negligence and malpractices	CBL with interactive lecture/ small group discussions		
Feedback	k by Faculty				
Phase III Part I			•		
Phase III	Part II				

## **Assessment of Tutorials**

Phase	Торіс	Hours	Attempt at activity First (F) Repeat (R) Remedial (Re)	Decision of faculty Completed (C) Repeat (R) Remedial (Re)	Initial of faculty and date
III	Medical emergencies	1 hr			
Part	Valvular heart disease in adults	1 hr			
Ι	Acynotic congenital heart disease in adults (ASD,VSD,PDA)	1 hr			
	Cynotic congenital heart disease in adults (TOF)	1 hr			
	Instruments- Video of procedures/Real/casewise	1 hr			
	Instruments	1 hr			
	X rays	1 hr			
	X rays	1 hr			
	ECG- Approach to basics of ECG	1 hr			
	ECG- How to read ECG?	1 hr			
III	ECG-	10 Hours			
Part	How to interprete ECG?	1 hr			
II	ECG-Diagnosing Myocardial infarctions	1 hr			
	ECG: Chamber enlargement	1 hr			
	ECG-Bundle branch blocks	1 hr			
	Electrolyte abnormalities on ECG	1 hr			
	Narrow Complex tacchyarrythmias	1 hr			

Bradyarrthmias	1 hr	
Valvular Heart diseases	1  hr	
 ECG Quiz	1  hr	
Misceleneous	1  hr	
 Radiology-	111 11	
Kaulology-	Hours	
Basics of Chest X Ray	1 hr	
Reading Normal X Ray	1 hr	
Chest		
Abnormalities on Chest X	1 hr	
Ray – Cardiovascular		
system		
Pulmonary venous	1 hr	
hypertension vs		
pulmonary arterial		
 hypertension		
Chest X ray – Respiratory	1 hr	
system		
Abdominal system( Chest	1 hr	
 & Abdomen X Ray)	1.1	
 Miscelleneous X ray	1 hr	
 Basics of CT Scan	1 hr	
 Basics of MRI	2 hr	
 Basics of PET scan	1 hr	
Drugs- Case based	13	
 approach	Hours 1 hr	
 Anti epileptics Cardiovascular Drugs	1  hr 1 hr	
Anti Tubercular Therapy	1  m 1 hr	
Anti Retroviral Therapy	1  m 1 hr	
 Emergency Drugs	1  hr	
 Antiviral Drugs	1  m 1 hr	
Drugs in respiratory	1  hr	
system	1 111	
Glucocorticoids	1 hr	
Drugs in Rheumatology	1  hr	
Anticoagulants	1 hr	
Inotropes and inodilators	1 hr	
Anti hypertensives	1 hr	
Antidiabetic drugs	1 hr	
Interpretation of Lab	12	
Charts	Hours	
Interpretation of Ascitic		
fluid analysis		
Interpretation of Pleural		
fluid analysis		
Interpretation of		
Cerebrospinal fluid		
analysis		

Interpretation of	
Abnormal LFT	
Interpretation of Anemia	
Interpretation of thyroid	
function test	
Interpretation of	
Peripheral blood smear	
Interpretation of urine	
analysis	
Interpretation of Fundus	
examination	
Interpretation of renal	
function tests	
Interpretation of Bone	
marrow studies	
Interpretation of ABG	
Feedback by Faculty	
Phase III Part I	
Phase III Part II	

# **Assessment of Seminars**

Phase	Торіс	Hours	Attempt at activity First (F) Repeat (R) Remedial (Re)	Decision of faculty Completed (C) Repeat (R) Remedial (Re)	Initial of faculty and date
III Part I	Seminars	16 Hours			
	Clinical approach to Ascites				
	Clinical approach to Anaemia				
	Clinical approach to lymphadenopathy				
-	Clinical approach to Jaundice				
	Clinical approach to chest pain				
	Clinical approach to headache				
	Clinical approach to bleeding diathesis				
	Clinical approach to Comatose patient				
	Portal hypertension and its complications				
	Pulmonary arterial hypertension				
	Pulmonary function tests				
	Thyroid function tests				
	Grave's disease				
	Micro-vascular complications of DM				
	Macro-vascular complications of DM				

	Insulin and analogues			
III Part	Seminars	45		
II		hours		
	Clinical approach to Hypertensive	nouis		
	emergencies			
	Clinical approach to Acute			
	myocardial infarction			
	Clinical approach to solitary			
	Seizure			
	Clinical approach to ischemic			
	stroke			
	Clinical approach to intracranial			
	bleed			
	Clinical approach to Heart Failure			
	Clinical approach to Acute renal			
	failure			
	Clinical approach to Chronic			
	kidney disease			
	Clinical approach to hyponatremia			
	Clinical approach to potassium			
	imbalance disorders			
	Clinical approach to disorders of			
	calcium metabolism			
	Interpretation of ABG			
	Mixed Acid Base disorders			
	Emerging Viral Infections			
	Clinical approach to Geriatric			
	Syndromes			
	Clinical approach to a case of			
	Pulmonary Tuberculosis			
	Clinical approach to a case of			
	Extra Pulmonary Tuberculosis			
	Clinical Approach to a case of			
	PLHIV			
	Clinical approach to opportunistic			
	infections in a case of PLHIV			
	Clinical approach to prescription			
	of ART			
	Clinical approach to a case of			
	Dengue			
	Clinical approach to a case of			
	Complicated malaria			
	Recent advances in the diagnosis			
	of tuberculosis			
	Vaccines for tuberculosis			
	Recent advances in anti retroviral			
	drugs			
	Clinical approach to a case of			
	Interstitial lung disease		 	
	Clinical approach to a case of			
	snake bite			

Clinical approach to a case of		
 electric injury		
Clinical approach to a case of		
acute meningitis		
Clinical approach to a case of		
Chronic meningitis		
Ageing		
Human Microbiome		
Clinical approach to oncological		
emergencies		
Clinical approach to a case of		
Acute Leukemia		
Clinical approach to a case of		
Chronic leukemia		
Medicolegal, socioeconomic and		
ethical issues as		
it pertains to organ donation		
Role of physician in community		
Medicolegal, sociocultural,		
economic		
and ethical issues as it pertains to		
rights, equity and justice in		
access to health care		
Medicolegal, socio-cultural and		
ethical		
issues as it pertains to		
confidentiality in patient care		
Medicolegal, socio-cultural and		
ethical		
issues as it pertains to research in		
human subjects		
Medicolegal, socio-cultural,		
professional and ethical issues as		
it pertains to the physician		
patient relationship (including		
fiduciary duty)		
Documentation in health		
care (including correct use of		
medical records)		
Use of information		
technology that permits		
appropriate patient care and		
continued		
learning		
Understanding of the implications		
and the		
appropriate procedures and		
response to be followed in the		
event of medical errors		
Conflicts of interest in patient care		
and professional		
and protossional		

relationships and describe the correct response to these conflicts	
Clinical approach to a case of DIC	
Clinical approach to a case of	
arthritis	
Clinical approach to a case of	
multisystem involvement	
Clinical approach to a case of	
peripheral neuropathy	
Clinical approach to a case of	
flaccid quadriparesis	
Feedback by Faculty	
Phase III Part I	
Phase III Part II	

# **Assessment of Theory Competencies**

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Comp etency # addres sed	Name of Activity	Date com plete d: dd- mm- yyyy	Atte mpt at activi ty First or Only (F) Repea t (R) Remed ial (Re)	Rating Below (B) expectati ons Meets (M) expect ations Exceeds (E) expectati ons OR Numerical Score	Decision of faculty Complete d (C) Repeat (R) Remedia l (Re)	Initial of faculty and date	Feedback Received Initial of learner
Heart H	Failure		/				·
	Elicit, document and present an appropriate history that will establish the diagnosis, cause and severity of heart failure including presenting complaints, precipitating and exacerbating factors, risk factors						
	Perform and demonstrate a systematic examination based on the history that will help establish the diagnosis and estimate its severity including: measurement of pulse, blood pressure and respiratory rate, jugular venous forms and pulses, peripheral pulses, conjunctiva and fundus, lung, cardiac examination including palpation and auscultation with identification of heart sounds and murmurs, abdominal distension and splenic palpation						
IM1.12	Demonstrate peripheral pulse, volume, character, quality and variation in various causes of heart failure						
IM1.13	Measure the blood pressure accurately, recognise and discuss alterations in blood						

	pressure in valvular heart disease and other causes of heart failure and cardiac tamponade			
IM1.14	Demonstrate and measure jugular venous distension			
IM1.15	Identify and describe the timing, pitch quality conduction and significance of precordial murmurs and their variations			
IM1.16	Generate a differential diagnosis based on the clinical presentation and prioritise it based on the most likely diagnosis			
IM1.17	Order and interpret diagnostic testing based on the clinical diagnosis including 12 lead ECG, Chest radiograph, blood cultures			
IM1.18	Perform and interpret a 12 lead ECG			
IM1.20	Determine the severity of valvular heart disease based on the clinical and laboratory and imaging features and determine the level of intervention required including surgery			
IM1.21	Describe and discuss and identify the clinical features of acute and subacute endocarditis, echocardiographic findings, blood culture and sensitivity and therapy			
IM1.22	Assist and demonstrate the proper technique in collecting specimen for blood culture			

r		I I			
IM1.23	Describe, prescribe and communicate non pharmacologic management of heart failure including sodium restriction, physical activity and limitations				
IM1.26	Develop document and present a management plan for patients with heart failure based on type of failure, underlying aetiology				
	Administer an intramuscular injection with an appropriate explanation to the patient				
Acute N	Iyocardial Infarction/ IHD				
IM2.6	Elicit document and present an appropriate history that includes onset evolution, presentation risk factors, family history, comorbid conditions, complications, medication, history of atherosclerosis, IHD and coronary syndromes				
IM2.7	Perform, demonstrate and document a physical examination including a vascular and cardiac examination that is appropriate for the clinical presentation				
IM2.8	Generate document and present a differential diagnosis based on the clinical presentation and prioritise based on "cannot miss", most likely diagnosis and severity				
IM2.9	Distinguish and differentiate between stable and unstable angina and AMI based on the				

	clinical presentation			
IM2.10	Order, perform and interpret an ECG			
IM2.11	Order and interpret a Chest X- ray and markers of acute myocardial infarction			
IM2.12	Choose and interpret a lipid profile and identify the desirable lipid profile in the clinical context			
IM2.22	Perform and demonstrate in a mannequin BLS			
IM2.24	Counsel and communicate to patients with empathy lifestyle changes in atherosclerosis / post coronary syndromes			
Pneumo	onia			
IM3.4	Elicit document and present an appropriate history including the evolution, risk factors including immune status and occupational risk			
IM3.5	Perform, document and demonstrate a physical examination including general examination and appropriate examination of the lungs that establishes the diagnosis, complications and severity of disease			
IM3.6	Generate document and present a differential diagnosis based on the clinical features, and prioritise the diagnosis based on the presentation			

IM3.7 IM3.8	Order and interpret diagnostic tests based on the clinical presentation including: CBC, Chest X ray PA view, Mantoux, sputum gram stain, sputum culture and sensitivity, pleural fluid examination and culture, HIV testing and ABG Demonstrate in a			
	mannequin and interpret results of an arterial blood gas examination			
IM3.9	Demonstrate in a mannequin and interpret results of a pleural fluid aspiration			
	Demonstrate the correct technique in a mannequin and interpret results of a blood culture			
IM3.11	Describe and enumerate the indications for further testing including HRCT, Viral cultures, PCR and specialised testing			
IM3.12	Select, describe and prescribe based on the most likely aetiology, an appropriate empirical antimicrobial based on the pharmacology and antimicrobial spectrum			
IM3.13	Select, describe and prescribe based on culture and sensitivity appropriate empaling antimicrobial based on the pharmacology and antimicrobial spectrum.			
IM3.14	Perform and interpret a sputum gram stain and AFB			
IM3.18	Communicate and counsel patient on family on the diagnosis and therapy of			

	pneumonia			
Fever a	nd febrile syndromes			
IM4.9	Elicit document and present a medical history that helps delineate the aetiology of fever that includes the evolution and pattern of fever, associated symptoms, immune status, comorbidities, risk factors, exposure through occupation, travel and environment and medication use			
IM4.10	Perform a systematic examination that establishes the diagnosis and severity of presentation that includes: general skin mucosal and lymph node examination, chest and abdominal examination (including examination of the liver and spleen)			
IM4.11	Generate a differential diagnosis and prioritise based on clinical features that help distinguish between infective, inflammatory, malignant and rheumatologic causes			
IM4.12	Order and interpret diagnostic tests based on the differential diagnosis including: CBC with differential, peripheral smear, urinary analysis with sediment, Chest X ray, blood and urine cultures, sputum gram stain and cultures, sputum AFB and cultures, CSF analysis, pleural and body fluid analysis, stool routine			

<b></b>	and culture and QBC				
IM4.13	Perform and interpret a sputum gram stain				
IM4.14	Perform and interpret a sputum AFB				
IM4.15	Perform and interpret a malarial smear				
IM4.17	Observe and assist in the performance of a bone marrow aspiration and biopsy in a simulated environment				
IM4.19	Assist in the collection of blood and wound cultures				
IM4.20	Interpret a PPD (Mantoux)				
IM4.23	Prescribe drugs for malaria based on the species identified, prevalence of drug resistance and national programs				
IM4.24	Develop an appropriate empiric treatment plan based on the patient's clinical and immune status pending definitive diagnosis				
IM4.25	Communicate to the patient and family the diagnosis and treatment				
IM4.26	Counsel the patient on malarial prevention				
Liver di	iseases		ı	 <u> </u>	1
IM5.9	Elicit document and present a medical history that helps delineate the aetiology of the current presentation and				

	includes clinical presentation, risk factors, drug use, sexual history, vaccination history and family history			
	Perform a systematic examination that establishes the diagnosis and severity that includes nutritional status, mental status, jaundice, abdominal distension ascites, features of portosystemic hypertension and hepatic encephalopathy			
	Outline a diagnostic approach to liver disease based on hyperbilirubinemia, liver function changes and hepatitis serology			
	Enumerate the indications, precautions and counsel patients on vaccination for hepatitis			
HIV	·			
	Elicit document and present a medical history that helps delineate the aetiology of the current presentation and includes risk factors for HIV, mode of infection, other sexually transmitted diseases, risks for opportunistic infections and nutritional status			
IM6.8	Generate a differential diagnosis and prioritise based on clinical features that suggest a specific aetiology for the presenting symptom			
IM6.14	Perform and interpret AFB sputum			

<b></b>				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
IM6.15	Demonstrate in a model the correct technique to perform a lumbar puncture			
IM6.19	Counsel patients on prevention of HIV transmission			
IM6.20	Communicate diagnosis, treatment plan and subsequent follow up plan to patients			
IM6.21	Communicate with patients on the importance of medication adherence			
IM6.22	Demonstrate understanding of ethical and legal issues regarding patient confidentiality and disclosure in patients with HIV			
IM6.23	Demonstrate a non-judgemental attitude to patients with HIV and to their lifestyles			
Rheuma	atologic problems			
IM7.11	Elicit document and present a medical history that will differentiate the aetiologies of disease			
IM7.12	Perform a systematic examination of all joints, muscle and skin that will establish the diagnosis and severity of disease			
IM7.15	Enumerate the indications for and interpret the results of : CBC, anti- CCP, RA, ANA, DNA and other tests of autoimmunity			
IM7.17	Enumerate the indications and interpret plain radiographs of joints			

		<u>г</u>		1	1	,
IM7.18	Communicate diagnosis, treatment plan and subsequent follow up plan to patients					
IM7.20	Select, prescribe and communicate appropriate medications for relief of joint pain					
IM7.21	Select, prescribe and communicate preventive therapy for crystalline arthropathies					
IM7.22	Select, prescribe and communicate treatment option for systemic rheumatologic conditions					
IM7.24	Communicate and incorporate patient preferences in the choice of therapy					
IM7.25	Develop and communicate appropriate follow up and monitoring plans for patients with rheumatologic conditions					
	Demonstrate an understanding of the impact of rheumatologic conditions on quality of life, well being, work and family					
Hyperte	ension					
IM8.9	Elicit document and present a medical history that includes: duration and levels, symptoms, comorbidities, lifestyle, risk factors, family history, psychosocial and environmental factors, dietary assessment, previous and concomitant therapy					

1		1	1	1	1	
	Perform a systematic examination that includes : an accurate measurement of blood pressure, fundus examination, examination of vasculature and heart					
IM8.11	Generate a differential diagnosis and prioritise based on clinical features that suggest a specific aetiology					
IM8.15	Recognise, prioritise and manage hypertensive emergencies					
IM8.16	Develop and communicate to the patient lifestyle modification including weight reduction, moderation of alcohol intake, physical activity and sodium intake					
IM8.17	Perform and interpret a 12 lead ECG					
IM8.18	Incorporate patient preferences in the management of HTN					
IM8.19	Demonstrate understanding of the impact of Hypertension on quality of life, well being, work and family					
Anemia	L					
IM9.3	Elicit document and present a medical history that includes symptoms, risk factors including GI bleeding, prior history, medications, menstrual history, and family history					
IM9.4	Perform a systematic examination that includes : general examination for pallor, oral examination, DOAP session of hyper dynamic circulation, lymph node and splenic examination					
---------	---	---------	--	--	--	
IM9.5	Generate a differential diagnosis and prioritise based on clinical features that suggest a specific aetiology					
IM9.6	Describe the appropriate diagnostic work up based on the presumed aetiology					
IM9.9	Order and interpret tests for anemia including hemogram, red cell indices, reticulocyte count, iron studies, B12 and folate					
IM9.10	Describe, perform and interpret a peripheral smear and stool occult blood					
IM9.13	Prescribe replacement therapy with iron, B12, folate					
IM9.15	Communicate the diagnosis and the treatment appropriately to patients					
IM9.16	Incorporate patient preferences in the management of anemia					
IM9.19	Assist in a blood transfusion					
IM9.20	Communicate and counsel patients with methods to prevent nutritional anemia					
Acute k	idney injury and chronic renal	failure				

		I			<b>1</b>
IM10.1 2	Elicit document and present a medical history that will differentiate the aetiologies of disease, distinguish acute and chronic disease, identify predisposing conditions, nephrotoxic drugs and systemic causes				
IM10.1 3	Perform a systematic examination that establishes the diagnosis and severity including determination of volume status, presence of edema and heart failure, features of uraemia and associated systemic disease				
IM10.1 5	Describe the appropriate diagnostic work up based on the presumed aetiology				
IM10.1 7	Describe and calculate indices of renal function based on available laboratories including FENa (Fractional Excretion of Sodium) and CrCl (Creatinine Clearance)				
IM10.1 8	Identify the ECG findings in hyperkalemia				
IM10.2 0	Describe and discuss the indications to perform arterial blood gas analysis: interpret the data				
IM10.2 1	Describe and discuss the indications for and insert a peripheral intravenous catheter				
IM10.2 2	Describe and discuss the indications, demonstrate in a model and assist in the insertion of a central venous or a dialysis catheter				

IM10.2 3 IM10.2	Communicate diagnosis treatment plan and subsequent follow up plan to patients Counsel patients on a renal diet			
4				
Diabetes	s Mellitus			
IM11.7	Elicit document and present a medical history that will differentiate the aetiologies of diabetes including risk factors, precipitating factors, lifestyle, nutritional history, family history, medication history, co-morbidities and target organ disease			
IM11.8	Perform a systematic examination that establishes the diagnosis and severity that includes skin, peripheral pulses, blood pressure measurement, fundus examination, detailed examination of the foot (pulses, nervous and deformities and injuries)			
IM11.1 1	Order and interpret laboratory tests to diagnose diabetes and its complications including: glucoses, glucose tolerance test, glycosylated hemoglobin, urinary micro albumin, ECG, electrolytes, ABG, ketones, renal function tests and lipid profile			
IM11.1 2	Perform and interpret a capillary blood glucose test			
IM11.1 3	Perform and interpret a urinary ketone estimation with a dipstick			

r		I			<b>1</b>
IM11.1 9	Demonstrate and counsel patients on the correct technique to administer insulin				
IM11.2 0	Demonstrate to and counsel patients on the correct technique of self monitoring of blood glucoses				
Thyroid	l Dysfunction				
IM12.5	Elicit document and present an appropriate history that will establish the diagnosis cause of thyroid dysfunction and its severity				
IM12.6	Perform and demonstrate a systematic examination based on the history that will help establish the diagnosis and severity including systemic signs of thyrotoxicosis and hypothyroidism, palpation of the pulse for rate and rhythm abnormalities, neck palpation of the thyroid and lymph nodes and cardiovascular findings				
IM12.7	Demonstrate the correct technique to palpate the thyroid				
IM12.9	Order and interpret diagnostic testing based on the clinical diagnosis including CBC, thyroid function tests and ECG and radio iodine uptake and scan				
IM12.1 0	Identify atrial fibrillation, pericardial effusion and bradycardia on ECG				
IM12.1 1	Interpret thyroid function tests in hypo and hyperthyroidism				

IM12.1	Write and communicate to the				
4	patient appropriately a				
	prescription for thyroxine				
	based on age, sex, and clinical				
	and biochemical status				
Commo	n malignancies				
IM13.8	Perform and demonstrate a				
	physical examination that				
	includes an appropriate				
	general and local				
	examination that excludes the				
	diagnosis, extent spread and				
	complications of cancer				
Obesity	complications of calleer	1			
IM14.6	Elicit and document and				
	present an appropriate history				
	that includes the natural				
	history, dietary history,				
	modifiable risk factors, family				
	history, clues for secondary				
	causes and motivation to lose				
	weight				
IM14.7	Perform, document and				
	demonstrate a physical				
	examination based on the				
	history that includes general				
	examination, measurement of				
	abdominal obesity, signs of				
	secondary causes and				
	comorbidities				
IM14.8	Generate a differential				
	diagnosis based on the				
	presenting symptoms and				
	clinical features and prioritise				
	based on the most likely				
	diagnosis				
IM14.9	Order and interpret diagnostic				
	tests based on the clinical				
	diagnosis including blood				
	glucose, lipids, thyroid				
	function tests etc.				

1		1		1	r1
IM14.1 1	Communicate and counsel patient on behavioural, dietary and lifestyle modifications				
IM14.1 2	Demonstrate an understanding of patient's inability to adhere to lifestyle instructions and counsel them in a non - judgemental way				
GI Blee	ding				
IM15.2	Enumerate, describe and discuss the evaluation and steps involved in stabilizing a patient who presents with acute volume loss and GI bleed				
IM15.4	Elicit and document and present an appropriate history that identifies the route of bleeding, quantity, grade, volume loss, duration, etiology, comorbid illnesses and risk factors				
IM15.5	Perform, demonstrate and document a physical examination based on the history that includes general examination, volume assessment and appropriate abdominal examination				
IM15.7	Demonstrate the correct technique to perform an anal and rectal examination in a mannequin or equivalent				
IM15.8	Generate a differential diagnosis based on the presenting symptoms and clinical features and prioritise based on the most likely				

	diagnosis			
IM15.9	Choose and interpret diagnostic tests based on the clinical diagnosis including complete blood count, PT and PTT, stool examination, occult blood, liver function tests, H.pylori test.			
IM15.1 3	Observe cross matching and blood / blood component transfusion			
8	Counsel the family and patient in an empathetic non-judgmental manner on the diagnosis and therapeutic options al diseases			
IM16.4	Elicit and document and present an appropriate history that includes the natural history, dietary history, travel, sexual history and other concomitant illnesses			
IM16.5	Perform, document and demonstrate a physical examination based on the history that includes general examination, including an appropriate abdominal examination			
IM16.7	Generate a differential diagnosis based on the presenting symptoms and clinical features and prioritise based on the most likely diagnosis			
IM16.8	Choose and interpret diagnostic tests based on the			

	1		1	1		
	clinical diagnosis including complete blood count, and stool examination					
IM16.9	Identify common parasitic causes of diarrhea under the microscope in a stool specimen					
IM16.1 0	Identify vibrio cholera in a hanging drop specimen					
IM16.1 5	Distinguish based on the clinical presentation Crohn's disease from Ulcerative Colitis					
Headac	he	 		-	-	
IM17.2	Elicit and document and present an appropriate history including aura, precipitating aggravating and relieving factors, associated symptoms that help identify the cause of headaches					
IM17.4	Perform and demonstrate a general neurologic examination and a focused examination for signs of intracranial tension including neck signs of meningitis					
IM17.5	Generate document and present a differential diagnosis based on the clinical features, and prioritise the diagnosis based on the presentation					
IM17.6	Choose and interpret diagnostic testing based on the clinical diagnosis including imaging					
IM17.8	Demonstrate in a mannequin or equivalent the correct technique					

	с с :	г		1	
	for performing a lumbar puncture				
IM17.9	Interpret the CSF findings when presented with various parameters of CSF fluid analysis				
4	Counsel patients with migraine and tension headache on lifestyle changes and need for prophylactic therapy				
Cerebro	vascular accident		1	1	
IM18.3	Elicit and document and present an appropriate history including onset, progression, precipitating and aggravating relieving factors, associated symptoms that help identify the cause of the cerebrovascular accident				
IM18.5	Perform, demonstrate & document physical examination that includes general and a detailed neurologic examination as appropriate, based on the history				
IM18.6	Distinguish the lesion based on upper vs lower motor neuron, side, site and most probable nature of the lesion				
IM18.7	Describe the clinical features and distinguish, based on clinical examination, the various disorders of speech				
IM18.1 0	Choose and interpret the appropriate diagnostic testing in young patients with a cerebrovascular accident (CVA)				

			1	1	
IM18.1 7	Counsel patient and family about the diagnosis and therapy in an empathetic				
	manner				
Moyom	ent disorders				
WIOVEIII		-			
IM19.3	Elicit and document and present an appropriate history including onset, progression precipitating and aggravating relieving factors, associated symptoms that help identify the cause of the movement disorders				
IM19.4	Perform, demonstrate and document a physical examination that includes a general examination and a detailed neurologic examination using standard movement rating scales				
IM19.5	Generate document and present a differential diagnosis and prioritise based on the history and physical examination				
IM19.6	Make a clinical diagnosis regarding on the anatomical location, nature and cause of the lesion based on the clinical presentation and findings				
IM19.7	Choose and interpret diagnostic and imaging tests in the diagnosis of movement disorders				
Enveno	mation	 			
IM20.2	Describe, demonstrate in a volunteer or a mannequin and educate (to other health care workers / patients) the correct initial management of patient				

	with a snake bite in the field					
	with a shake blie in the field					
IM20.4	Elicit and document and present an appropriate history, the circumstance, time, kind of snake, evolution of symptoms in a patient with snake bite					
IM20.5	Perform a systematic examination, document and present a physical examination that includes general examination, local examination, appropriate cardiac and neurologic examination					
IM20.6	Choose and interpret the appropriate diagnostic testing in patients with snake bites					
Poisoniı	ng			•	•	
IM21.7	Counsel family members of a patient with suspected poisoning about the clinical and medico legal aspects with empathy					
Nutritio	nal and Vitamin deficiencies					
IM23.5	Counsel and communicate to patients in a simulated environment with illness on an appropriate balanced diet					
Geriatri	cs		-			
IM24.2	Perform multidimensional geriatric assessment that includes medical, psycho-social and functional components					
Miscella	neous infections					
IM25.4	Elicit document and present a medical history that helps delineate the aetiology of these diseases that includes the					

	evolution and pattern of			
	symptoms, risk factors,			
	exposure through occupation			
	and travel			 
IM25.5	Perform a systematic examination that establishes the diagnosis and severity of			
	presentation that includes: general skin, mucosal and			
	lymph node examination,			
	chest and abdominal examination (including			
	examination of the liver and spleen)			
IM25.6	Generate a differential diagnosis and prioritise			
	based on clinical features			
	that help distinguish between infective,			
	inflammatory, malignant			
	and rheumatologic causes			
IM25.7	Order and interpret diagnostic tests based on the differential			
	diagnosis including: CBC with			
	differential, blood			
	biochemistry, peripheral smear, urinary analysis with sediment,			
	Chest X ray, blood and urine			
	cultures, sputum gram stain and cultures, sputum AFB and			
	cultures, CSF analysis, pleural			
	and body fluid analysis, stool routine and culture and QBC			
IM25.9	Assist in the collection of blood and other specimen cultures			
IM25.1 1	Develop an appropriate empiric treatment plan			
	based on the patient's			
	clinical and immune status pending definitive diagnosis			
	penuing deminuve diagnosis			

r	<u></u>		<del></del>	 	 []
IM25.1 2	Communicate to the patient and family the diagnosis and treatment of identified infection				
IM25.1 3	Counsel the patient and family on prevention of various infections due to environmental issues				
The role	e of physician in the community	7			
IM26.1 9	Demonstrate ability to work in a team of peers and superiors				
IM26.2 0	Demonstrate ability to communicate to patients in a patient, respectful, non threatening, non judgemental and empathetic manner				
IM26.2 1	Demonstrate respect to patient privacy				
IM26.2 2	Demonstrate ability to maintain confidentiality in patient care				
IM26.2 3	Demonstrate a commitment to continued learning				
4	Demonstrate respect in relationship with patients, fellow team members, superiors and other health care workers				
IM26.2 5	Demonstrate responsibility and work ethics while working in the health care team				
IM26.2 6	Demonstrate ability to maintain required documentation in health care (including correct use of medical records)				
IM26.2 7	Demonstrate personal grooming that is adequate and appropriate for health care				

	responsibilities			
IM26.2 8	Demonstrate adequate knowledge and use of information technology that permits appropriate patient care and continued learning			
IM26.2 9	Communicate diagnostic and therapeutic opitons to patient and family in a simulated environment			
IM26.3 0	Communicate care opitons to patient and family with a terminal illness in a simulated environment			
IM26.3 1	Demonstrate awareness of limitations and seeks help and consultations appropriately			
IM26.3 2	Demonstrate appropriate respect to colleagues in the profession			
IM26.3 3	Demonstrate an understanding of the implications and the appropriate procedures and response to be followed in the event of medical errors			
IM26.3 4	Identify conflicts of interest in patient care and professional relationships and describe the correct response to these conflicts			
IM26.3 5	Demonstrate empathy in patient encounters			
IM26.3 6	Demonstrate ability to balance personal and professional priorities			

r				
IM26.3 7	Demonstrate ability to manage time appropriately			
IM26.3 8	Demonstrate ability to form and function in appropriate professional networks			
IM26.3 9	Demonstrate ability to pursue and seek career advancement			
IM26.4 0	Demonstrate ability to follow risk management and medical error reduction practices where appropriate			
IM26.4 1	Demonstrate ability to work in a mentoring relationship with junior colleagues			
IM26.4 2	Demonstrate commitment to learning and scholarship			
IM26.4 8	Demonstrate altruism			
IM26.4 9	Administer informed consent and approriately adress patient queries to a patient being enrolled in a research protocol in a simulated environment			
Integrat Anatom				
AN20.8 Vertical	Identify & demonstrate palpation of femoral, popliteal, post tibial, anti tibial & dorsalis pedis blood vessels in a simulated environment			
Vertical	Identify & demonstrate Palpation of vessels (femoral, popliteal,dorsalis pedis,post tibial), Mid inguinal point, Surface projection of: femoral nerve, Saphenous opening, Sciatic, tibial, common peroneal & deep peroneal			

	nerve, great and small saphenous veins			
AN24 .2 Vertic al integr ation	Identify side, external features and relations of structures which form root of lung & bronchial tree and their clinical correlate			
AN25. 7 Vertic al integr ation	Identify structures seen on a plain x-ray chest (PA view)			
AN25. 8 Vertic al integr ation	Identify and describe in brief a barium swallow			
AN25 .9 Vertic al integr ation	Demonstrate surface marking of lines of pleural reflection, Lung borders and fissures, Trachea, Heart borders, Apex beat & Surface projection of valves of heart			
AN56. 1 Vertic al integr ation	Describe & identify various layers of meninges with its extent & modifications			
AN62 .2 Vertic al integr ation	Describe & demonstrate surfaces, sulci, gyri, poles, & functional areas of cerebral hemisphere			
AN62. 6 Vertic	Describe & identify formation, branches &			

al integr ation	major areas of distribution of circle of Willis			
	Discuss the physiology aspects of: peptic ulcer, gastro- oesophageal reflux disease, vomiting, diarrhoea, constipation, Adynamic ileus, Hirschsprung's disease			
PY5.13	Record and interpret normal ECG in a volunteer or simulated environment			
PY5.16	Record Arterial pulse tracing using finger plethysmography in a volunteer or simulated environment			
4	Demonstrate Basic Life Support in a simulated environment			
Vertical	Demonstrate the correct techinque to perform & interpret Spirometry			
Vertical	Perform urine analysis to estimate and determine normal and abnormal constituents			
Vertical	Calculate albumin: globulin (AG) ratio and creatinine clearance			
Vertical	Calculate energy content of different food Items, identify food items with high and low glycemic index and explain the importance of these in the diet			
PA13.5	Perform, Identify and describe the peripheral			

	blood picture in anemia			
	Identify and describe the peripheral smear in microcytic anemia			
PA21.3	Differentiate platelet from clotting disorders based on the clinical and hematologic features			
PA24. 3	Describe and identify the microscopic features of peptic ulcer			
PA25. 6	Interpret a liver function and viral hepatitis serology panel. Distinguish obstructive from non obstructive jaundice based on clinical features and liver function tests			
PA27. 8	Interpret abnormalities in cardiac function testing in acute coronary syndromes			
Vertical	Identify the etiology of meningitis based on given CSF parameters			
MI2.3	Identify the microbial agents causing Rheumatic heart disease & infective Endocarditis			
MI2.6	Identify the causative agent of malaria and filariasis			
MI3.2	Identify the common etiologic agents of diarrhea and dysentery			
MI5.3	Identify the microbial agents causing meningitis			

		I I	I	1	
MI6.2	Identify the common etiologic agents of upper respiratory tract infections (Gram Stain)				
MI6.3	Identify the common etiologic agents of lower respiratory tract infections (Gram Stain & Acid fast stain).				
PH1.12	Calculate the dosage of drugs using appropriate formulae for an individual patient, including children, elderly and patient with renal dysfunction				
PH2.4	Demonstrate the correct method of calculation of drug dosage in patients including those used in special situations				
PH3.1	Write a rational, correct and legible generic prescription for a given condition and communicate the same to the patient				
PH3.3	Perform a critical evaluation of the drug promotional literature				
PH3.5	To prepare and explain a list of P-drugs for a given case/condition				
PH5.1	Communicate with the patient with empathy and ethics on all aspects of drug use				
PH5.4	Explain to the patient the relationship between cost of treatment and patient compliance				
CM5.2	Describe and demonstrate the correct method of performing a nutritional assessment of				

	individuals, families and the community by using the appropriate method			
CM5.4	Plan and recommend a suitable diet for the individuals and families based on local availability of foods and economic status, etc in a simulated environment			
CM6.2	Describe and discuss the principles and demonstrate the methods of collection, classification, analysis, interpretation and presentation of statistical data			
СМ6.3	Describe, discuss and demonstrate the application of elementary statistical methods including test of significance in various study designs			
CM6.4	Enumerate, discuss and demonstrate common sampling techniques, simple statistical methods, frequency distribution, measures of central tendency and dispersion			
СМ7.4	Define, calculate and interpret morbidity and mortality indicators based on given set of data			
CM7.6	Enumerate and evaluate the need of screening tests			
CM7.7	Describe and demonstrate the steps in the Investigation of an epidemic of communicable disease and describe the principles of control measures.			

r		-	1	 	I
	Demonstrate the correct technique of clinical examination in a suspected case of poisoning & prepare medico- legal report in a simulated/ supervised environment				
	Assist and demonstrate the proper technique in collecting, preserving and dispatch of the exhibits in a suspected case of poisoning, along with clinical examination.				
	Demonstrate (and classify based on) the clinical features of leprosy including an appropriate neurologic examination				
DR10.1	Identify and classify syphilis based on the presentation and clinical manifestations				
	Counsel in a non-judgemental and empathetic manner patients on prevention of sexually transmitted diseases				
7	Identify and differentiate based on the clinical features non- syphilitic sexually transmitted diseases (chancroid, donovanosis and LGV)				
DR11. 2	Identify and distinguish the dermatologic manifestations of HIV its complications, opportunistic infections and adverse reactions				
7	Identify and distinguish fixed drug eruptions and Steven Johnson syndrome from other skin lesions				
DR16. 1	Identify and distinguish skin lesions of SLE				

1				<b>1</b>
DR16. 2	Identify and distinguish Raynaud's phenomenon			
DR17. 1	Enumerate and identify the cutaneous findings in vitamin A deficiency			
integrati	Enumerate the indications, describe the steps and demonstrate in a simulated environment basic life support in adults children and neonates			
AS2.2	Enumerate the indications, describe the steps and demonstrate in a simulated environment advanced life support in adults and children			
Horizon tal	Elicit, present and document an appropriate history including medication history in a patient undergoing Surgery as it pertains to a preoperative anaesthetic evaluation			
Horizon tal	Demonstrate and document an appropriate clinical examination in a patient undergoing General Surgery			
Horizon	Choose and interpret appropriate testing for patients undergoing Surgery			
Horizon tal	Determine the readiness for General Surgery in a patient based on the preoperative evaluation			
Horizon tal integrati	Elicit, describe and document clinical features of alcohol and substance use disorders			

		-	 1	1	1	
Horizon tal	Enumerate and describe the indications and interpret laboratory and other tests used in alcohol and substance abuse disorders					
Horizon tal	Enumerate, elicit, describe and document clinical features in patients with somatoform, dissociative and conversion disorders					
Horizon tal	Enumerate and describe the indications and interpret laboratory and other tests used in somatoform, dissociative and conversion disorders					
Horizon tal	Enumerate, elicit, describe and document clinical features in patients with magnitude and etiology of psychosomatic disorders					
Horizon tal	Enumerate and describe the indications and interpret laboratory and other tests of psychosomatic disorders					
4 Horiz	Demonstrate family education in a patient with psychiatric disorders occurring in the elderly in a simulated environment					
tal integrati on						
PE28.20	Counsel the child with asthma on the correct use of inhalers in a simulated environment					
PE34.5	Able to elicit, document and present history of contact with tuberculosis in every patient					

	encounter			
PE34.6	Identify a BCG scar			
PE34.7	Interpret a Mantoux test			
PE34.8	Interpret a Chest Radiograph			
PE34.9	Interpret blood tests in the context of laboratory evidence for tuberculosis			
PE34.11	Perform AFB staining			
PE28.19	Describe the etio-pathogenesis, clinical features, diagnosis, management and prevention of asthma in children			
Horizon tal	Demonstrate correct assessment of muscle strength and range of movements			
Horizon tal	Perform and demonstrate a clinical examination of sensory and motor deficits of peripheral nerve			
CT1.5	Elicit, document and present an appropriate medical history that includes risk factor, contacts, symptoms including cough and fever CNS and other manifestations			
	Demonstrate and perform a systematic examination that establishes the diagnosis based on the clinical presentation that includes a a) general examination, b) examination of			

	the chest and lung including loss of volume, mediastinal shift, percussion and auscultation (including DOAP session of lung sounds and added sounds) c) examination of the lymphatic system and d) relevant CNS examination			
CT1.7	Perform and interpret a PPD (mantoux) and describe and discuss the indications and pitfalls of the test			
CT1.10	Perform and interpret an AFB stain			
	Assist in the performance, outline the correct tests that require to be performed and interpret the results of a pleural fluid aspiration			
	Prescribe an appropriate antituberculosis regimen based on the location of disease, smear positivity and negativity and co- morbidities based on current national guidelines including directly observed tuberculosis therapy (DOTS)			
	Define criteria for the cure of Tuberculosis; describe and recognise the features of drug resistant tuberculosis, prevention and therapeutic regimens			
	Educate health care workers on National Program of Tuberculosis and administering and monitoring the DOTS program			
	Communicate with patients and family in an empathetic manner about the diagnosis, therapy			

1		r r		1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
CT2.8	Elicit document and present a medical history that will differentiate the aetiologies of obstructive airway disease, severity and precipitants				
CT2.10	Generate a differential diagnosis and prioritise based on clinical features that suggest a specific aetiology				
CT2.11	Describe, discuss and interpret pulmonary function tests				
CT2.12	Perform and interpret peak expiratory flow rate				
CT2.13	Describe the appropriate diagnostic work up based on the presumed aetiology				
CT2.14	Enumerate the indications for and interpret the results of : pulse oximetry, ABG, Chest Radiograph				
CT2.15	Generate a differential diagnosis and prioritise based on clinical features that suggest a specific aetiology				
CT2.18	Develop a therapeutic plan including use of bronchodilators and inhaled corticosteroids				
CT2.19	Develop a management plan for acute exacerbations including bronchodilators, systemic steroids, antimicrobial therapy				
CT2.21	Describe discuss and counsel patients appropriately on smoking cessation				
CT2.22	Demonstrate and counsel patient on the correct use of inhalers				

r					<b> </b>
	Communicate diagnosis treatment plan and subsequent follow up plan to patients				
CT2.9	Perform a systematic examination that establishes the diagnosis and severity that includes measurement of respiratory rate, level of respiratory distress, effort tolerance, breath sounds, added sounds, identification of signs of consolidation pleural effusion and pneumothorax				
DR5.2	Identify and differentiate scabies from other lesions				
DR6.2	Identify and differentiate pediculosis from other skin lesions				
	Enumerate and identify the cutaneous findings in vitamin A deficiency				
	Enumerate the indications, describe the steps and demonstrate in a simulated environment basic life support in adults children and neonates				
	Enumerate, elicit, describe and document clinical features in patients with psychiatric disorders occurring in childhood and adolescence				
	Demonstrate family education in a patient with psychiatric disorders occurring in childhood and adolescence in a simulated environment				
	Elicit and document a history and clinical examination and choose appropriate				

	investigations in a patient with mental retardation			
OG18.2	Demonstrate the steps of neonatal resuscitation in a simulated environment			
PM3.4	Demonstrate spasticity, rigidity and dystonia in children with cerebral palsy			
PS1.1	Establish rapport and empathy with patients			
PS1.3	Demonstrate breaking of bad news in a simulated environment			
PS1.4	Describe and demonstrate the importance of confidentiality in patient encounters			
PS3.3	Elicit, present and document a history in patients presenting with a mental disorder			
PS3.4	Describe the importance of establishing rapport with patients			
PS3.5	Perform, demonstrate and document a minimental examination			
PS3.9	Describe the steps and demonstrate in a simulated environment family education in patients with organic psychiatric disorders			
PS4.2	Elicit, describe and document clinical features of alcohol and substance use disorders			
PS4.3	Enumerate and describe the indications and interpret laboratory and other tests used in alcohol and substance abuse			

	disorders			
PS4.5	Demonstrate family education in a patient with alcohol and substance abuse in a simulated environment			
PS5.2	Enumerate, elicit, describe and document clinical features, positive s			
PS5.4	Demonstrate family education in a patient with schizophrenia in a simulated environment			
PS6.2	Enumerate, elicit, describe and document clinical features in patients with depression			
PS6.3	Enumerate and describe the indications and interpret laboratory and other tests used in depression			
PS6.5	Demonstrate family education in a patient with depression in a simulated environment			
PS7.2	Enumerate, elicit, describe and document clinical features in patients with bipolar disorders			
PS7.3	Enumerate and describe the indications and interpret laboratory and other tests used in bipolar disorders			
PS7.5	Demonstrate family education in a patient with bipolar disorders in a simulated environment			

-		1			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
PS8.2	Enumerate, elicit, describe and document clinical features in patients with anxiety disorders				
PS8.3	Enumerate and describe the indications and interpret laboratory and other tests used in anxiety disorders				
PS8.5	Demonstrate family education in a patient with anxiety disorders in a simulated environment				
PS9.2	Enumerate, elicit, describe and document clinical features in patients with stress related disorders				
PS9.3	Enumerate and describe the indications and interpret laboratory and other tests used in stress related disorders				
PS9.5	Demonstrate family education in a patient with stress related disorders in a simulated environment				
PS10.2	Enumerate, elicit, describe and document clinical features in patients with somatoform, dissociative and conversion disorders				
PS10.3	Enumerate and describe the indications and interpret laboratory and other tests used in somatoform, dissociative and conversion disorders				
PS10.5	Demonstrate family education in a patient with somatoform, dissociative and conversion disorders in a				

	simulated environment			
PS11.2	Enumerate, elicit, describe and document clinical features in patients with personality disorders			
PS11.3	Enumerate and describe the indications and interpret laboratory and other tests used in personality disorders			
PS11.5	Demonstrate family education in a patient with personality disorders in a simulated environment			
PS12.2	Enumerate, elicit, describe and document clinical features in patients with magnitude and etiology of psychosomatic disorders			
PS12.3	Enumerate and describe the indications and interpret laboratory and other tests of psychosomatic disorders			
PS12.5	Demonstrate family education in a patient with psychosomatic disorders in a simulated environment			
PS13.2	Enumerate, elicit, describe and document clinical features in patients with magnitude and etiology of psychosexual and gender identity disorders			
PS13.3	Enumerate and describe the indications and interpret laboratory and other tests used in psychosexual and gender identity disorders			

	1	1			
PS13.5	Demonstrate family education in a patient with psychosexual and gender identity disorders in a simulated environment				
PS14.2	Enumerate, elicit, describe and document clinical features in patients with psychiatric disorders occurring in childhood and adolescence				
PS14.4	Demonstrate family education in a patient with psychiatric disorders occurring in childhood and adolescence in a simulated environment				
PS15.3	Elicit and document a history and clinical examination and choose appropriate investigations in a patient with mental retardation				
PS16.4	Demonstrate family education in a patient with psychiatric disorders occurring in the elderly in a simulated environment				
PH5.6	Demonstrate ability to educate public & patients about various aspects of drug use including drug dependence and OTC drugs.				
IM17.1 4	Counsel patients with migraine and tension headache on lifestyle changes and need for prophylactic therapy				
IM24.2	Perform multidimensional geriatric assessment that includes medical,				

	psycho-social and functional components			
DR1.2	Identify and grade the various common types of acne			
DR3.1	Identify and distinguish psoriatic lesions from other causes			
DR3.2	Demonstrate the grattage test			
DR4.1	Identify and distinguish lichen planus lesions from other causes			
DR5.2	Identify and differentiate scabies from other lesions in adults and children			
DR6.2	Identify and differentiate pediculosis from other skin lesions in adults and children			
DR7.2	Identify Candida species in fungal scrapings and KOH mount			
DR8.2	Identify and distinguish herpes simplex and herpes labialis from other skin lesions			
DR8.3	Identify and distinguish herpes zoster and varicella from other skin lesions			
DR8.4	Identify and distinguish viral warts from other skin lesions			
DR8.5	Identify and distinguish molluscum contagiosum from other skin lesions			
DR8.6	Enumerate the indications, describe the procedure and perform a Tzanck smear			
DR9.2	Demonstrate (and classify based on) the clinical features of leprosy including an			

	appropriate neurologic examination			
DR10.1	Identify and classify syphilis based on the presentation and clinical manifestations			
DR10.2	Identify spirochete in a dark ground microscopy			
DR10.5	Counsel in a non-judgemental and empathetic manner patients on prevention of sexually transmitted disease			

## **General Medicine**

**Subject: General Medicine** 

**Third Year MBBS** 

## Sub Item: Theory lectures/ Clinical postings/Tutorials/seminars/self directed learning/ Electives

Sr.	Description	Dat	tes	Attendance	Status	Signature of
No		From	То	percentage	Complete/ Incomplete	Teacher
1	Theory lectures					
2	Clinical postings					
3	AETCOM Module					
4.	Electives					
5	Vertical Integraon					

	Extracurricular activities			
7	Sports /Physical Education			



## Maharashtra University of Health Sciences

**PHASE II to Phase IV MBBS** 

COMPETENCY BASED CURRICULUM-2019 batch

GENERAL MEDICINE LOG BOOK

NAME OF COLLEGE-

NAME OF STUDENT-

**ROLL NUMBER-**

BATCH – A/B/C/D/E/F
## **CONTENTS**

Sr. No.	Subject	Page No.
1	Personal Details	3
2	Logbook certificate	4
3	General instructions	5
4	Attendance certificate	6
5	Scheme of Examination	7-16
6	Assesment of Skill Competencies	17-22
7	Skill Acquisition Vertical Integration	23-25
8	AETCOM	26-28
9	Assesment of Tutorial	29-30
10	Assesment of Seminor	31-33
11	Assesment of Theory Competencies	34-81

#### PERSONAL DETAILS

Name of student-Mobile Number-Residential Address-Photo stick hereFather/Guardians contact no.Email-Email-Email of Father/Guardian-

Date of admission to MBBS course-

Date of beginning of current phase-

#### LOGBOOK CERTIFICATE (General Medicine)

This candidate is certify that the Mr/ Ms to ....., Reg No....., admitted in the year 2019-20 in the ----- Medical College,----- has satisfactorily completed / has not completed all assignments /requirements mentioned in this logbook for Second to fourth year MBBS course in the subject(s) of General Medicine Foundation Course/ AETCOM during the period from (University) assessment as on the date given below.

Signature of all Unit In charges-

Signature of Head of the Department

Principal/Dean of the College

Place: Date:

## **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

- 1. The logbook is a record of the academic / co-curricular activities of the designated student, who would be responsible for maintaining his/her logbook.
- 2. The log book is a record of the academic / nonacademic activities of the student. Each Medical student is responsible for maintaining their logbook.
- 3. This logbook is prepared as per the guidelines of MCI for implementation of Competency based curriculum for Phase II to Phase IV Professional MBBS students in the subject of General Medicine.
- 4. Students are instructed to keep their logbook entries up to date. It is the responsibility of the student to enter their activity in respective pages & get them duly singed by the supervising faculty.
- 5. Entries in the logbook will be in accordance with activities done in the departments and has to be scrutinized by the Head of all the concerned departments.
- 6. The logbook shall be kept as record work of the candidate for that department / specialty & be submitted to department as a bonafide record of the candidate before appearing for the University examination.

## NOTE:

- 1. A clear record of all components that add to the internal assessment marks needs to be maintained by the institution and retained by them for at least 5 years after completion of the examination. Institutions may be asked to provide these details by the University as and when required.
- 2. The contents in the log book are suggested guidelines. The institutions can make necessary changes as per the needs.
- 3. The student is responsible for getting the entries in the logbook verified by the Faculty in charge regularly.
- 4. Entries in the logbook will reflect the activities undertaken in the department & have to be scrutinized by the Head of the concerned department.
- 5. The logbook is a record of various activities by the student like:- Overall participation & performance, Attendance, Participation in sessions, Record of completion of pre-determined activities., Acquisition of selected competencies.

			y and ennice			
	Duration	Pra	actical	Th	neory	Signature of Unit in charge/ HOD
		No of days	Days attended	No of days	Days attended	
Phase II						
First clinical posting	4 weeks					
Second clinical posting	4 weeks					
Phase III Part I	8 weeks					
Phase III Part I	4 weeks					

## **Record of Attendance for Theory and clinical postings**

## Dates of completion of clinical postings

Phase	From	То	Absent days	Journal completed	Signature of unit in charges with name and dates
Π					
III Part I					
III Part II					

Sr. No.	Internal assessment	Date/Month /Year	Marks obtained		Out of 4.5	Signature of student
			Theory out of	Practical out of		
1	First	September				
2	Second	September				
3	Third Part I	October				
4	Third Part II	January				
	Total	1				
	Round up-					

## SCHEME OF EXAMINATION - Internal Assessment

## Duration and details of course

Sr.	Phases		Semester	No of Months
No.				
1	Ι	First professional	Semester 1 & Semester 2	1 + 12 months
		Preclinical phase		
2	II	Second professional	Semester 3 & Semester 4	11 Months
		Paraclinical Phase		
3	III Part I	Third professional	Semester 5 & Semester 6	13 Months
		Clinical Phase		
4	Electives, s	kills and assessment		2 Months
5	III Part II	Third professional	Semester 7, Semester 8	13 Months
		Clinical Phase	Semester 9	

Phase	Hours	Total hrs
First I		
Early clinical exposure	90	
Second II		
Lectures	75	615 hrs
Tutorial/Seminars/Integrated learning		-
Self directed learning		
Third Part I		
Lectures	25	
Tutorial/Seminars/Integrated learning	35	65 hrs
Self directed learning	5	
Third Part II		
Lectures	70	
Tutorial/Seminars/Integrated learning	125	210 hrs
Self directed learning	15	

## Theory teaching

#### Learner – Doctor Programme (Clinical clerkship) (Reference- The Gazette of India: Part III-sec.4 pg 74-74)

#### The learner will function as a part of the health care team with the following responsibilities:

- (i) Be part of the unit's outpatient services on admission days,
- (ii) Remain with the admission unit until 6 PM except during designated class hours,
- (iii) Be assigned patients admitted during each admission day for whom he/she will undertake responsibility, under the supervision of a senior resident or faculty member,
- (iv) Participate in the unit rounds on its admission day and will present the assigned patients to the supervising physician,
- (v) Follow the patient's progress throughout the hospital stay until discharge,
- (vi) Participate, under supervision, in procedures, surgeries, deliveries etc. of assigned patients (according to responsibilities outlined in table 9),
- (vii) Participate in unit rounds on at least one other day of the week excluding the admission day,
- (viii) Discuss ethical and other humanitarian issues during unit rounds,
- (ix) Attend all scheduled classes and educational activities,
- (x) Document his/her observations in a prescribed log book / case record.
- (xi) No learner will be given independent charge of the patient.

Year of curriculum	Focus of Learner- Doctor programme
Year 1	Introduction to hospital environment, early clinical exposure, understanding perspectives of illness

Year 2	History taking, physical examination, assessment of change in clinical status, communication and patient education
Year 3	All of the above and choice of investigations, basic procedures and continuity of care
Year 4	All of the above and decision making, management and outcomes

# **Assessment of Skill competencies**

## Assessment of DOAP Sessions

Phase	Com pete ncy Nos.	Topics & Subtopics	Teaching & Learning method	Attempt at activity First (F) Repeat (R) Remedial (Re)	Decision of faculty Completed (C) Repeat (R) Remedial (Re)	Initial of faculty and date
Phase II	1.12	Pulse examination with demonstration				
	1.13	Measure BP accurately				
	1.14	JVP				
	4.10	Examination of skin, lymph node, chest and abdominal examination				
	2.7	CVS Examination with demonstration				
	3.4 & 3.5	Orientation to history taking, general examination & systemic examination of Respiratory system				
Phase III part II (fourth year)	IM 3.9/ IM 5.15	Demonstrate in a mannequin and interpret results of a pleural fluid Aspiration				
	IM5. 15	Assist in the performance and interpret the findings of an ascitic fluid analysis	Mannequi ns/bedsid e clinic/Rea I patient			
	M6. 15/ M 17.8 17.9	Demonstrate in a model the correct technique to perform a lumbar Puncture	Mannequi ns/bedsid e clinic/ Real patient			
Feedback	by Faci	ulty-				
Phase II			L	1	1	<u> </u>
Phase III P	art I					
Phase III P	art II					

# Assessments of Skill acquisition Sessions

Phase	Competen cy Nos.	Topics & Subtopics	TL Method	Attempt at activity First (F) Repeat (R) Remedial (Re)	Decision of faculty Completed (C) Repeat (R) Remedial (Re)	Initial of faculty and date
Phase II	1.30	Intramuscular injection	Simulator / Mannequi n/Small group discussion			
		<ul> <li>Ward round</li> <li>Communication with patient</li> <li>Patient Education</li> </ul>				
Phase III Part I	IM4.15	Peripheral blood smear interpretation&Perform and interpret a malarial smear	Small group discussion			
	IM4.20	Ryles tube insertion Interpret a PPD	Simulatio n/ Real patient Small			
	IM11.19	(Mantoux) Demonstrate( and	group discussion Real			
		counsel) patients on the correct technique to administer insulin	patient			
	IM3.17	Describe and discuss the supportive therapy in patients with pneumonia including oxygen use and	Small group discussion			

	indications for ventilation (K)			
IM11.13	Bedside urine	Real		
	analysisv&vPerform and interpret aurinary ketone estimation with a dipstick	patient		
IM15.2	Setting up IV infusion	Seminar/		
M15.11	and calculating drip rate	Small group discussion /Casualty real patient		
Phase III IM1.22	Assist and demonstrate	Simulator		
part II (fourth year)	the proper technique in collecting specimen for blood culture	s/manneq uin		
IM4.19	Assist in the collection of blood	Bed side clinics		
IM11.12	Perform and interpret a capillary blood glucose test	Real patient		
IM25.9	Assist in the collection of blood and other specimen cultures	Bed side clinic/real patients		
IM9.19	Assist in a blood transfusion	Bed side clinic/real patients		
IM15.13	Observe cross matching and blood / blood component transfusion	Bed side clinic/real patients		
IM2.22	Perform and demonstrate in a mannequin BLS	DOAP		
IM2.21	Observe and participate in a controlled environment an ACLS Program	Session in skills lab		
Feedback by Faculty				
Phase III Part I				

# Assessments of case presentation Sessions

Phase	Competenc y Nos.	Topics & Subtopics	TL Method	Attempt at activity First (F) Repeat (R) Remedial (Re)	Decision of faculty Completed (C) Repeat (R) Remedial (Re)	Initial of faculty and date
Phase II	20.4 & 20.5	Medical emergency - snake bite – Elicit, present and document an detail history, Perform a systematic examination, document and present a local, appropriate cardiac and neurologic examination	Seminar/ Small Group discussion			
	CT2.20	Describe and discuss the principles and use of oxygen therapy in the hospital and at home	Lecture/ seminar/s mall group discussion /bedside clinic			
	CT2.22	Demonstrate and counsel patient on the correct use of inhaler	Small group discussion			
Phase III part II (fourth year)	IM10.21	Describe and discuss the indications for and insert a peripheral intravenous catheter	Seminar / lecture			
	IM11.20	Demonstrate to and counsel patients correct technique on the of self- monitoring of blood glucoses	Seminar/le cture			
	IM15.2	Enumerate, describe and discuss the evaluation and steps involved in	Seminar/le cture/smal			

		stabilizing a patient who	l group			
		presents with acute	discussion			
		volume loss and GI Bleed				
	IM15.11	Develop, document and	Seminar/le			
		present a treatment plan	cture/smal			
		that includes fluid	l group			
		resuscitation, blood and	discussion			
		blood component				
		transfusion, and specific				
		therapy for arresting blood				
		loss				
	AS2.1	Enumerate the	Seminar/le			
		indications, describe the	cture/smal			
		steps and demonstrate in	l group			
		a simulated environment	discussion			
		basic life support in adults				
		children and neonates				
	IM17.9	Interpret the CSF findings	Seminar/le			
		when presented with	cture/smal			
		various parameters of CSF	l group			
		fluid analysis	discussion			
Feedback b	y Faculty			<u> </u>		
Phase III Pa	art I		<u> </u>	]	<u> </u>	
Phase III Pa	art II					

# Assessment of OSCE

Phase	Com pete ncy Nos.	Topics & Subtopics	Attempt at activity First (F) Repeat (R) Remedial (Re)	Decision of faculty Completed (C) Repeat (R) Remedial (Re)	Initial of faculty and date
Phase II	IM4. 15 IM9. 10	Perform and interpret a malarial smear Describe, perform and interpret a peripheral smear			
	IM11 .13	Perform and interpret a urinary ketone estimation with a dipstick			
	BI11. 4	Perform urine analysis to estimate and determine			

	normal and abnormal constituents			
	Interprete Chest X Ray			
	Interprete blood culture			
	Interprete Hemogram- CBC etc			
	Interprete Liver function tests			
	Interprete CSF analysis			
	Interprete ascitic, pleural fluid			
	Interprete ABG			
Feedback by Fac	culty			
Phase III Part I		L	1	1
Phase III Part II				

# Skill acquisition Vertical integration

Phase	Comp etency Nos.	Topics & Subtopics	Teaching & Learning method	Attempt at activity First (F) Repeat (R) Remedial (Re)	Decision of faculty Completed (C) Repeat (R) Remedial (Re)	Initial of faculty and date
Phase III	OG35. 17	OBGY Demonstrate the correct technique of urinary catheterization in a simulated/ supervised environment	Small group discussion / real patient/ simulatio n			
	CT2.20	Chest Medicine – Describe and discuss the principles and use of oxygen therapy in the hospital and at home	Seminar/ Group discussion			
	CT2.22	Chest Medicine- Demonstrate and counsel patient on the correct use of inhalers	Small group discussion / Role play/ Real patient			
	AS2.1	Enumerate the indications,	DOAP			

		describe the steps and demonstrate in a simulated environment <b>basic life</b> support in adults children and neonates	Session in skills lab		
	AS2.2	Enumerate the indications, describe the steps and demonstrate in a simulated environment <b>advanced life</b> support in adults and children	DOAP Session in skills lab		
Feedbac	k by Facu	lty			
Phase III	Part I		L]	1	
Phase III	Part II				

# Integrated teachings-

Phase	Subject	Hours	Competency Nos. Topics & Subtopics	Teaching & Learning method	Attempt at activity First (F) Repeat (R) Remedial (Re)	Decision of faculty Completed (C) Repeat (R) Remedial (Re)	Initial of faculty and date
III Pa	rt I	Total 9	hours (3 hours each for c	linical Pharm	acology, cli	nical Path	ology
		and Cli	nical microbiology)				
	Clinical Pharmac ology	3hours	Clinical pharmacokinetics-1 hr Adverse drug reaction-1 hr Drug-Drug interaction-1 hr				
	Clinical Patholo gy	3hours	Anaemia and haemoglobinopathies-1 hr Hematological malignancies-1 hr Platelet disorder-1 hr				
	Clinical Microbi ology	3hours	Pyrexia of unknown origin - 1 hr Antimicrobial resistance -1 hr Viral haemorrhagic fever -1 hr				
III Pa	rt II	Integr	ated teachings- Total 1	9 hours			-
	Care of patients during Pandemi cs	6 hours	Interactive Discussion- 2 hours Triage practices to be followed Primary care to be given to a patient on reaching hospital				

Phase III Part II			
Phase III Part I			
Faculty			
Geraiatri cs Feedback by	3 hours Polypharmacy Falls Incontinence		
Pandemi cs Managin g Death during Pandemi cs Geraiatri	<ul> <li>3. Steps to be taken to reduce transmission of infections</li> <li>4. Attitude and Communication Issues related to complicated procedures II. Skill development program – with mannequins e.g. intubation, CPR, ALS, PALS etc - 4 hours (This may be linked with the routine Skill training component as well) III. Role Plays for communication skills and documentation - 1 hour IV. Debriefing and Feedback - 1hour</li> <li>2 hours Interactive discussion – 1 hour a. Confirmation and documentation of death b. Steps to be taken to reduce transmission of infections c. Attitude and Communication Issues related to handling of dead bodies d. Responding to media ii. Role Play for communication skills and documentation with debriefing and feedback - 1 hour</li> <li>3 hours Polypharmacy</li> </ul>		
Emerge ncy Procedu res during Pandemi	transmission of infections in emergency area Role Play- 1 hour Visit to hospital with discussion with staff- 2 hour Debriefing and feedback- 1 hour8 hoursInteractive Discussion - 2 hours 1. Indications for invasive procedures in Pandemics 2. Points to be verified before emergency procedures		

# AETCOM

# 75% Attendance is required for eligibility to appear for final examination in each professional year.

	Maharashtra Univer	sity of Health Sciences	
Gener	ral Medicine Task Fo	rce for CBME Implement	tation
Summary of AETCOM mo	dules for Third and l	Fourth professional years	
	Third professional Year	Fourth Professional Year	Total
Number of Modules	5	9	14
Number of Hours for training	19	28	47
Number of Hours for SDL	06	16	22
		e shown in time table nents for AETCOM	of
Hours of training by Medicine	10	15	25
Hours of training by Surgery	10	15	25
Hours of training by OBGY	05	09	14
Hours of training by Pediatrics	00	05	05

# Assessment of AETCOM -

Phase	Competency Nos.	Topics & Subtopics	Teaching & Learning method	Attempt at activity First (F) Repeat (R) Remedial (Re)	Decision of faculty Completed (C) Repeat (R) Remedial (Re)	Initial of faculty and date
11	26.20	Demonstrate ability to communicate to patients in a respectful, non threatening, non judgemental and empathetic manner	Small group discussion/Role play			
	26.21 & 26.22	<ul> <li>Demonstrate respect</li> <li>to patient privacy</li> <li>Demonstrate ability</li> <li>to maintain</li> <li>confidentiality in</li> <li>patient care</li> </ul>	Lecture/ Small group discussion			
	26.19 , 26.24 & 26.25	<ul> <li>Demonstrate ability</li> <li>to work in a team of peers and superiors</li> <li>Demonstrate respect in relationship with patients, fellow team members, superiors and other health care workers- Demonstrate responsibility and work ethics while working in the health care team</li> </ul>	Lecture/ self directed learning/Small group discussion			
	26.35	Demonstrate empathy in patient encounters	Role play/ Case presentation			
III Part I	26.29 - 26.31	Role of Physician in Community- Communicate diagnostic and therapeutic options to patient and family in a simulated environment Communicate care options to patient and family with a terminal illness in a simulated environment Demonstrate awareness of limitations and seeks	Lecture/ Small group discussion/Role play			

	help and consultations appropriately			
Module 3.3	Administer informed consent and appropriately address patient queries to a patient undergoing a Surgical/ therapeutic procedure in a simulated environment	Small group discussion/ Real patient/ Role play		
Module 4.4	Communication, Attitude and Ethics <b>Empathy, Doctor</b> <b>Patient Relationship</b> , Effective Communication in terminally ill	CBL /video with interactive lecture, role play / small group session with standardized patient in soft skills lab.		
Module 4.5	Ethics and attitude Doctor Industry relationship- Conflicts of interests in patients care and professional	Role play/ CBL with interactive lecture		
Module 4.8	Communication, Attitude and Ethics <b>Empathy</b> , <b>Death declaration</b> , <b>Handling emotions</b> <b>during death</b> , <b>Euthanasia , Breaking</b> <b>Bad News effectively</b>	CBL /video with interactive lecture, role play / small group session with standardized patient as relative in soft skills lab.		
Phase III Part II Module 4.1	Foundation of Communication 5 Effectively communicating Diagnosis, Prognosis and therapy (Counseling skills)	Small group teaching with soft skills lab session related to Counseling skills		
Module 4.2	Ethics Abortion, MTP, Reproductive rights and ethical conflicts	CBL with interactive lecture (Can be a large class teaching )		

Module 4.9	Ethics Legal aspects of Care, Medical negligence and malpractices	CBL with interactive lecture/ small group discussions		
Feedback by F	aculty			
Phase III Part	1			
Phase III Part	11			

# **Assessment of Tutorials**

Phase	Торіс	Hours	Attempt at activity First (F) Repeat (R) Remedial (Re)	Decision of faculty Completed (C) Repeat (R) Remedial (Re)	Initial of faculty and date
III	Medical emergencies	1 hr			
Part	Valvular heart disease in adults	1 hr			
Ι	Acynotic congenital heart disease in adults (ASD,VSD,PDA)	1 hr			
	Cynotic congenital heart disease in adults (TOF)	1 hr			
	Instruments- Video of procedures/Real/casewise	1 hr			
	Instruments	1 hr			
	X rays	1 hr			
	X rays	1 hr			
	ECG- Approach to basics of ECG	1 hr			
	ECG- How to read ECG?	1 hr			
III	ECG-	10 Hours			
Part	How to interprete ECG?	1 hr			
II	ECG-Diagnosing Myocardial infarctions	1 hr			
	ECG: Chamber enlargement	1 hr			
	ECG-Bundle branch blocks	1 hr			
	Electrolyte abnormalities on ECG	1 hr			
	Narrow Complex tacchyarrythmias	1 hr			

	Bradyarrthmias	1 hr		
	Valvular Heart diseases	1 hr		
	ECG Quiz	1 hr		
	Misceleneous	1 hr		
	Radiology-	11		
	<i></i>	Hours		
	Basics of Chest X Ray	1 hr		
	Reading Normal X Ray	1 hr		
	Chest			
	Abnormalities on Chest X	1 hr		
	Ray – Cardiovascular			
	system			
	Pulmonary venous	1 hr		
	hypertension vs			
	pulmonary arterial			
	hypertension	11		-
	Chest X ray – Respiratory	1 hr		
	system	1 1		
	Abdominal system( Chest	1 hr		
	& Abdomen X Ray) Miscelleneous X ray	1 hr		-
	Basics of CT Scan	1  hr 1 hr		
	Basics of MRI	$\frac{1}{2}$ hr		
	Basics of PET scan	$\frac{2}{1}$ hr		
	Drugs- Case based	<b>1</b> III <b>13</b>		
	approach	Hours		
	Anti epileptics	1 hr		
	Cardiovascular Drugs	1 hr		
	Anti Tubercular Therapy	1 hr		
	Anti Retroviral Therapy	1 hr		
	Emergency Drugs	1 hr		-
1		1 1		
	Antiviral Drugs	1 hr		
	Antiviral Drugs Drugs in respiratory	1 hr		
	Antiviral Drugs Drugs in respiratory system			
	Drugs in respiratory			
	Drugs in respiratory system Glucocorticoids Drugs in Rheumatology	1 hr 1 hr 1 hr		
	Drugs in respiratory system Glucocorticoids Drugs in Rheumatology Anticoagulants	1 hr 1 hr 1 hr 1 hr 1 hr		
	Drugs in respiratory system Glucocorticoids Drugs in Rheumatology Anticoagulants Inotropes and inodilators	1 hr 1 hr 1 hr 1 hr 1 hr 1 hr 1 hr		
	Drugs in respiratory system Glucocorticoids Drugs in Rheumatology Anticoagulants Inotropes and inodilators Anti hypertensives	1 hr 1 hr 1 hr 1 hr 1 hr 1 hr 1 hr 1 hr		
	Drugs in respiratory system Glucocorticoids Drugs in Rheumatology Anticoagulants Inotropes and inodilators	1 hr 1 hr 1 hr 1 hr 1 hr 1 hr 1 hr		
	Drugs in respiratory system Glucocorticoids Drugs in Rheumatology Anticoagulants Inotropes and inodilators Anti hypertensives Antidiabetic drugs	1 hr 1 hr 1 hr 1 hr 1 hr 1 hr 1 hr 1 hr 1 hr 1 hr		
	Drugs in respiratory system Glucocorticoids Drugs in Rheumatology Anticoagulants Inotropes and inodilators Anti hypertensives Antidiabetic drugs Interpretation of Lab	1 hr         1 hr		
	Drugs in respiratory system Glucocorticoids Drugs in Rheumatology Anticoagulants Inotropes and inodilators Anti hypertensives Antidiabetic drugs	1 hr 1 hr 1 hr 1 hr 1 hr 1 hr 1 hr 1 hr 1 hr 1 hr		
	Drugs in respiratory system Glucocorticoids Drugs in Rheumatology Anticoagulants Inotropes and inodilators Anti hypertensives Antidiabetic drugs Interpretation of Lab Charts Interpretation of Ascitic	1 hr         1 hr		
	Drugs in respiratory system Glucocorticoids Drugs in Rheumatology Anticoagulants Inotropes and inodilators Anti hypertensives Antidiabetic drugs Interpretation of Lab Charts Interpretation of Ascitic fluid analysis	1 hr         1 hr		
	Drugs in respiratory system Glucocorticoids Drugs in Rheumatology Anticoagulants Inotropes and inodilators Anti hypertensives Antidiabetic drugs Interpretation of Lab Charts Interpretation of Ascitic fluid analysis Interpretation of Pleural	1 hr         1 hr		
	Drugs in respiratory system Glucocorticoids Drugs in Rheumatology Anticoagulants Inotropes and inodilators Anti hypertensives Antidiabetic drugs Interpretation of Lab Charts Interpretation of Ascitic fluid analysis Interpretation of Pleural fluid analysis	1 hr         1 hr		
	Drugs in respiratory system Glucocorticoids Drugs in Rheumatology Anticoagulants Inotropes and inodilators Anti hypertensives Antidiabetic drugs Interpretation of Lab Charts Interpretation of Ascitic fluid analysis Interpretation of Pleural fluid analysis Interpretation of	1 hr         1 hr		
	Drugs in respiratory system Glucocorticoids Drugs in Rheumatology Anticoagulants Inotropes and inodilators Anti hypertensives Antidiabetic drugs Interpretation of Lab Charts Interpretation of Ascitic fluid analysis Interpretation of Pleural fluid analysis	1 hr		

Interpretation of	
Abnormal LFT	
Interpretation of Anemia	
Interpretation of thyroid	
function test	
Interpretation of	
Peripheral blood smear	
Interpretation of urine	
analysis	
Interpretation of Fundus	
examination	
Interpretation of renal	
function tests	
Interpretation of Bone	
marrow studies	
Interpretation of ABG	
Feedback by Faculty	
Phase III Part I	
Phase III Part II	

# **Assessment of Seminars**

Phase	Торіс	Hours	Attempt at activity First (F) Repeat (R) Remedial (Re)	Decision of faculty Completed (C) Repeat (R) Remedial (Re)	Initial of faculty and date
III Part I	Seminars	16 Hours			
	Clinical approach to Ascites				
	Clinical approach to Anaemia				
	Clinical approach to lymphadenopathy				
	Clinical approach to Jaundice				
	Clinical approach to chest pain				
	Clinical approach to headache				
	Clinical approach to bleeding diathesis				
	Clinical approach to Comatose patient				
	Portal hypertension and its complications				
	Pulmonary arterial hypertension				
	Pulmonary function tests				
	Thyroid function tests				
	Grave's disease				
	Micro-vascular complications of DM				
	Macro-vascular complications of DM				

	Insulin and analogues			
III Part	Seminars	45		
II		hours		
	Clinical approach to Hypertensive	nours		
	emergencies			
	Clinical approach to Acute			
	myocardial infarction			
	Clinical approach to solitary			
	Seizure			
	Clinical approach to ischemic			
	stroke			
	Clinical approach to intracranial			
	bleed			
	Clinical approach to Heart Failure			
	Clinical approach to Acute renal			
	failure			
	Clinical approach to Chronic			
	kidney disease			
	Clinical approach to hyponatremia			
	Clinical approach to potassium			
	imbalance disorders			
	Clinical approach to disorders of			
	calcium metabolism			
	Interpretation of ABG			
	Mixed Acid Base disorders			
	Emerging Viral Infections			
	Clinical approach to Geriatric			
	Syndromes			
	Clinical approach to a case of			
	Pulmonary Tuberculosis			
	Clinical approach to a case of			
	Extra Pulmonary Tuberculosis			
	Clinical Approach to a case of			
	PLHIV			
	Clinical approach to opportunistic			
	infections in a case of PLHIV			
	Clinical approach to prescription of ART			
	Clinical approach to a case of			
	Dengue Clinical approach to a case of			
	Clinical approach to a case of Complicated malaria			
	Recent advances in the diagnosis			
	of tuberculosis			
	Vaccines for tuberculosis			
	Recent advances in anti retroviral			
	drugs			
	Clinical approach to a case of			
	Interstitial lung disease			
	Clinical approach to a case of			
	snake bite			
	SHUKE UILE	L		

	1		
Clinical approach to a case of			
electric injury			
Clinical approach to a case of			
 acute meningitis			
Clinical approach to a case of			
 Chronic meningitis			
Ageing			
Human Microbiome			
Clinical approach to oncological			
emergencies			
Clinical approach to a case of			
Acute Leukemia			
Clinical approach to a case of			
Chronic leukemia			
Medicolegal, socioeconomic and			
ethical issues as			
it pertains to organ donation			
Role of physician in community			
Medicolegal, sociocultural,			
economic			
and ethical issues as it pertains to			
rights, equity and justice in			
access to health care			
Medicolegal, socio-cultural and			
ethical			
issues as it pertains to			
confidentiality in patient care			
Medicolegal, socio-cultural and			
ethical			
issues as it pertains to research in			
human subjects			
Medicolegal, socio-cultural,			
professional and ethical issues as			
it pertains to the physician			
patient relationship (including			
fiduciary duty)			
Documentation in health			
care (including correct use of			
medical records)			
Use of information			
technology that permits			
appropriate patient care and			
continued			
learning			
Understanding of the implications			
and the			
appropriate procedures and			
response to be followed in the			
event of medical errors			
Conflicts of interest in patient care			
and professional			
and professional			

relationships and describe the correct response to these	
Clinical approach to a case of	
Clinical approach to a case of arthritis	
Clinical approach to a case of multisystem	
Clinical approach to a case of peripheral neuropathy	
Clinical approach to a case of flaccid quadriparesis	
Feedback by Faculty	
Phase III Part I	
Phase III Part II	

# **Assessment of Theory Competencies**

1 Comp etency # addres sed	2 Name of Activity	3 Date com plete d: dd- mm- yyyy	4 Atte mpt at activity First or Only (F) Repeat (R) Remedial (Re)	5 <b>Rating</b> Below (B) expectati ons Meets (M) expect ations Exceeds (E) expectation s OR Numerical Score	6 Decisi on of faculty Compl ete d (C) Repeat (R) Remedi al Re)	7 Initia I of facul ty and date	8 Feedba ck Receiv ed Initial of learner
		Heart	Failure				
IM1.10 IM1.11	Elicit, document and present an appropriate history that will establish the diagnosis, cause and severity of heart failure including presenting complaints, precipitating and exacerbating factors, risk factors Perform and demonstrate a systematic examination based on the history that will help establish the diagnosis and estimate its severity including: measurement of pulse, blood pressure and respiratory rate, jugular venous forms and pulses, peripheral pulses, conjunctiva and fundus, lung, cardiac examination including palpation and auscultation with identification of heart sounds and murmurs, abdominal distension and splenic palpation						
IM1.12	Demonstrate peripheral pulse, volume, character, quality and variation in various causes of heart failure						
IM1.13	Measure the blood pressure accurately, recognise and discuss alterations in blood						

	pressure in valvular heart disease and other causes of heart failure and cardiac tamponade			
IM1.14	Demonstrate and measure jugular venous distension			
IM1.15	Identify and describe the timing, pitch quality conduction and significance of precordial murmurs and their variations			
IM1.16	Generate a differential diagnosis based on the clinical presentation and prioritise it based on the most likely diagnosis			
IM1.17	Order and interpret diagnostic testing based on the clinical diagnosis including 12 lead ECG, Chest radiograph, blood cultures			
IM1.18	Perform and interpret a 12 lead ECG			
IM1.20	Determine the severity of valvular heart disease based on the clinical and laboratory and imaging features and determine the level of intervention required including surgery			
IM1.21	Describe and discuss and identify the clinical features of acute and subacute endocarditis, echocardiographic findings, blood culture and sensitivity and therapy			
IM1.22	Assist and demonstrate the proper technique in collecting specimen for blood culture			

1				<b>1</b>
IM1.23	Describe, prescribe and communicate non pharmacologic management of heart failure including sodium restriction, physical activity and limitations			
IM1.26	Develop document and present a management plan for patients with heart failure based on type of failure, underlying aetiology			
IM1.30	Administer an intramuscular injection with an appropriate explanation to the patient			
Acute M	Iyocardial Infarction/ IHD			
IM2.6	Elicit document and present an appropriate history that includes onset evolution, presentation risk factors, family history, comorbid conditions, complications, medication, history of atherosclerosis, IHD and coronary syndromes			
IM2.7	Perform, demonstrate and document a physical examination including a vascular and cardiac examination that is appropriate for the clinical presentation			
IM2.8	Generate document and present a differential diagnosis based on the clinical presentation and prioritise based on "cannot miss", most likely diagnosis and severity			
IM2.9	Distinguish and differentiate between stable and unstable angina and AMI based on the			

	clinical presentation			
	Presentation			
IM2.10	Order, perform and interpret an ECG			
IM2.11	Order and interpret a Chest X- ray and markers of acute myocardial infarction			
IM2.12	Choose and interpret a lipid profile and identify the desirable lipid profile in the clinical context			
IM2.22	Perform and demonstrate in a mannequin BLS			
IM2.24	Counsel and communicate to patients with empathy lifestyle changes in atherosclerosis / post coronary syndromes			
Pneum	onia			
IM3.4	Elicit document and present an appropriate history including the evolution, risk factors including immune status and occupational risk			
IM3.5	Perform, document and demonstrate a physical examination including general examination and appropriate examination of the lungs that establishes the diagnosis, complications and severity of disease			
IM3.6	Generate document and present a differential diagnosis based on the clinical features, and prioritise the diagnosis based on the presentation			

IM3.7	Order and interpret diagnostic tests based on the clinical presentation including: CBC, Chest X ray PA view, Mantoux, sputum gram stain, sputum culture and sensitivity, pleural fluid examination and culture, HIV testing and ABG			
IM3.8	Demonstrate in a mannequin and interpret results of an arterial blood gas examination			
IM3.9	Demonstrate in a mannequin and interpret results of a pleural fluid aspiration			
IM3.10	Demonstrate the correct technique in a mannequin and interpret results of a blood culture			
IM3.11	Describe and enumerate the indications for further testing including HRCT, Viral cultures, PCR and specialised testing			
IM3.12	Select, describe and prescribe based on the most likely aetiology, an appropriate empirical antimicrobial based on the pharmacology and antimicrobial spectrum			
IM3.13	Select, describe and prescribe based on culture and sensitivity appropriate empaling antimicrobial based on the pharmacology and antimicrobial spectrum.			
IM3.14	Perform and interpret a sputum gram stain and AFB			
IM3.18	Communicate and counsel patient on family on the diagnosis and therapy of			

	pneumonia								
Fever a	Sever and febrile syndromes								
IM4.9	Elicit document and present a medical history that helps delineate the aetiology of fever that includes the evolution and pattern of fever, associated symptoms, immune status, comorbidities, risk factors, exposure through occupation, travel and environment and medication use								
IM4.10	Perform a systematic examination that establishes the diagnosis and severity of presentation that includes: general skin mucosal and lymph node examination, chest and abdominal examination (including examination of the liver and spleen)								
IM4.11	Generate a differential diagnosis and prioritise based on clinical features that help distinguish between infective, inflammatory, malignant and rheumatologic causes								
IM4.12	Order and interpret diagnostic tests based on the differential diagnosis including: CBC with differential, peripheral smear, urinary analysis with sediment, Chest X ray, blood and urine cultures, sputum gram stain and cultures, sputum AFB and cultures, CSF analysis, pleural and body fluid analysis, stool routine								

	and culture and QBC					
IM4.13	Perform and interpret a sputum gram stain					
IM4.14	Perform and interpret a sputum AFB					
IM4.15	Perform and interpret a malarial smear					
IM4.17	Observe and assist in the performance of a bone marrow aspiration and biopsy in a simulated environment					
IM4.19	Assist in the collection of blood and wound cultures					
IM4.20	Interpret a PPD (Mantoux)					
IM4.23	Prescribe drugs for malaria based on the species identified, prevalence of drug resistance and national programs					
IM4.24	Develop an appropriate empiric treatment plan based on the patient's clinical and immune status pending definitive diagnosis					
IM4.25	Communicate to the patient and family the diagnosis and treatment					
IM4.26	Counsel the patient on malarial prevention					
Liver diseases						
IM5.9	Elicit document and present a medical history that helps delineate the aetiology of the current presentation and					

	includes clinical presentation, risk factors, drug use, sexual history, vaccination history and family history			
IM5.10	Perform a systematic examination that establishes the diagnosis and severity that includes nutritional status, mental status, jaundice, abdominal distension ascites, features of portosystemic hypertension and hepatic encephalopathy			
IM5.14	Outline a diagnostic approach to liver disease based on hyperbilirubinemia, liver function changes and hepatitis serology			
IM5.17	Enumerate the indications, precautions and counsel patients on vaccination for hepatitis			
HIV				
IM6.7	Elicit document and present a medical history that helps delineate the aetiology of the current presentation and includes risk factors for HIV, mode of infection, other sexually transmitted diseases, risks for opportunistic infections and nutritional status			
IM6.8	Generate a differential diagnosis and prioritise based on clinical features that suggest a specific aetiology for the presenting symptom			
IM6.14	Perform and interpret AFB sputum			

1				]
IM6.15	Demonstrate in a model the correct technique to perform a lumbar puncture			
IM6.19	Counsel patients on prevention of HIV transmission			
IM6.20	Communicate diagnosis, treatment plan and subsequent follow up plan to patients			
IM6.21	Communicate with patients on the importance of medication adherence			
IM6.22	Demonstrate understanding of ethical and legal issues regarding patient confidentiality and disclosure in patients with HIV			
IM6.23	Demonstrate a non-judgemental attitude to patients with HIV and to their lifestyles			
Rheuma	atologic problems			
IM7.11	Elicit document and present a medical history that will differentiate the aetiologies of disease			
IM7.12	Perform a systematic examination of all joints, muscle and skin that will establish the diagnosis and severity of disease			
IM7.15	Enumerate the indications for and interpret the results of : CBC, anti- CCP, RA, ANA, DNA and other tests of autoimmunity			
IM7.17	Enumerate the indications and interpret plain radiographs of joints			

			r				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
IM7.18	Communicate diagnosis, treatment plan and subsequent follow up plan to patients						
IM7.20	Select, prescribe and communicate appropriate medications for relief of joint pain						
IM7.21	Select, prescribe and communicate preventive therapy for crystalline arthropathies						
IM7.22	Select, prescribe and communicate treatment option for systemic rheumatologic conditions						
IM7.24	Communicate and incorporate patient preferences in the choice of therapy						
IM7.25	Develop and communicate appropriate follow up and monitoring plans for patients with rheumatologic conditions						
IM7.26	Demonstrate an understanding of the impact of rheumatologic conditions on quality of life, well being, work and family						
Hypertension							
IM8.9	Elicit document and present a medical history that includes: duration and levels, symptoms, comorbidities, lifestyle, risk factors, family history, psychosocial and environmental factors, dietary assessment, previous and concomitant therapy						
r							
--------	---	--	--	--			
	Perform a systematic examination that includes : an accurate measurement of blood pressure, fundus examination, examination of vasculature and heart						
IM8.11	Generate a differential diagnosis and prioritise based on clinical features that suggest a specific aetiology						
IM8.15	Recognise, prioritise and manage hypertensive emergencies						
IM8.16	Develop and communicate to the patient lifestyle modification including weight reduction, moderation of alcohol intake, physical activity and sodium intake						
IM8.17	Perform and interpret a 12 lead ECG						
IM8.18	Incorporate patient preferences in the management of HTN						
IM8.19	Demonstrate understanding of the impact of Hypertension on quality of life, well being, work and family						
Anemia							
IM9.3	Elicit document and present a medical history that includes symptoms, risk factors including GI bleeding, prior history, medications, menstrual history, and family history						

IM9.4	Perform a systematic examination that includes : general examination for pallor, oral examination, DOAP session of hyper dynamic circulation, lymph node and splenic examination				
IM9.5	Generate a differential diagnosis and prioritise based on clinical features that suggest a specific aetiology				
IM9.6	Describe the appropriate diagnostic work up based on the presumed aetiology				
IM9.9	Order and interpret tests for anemia including hemogram, red cell indices, reticulocyte count, iron studies, B12 and folate				
IM9.10	Describe, perform and interpret a peripheral smear and stool occult blood				
IM9.13	Prescribe replacement therapy with iron, B12, folate				
IM9.15	Communicate the diagnosis and the treatment appropriately to patients				
IM9.16	Incorporate patient preferences in the management of anemia				
IM9.19	Assist in a blood transfusion				
IM9.20	Communicate and counsel patients with methods to prevent nutritional anemia				
Acute k	idney injury and chronic renal	failure			

IM10.1 2	Elicit document and present a medical history that will differentiate the aetiologies of disease, distinguish acute and chronic disease, identify predisposing conditions, nephrotoxic drugs and systemic causes			
IM10.1 3	Perform a systematic examination that establishes the diagnosis and severity including determination of volume status, presence of edema and heart failure, features of uraemia and associated systemic disease			
IM10.1 5	Describe the appropriate diagnostic work up based on the presumed aetiology			
IM10.1 7	Describe and calculate indices of renal function based on available laboratories including FENa (Fractional Excretion of Sodium) and CrCl (Creatinine Clearance)			
IM10.1 8	Identify the ECG findings in hyperkalemia			
IM10.2 0	Describe and discuss the indications to perform arterial blood gas analysis: interpret the data			
IM10.2 1	Describe and discuss the indications for and insert a peripheral intravenous catheter			
IM10.2 2	Describe and discuss the indications, demonstrate in a model and assist in the insertion of a central venous or a dialysis catheter			

IM10.2 3 IM10.2	Communicate diagnosis treatment plan and subsequent follow up plan to patients Counsel patients on a renal diet			
4				
Diabete	s Mellitus	 	•	
IM11.7	Elicit document and present a medical history that will differentiate the aetiologies of diabetes including risk factors, precipitating factors, lifestyle, nutritional history, family history, medication history, co-morbidities and target organ disease			
IM11.8	Perform a systematic examination that establishes the diagnosis and severity that includes skin, peripheral pulses, blood pressure measurement, fundus examination, detailed examination of the foot (pulses, nervous and deformities and injuries)			
IM11.1 1	Order and interpret laboratory tests to diagnose diabetes and its complications including: glucoses, glucose tolerance test, glycosylated hemoglobin, urinary micro albumin, ECG, electrolytes, ABG, ketones, renal function tests and lipid profile			
IM11.1 2	Perform and interpret a capillary blood glucose test			
IM11.1 3	Perform and interpret a urinary ketone estimation with a dipstick			

IM11.1 9	Demonstrate and counsel patients on the correct technique to administer insulin			
IM11.2 0	Demonstrate to and counsel patients on the correct technique of self monitoring of blood glucoses			
Thyroid	l Dysfunction			
IM12.5	Elicit document and present an appropriate history that will establish the diagnosis cause of thyroid dysfunction and its severity			
IM12.6	Perform and demonstrate a systematic examination based on the history that will help establish the diagnosis and severity including systemic signs of thyrotoxicosis and hypothyroidism, palpation of the pulse for rate and rhythm abnormalities, neck palpation of the thyroid and lymph nodes and cardiovascular findings			
IM12.7	Demonstrate the correct technique to palpate the thyroid			
IM12.9	Order and interpret diagnostic testing based on the clinical diagnosis including CBC, thyroid function tests and ECG and radio iodine uptake and scan			
IM12.1 0	Identify atrial fibrillation, pericardial effusion and bradycardia on ECG			
IM12.1 1	Interpret thyroid function tests in hypo and hyperthyroidism			

IM12.1 4	Write and communicate to the patient appropriately a			
l.	prescription for thyroxine			
	based on age, sex, and clinical			
	and biochemical status			
Commo				
Commo	n malignancies	г		
IM13.8	Perform and demonstrate a			
	physical examination that			
	includes an appropriate			
	general and local			
	examination that excludes the			
	diagnosis, extent spread and			
	complications of cancer			
Obesity		<b>I</b>		
IM14.6	Elicit and document and			
	present an appropriate history			
	that includes the natural			
	history, dietary history,			
	modifiable risk factors, family			
	history, clues for secondary			
	causes and motivation to lose			
	weight			
IM14.7	Perform, document and			
111114./	demonstrate a physical			
	examination based on the			
	history that includes general			
	examination, measurement of			
	abdominal obesity, signs of			
	secondary causes and			
	comorbidities			
IM14.8	Generate a differential			
	diagnosis based on the			
	presenting symptoms and			
	clinical features and prioritise			
	based on the most likely			
	diagnosis			
IM14.9	Order and interpret diagnostic			
	tests based on the clinical			
	diagnosis including blood			
	glucose, lipids, thyroid			
	function tests etc.			

-			1	1
IM14.1 1	Communicate and counsel patient on behavioural, dietary and lifestyle modifications			
IM14.1 2	Demonstrate an understanding of patient's inability to adhere to lifestyle instructions and counsel them in a non - judgemental way			
GI Blee	ding			
IM15.2	Enumerate, describe and discuss the evaluation and steps involved in stabilizing a patient who presents with acute volume loss and GI bleed			
IM15.4	Elicit and document and present an appropriate history that identifies the route of bleeding, quantity, grade, volume loss, duration, etiology, comorbid illnesses and risk factors			
IM15.5	Perform, demonstrate and document a physical examination based on the history that includes general examination, volume assessment and appropriate abdominal examination			
IM15.7	Demonstrate the correct technique to perform an anal and rectal examination in a mannequin or equivalent			
IM15.8	Generate a differential diagnosis based on the presenting symptoms and clinical features and prioritise based on the most likely			

	diagnosis				
IM15.9	Choose and interpret diagnostic tests based on the clinical diagnosis including complete blood count, PT and PTT, stool examination, occult blood, liver function tests, H.pylori test.				
IM15.1 3	Observe cross matching and blood / blood component transfusion				
IM15.1 8	Counsel the family and patient in an empathetic non-judgmental manner on the diagnosis and therapeutic options				
Diarrhe	eal diseases		1	1	
IM16.4	Elicit and document and present an appropriate history that includes the natural history, dietary history, travel, sexual history and other concomitant illnesses				
IM16.5	Perform, document and demonstrate a physical examination based on the history that includes general examination, including an appropriate abdominal examination				
IM16.7	Generate a differential diagnosis based on the presenting symptoms and clinical features and prioritise based on the most likely diagnosis				
IM16.8	Choose and interpret diagnostic tests based on the				

	clinical diagnosis including complete blood count, and stool examination			
IM16.9	Identify common parasitic causes of diarrhea under the microscope in a stool specimen			
IM16.1 0	Identify vibrio cholera in a hanging drop specimen			
IM16.1 5	Distinguish based on the clinical presentation Crohn's disease from Ulcerative Colitis			
Headac	he			
IM17.2	Elicit and document and present an appropriate history including aura, precipitating aggravating and relieving factors, associated symptoms that help identify the cause of headaches			
IM17.4	Perform and demonstrate a general neurologic examination and a focused examination for signs of intracranial tension including neck signs of meningitis			
IM17.5	Generate document and present a differential diagnosis based on the clinical features, and prioritise the diagnosis based on the presentation			
IM17.6	Choose and interpret diagnostic testing based on the clinical diagnosis including imaging			
IM17.8	Demonstrate in a mannequin or equivalent the correct technique			

	for performing a					
	lumbar puncture					
IM17.9	Interpret the CSF findings when presented with various parameters of CSF fluid analysis					
IM17.1 4	Counsel patients with migraine and tension headache on lifestyle changes and need for prophylactic therapy					
Cerebro	ovascular accident	1	1	1	1	1
IM18.3	Elicit and document and present an appropriate history including onset, progression, precipitating and aggravating relieving factors, associated symptoms that help identify the cause of the cerebrovascular accident					
IM18.5	Perform, demonstrate & document physical examination that includes general and a detailed neurologic examination as appropriate, based on the history					
IM18.6	Distinguish the lesion based on upper vs lower motor neuron, side, site and most probable nature of the lesion					
IM18.7	Describe the clinical features and distinguish, based on clinical examination, the various disorders of speech					
IM18.1 0	Choose and interpret the appropriate diagnostic testing in young patients with a cerebrovascular accident (CVA)					

IM18.1 7	Counsel patient and family			
,	about the diagnosis and therapy in an empathetic			
	manner			
Movem	ent disorders			
IM19.3	Elicit and document and			
	present an appropriate history			
	including onset, progression			
	precipitating and aggravating			
	relieving factors, associated			
	symptoms that help identify the cause of the movement			
	disorders			
IM19.4	Perform, demonstrate and			
	document a physical			
	examination that includes a			
	general examination and a			
	detailed neurologic examination using standard movement rating			
	scales			
IM19.5	Generate document and			
	present a differential			
	diagnosis and prioritise			
	based on the history and			
	physical examination			 
IM19.6	Make a clinical diagnosis			
	regarding on the anatomical location, nature and cause of			
	the lesion based on the			
	clinical presentation and			
	findings			
IM19.7	Choose and interpret			
	diagnostic and imaging tests			
	in the diagnosis of movement disorders			
Enveno				
IM20.2	Describe, demonstrate in a volunteer or a mannequin and			
	educate (to other health care			
	workers / patients) the correct			
	initial management of patient			

	with a snake bite in the field			
	with a shake blie in the field			
IM20.4	Elicit and document and present an appropriate			
	history, the circumstance, time, kind of snake,			
	evolution of symptoms in			
	a patient with snake bite			
IM20.5	Perform a systematic			
11120.5	examination, document and			
	present a physical examination			
	that includes general			
	examination, local examination,			
	appropriate cardiac and			
	neurologic examination			
IM20.6	Choose and interpret the			
	appropriate diagnostic testing			
	in patients with snake bites			
Poisonii	ng			
IM21.7	Counsel family members			
	of a patient with suspected			
	poisoning about the			
	clinical and medico legal			
	aspects with empathy			
Nutritio	onal and Vitamin deficiencies			
IM23.5	Counsel and communicate to			
	patients in a simulated			
	environment with illness on an			
	appropriate balanced diet			
Geriatri	ics			
IM24.2	Perform			
	multidimensional			
	geriatric assessment that			
	includes medical,			
	psycho-social and			
	functional components			
	aneous infections			
IM25.4	Elicit document and present a			
	medical history that helps			
	delineate the aetiology of these			
	diseases that includes the			

IM25.5	evolution and pattern of symptoms, risk factors, exposure through occupation and travel Perform a systematic examination that establishes			
	the diagnosis and severity of presentation that includes: general skin, mucosal and lymph node examination, chest and abdominal examination (including examination of the liver and spleen)			
IM25.6	Generate a differential diagnosis and prioritise based on clinical features that help distinguish between infective, inflammatory, malignant and rheumatologic causes			
	Order and interpret diagnostic tests based on the differential diagnosis including: CBC with differential, blood biochemistry, peripheral smear, urinary analysis with sediment, Chest X ray, blood and urine cultures, sputum gram stain and cultures, sputum AFB and cultures, CSF analysis, pleural and body fluid analysis, stool routine and culture and QBC			
	Assist in the collection of blood and other specimen cultures			
	Develop an appropriate empiric treatment plan based on the patient's clinical and immune status pending definitive diagnosis			

IM25.1	Communicate to the patient and family the diagnosis and				
2	treatment of identified infection				
IM25.1 3	Counsel the patient and family on prevention of various infections due to environmental issues				
The role	e of physician in the community	7			
IM26.1 9	Demonstrate ability to work in a team of peers and superiors				
IM26.2 0	Demonstrate ability to communicate to patients in a patient, respectful, non threatening, non judgemental and empathetic manner				
IM26.2 1	Demonstrate respect to patient privacy				
IM26.2 2	Demonstrate ability to maintain confidentiality in patient care				
IM26.2 3	Demonstrate a commitment to continued learning				
IM26.2 4	Demonstrate respect in relationship with patients, fellow team members, superiors and other health care workers				
IM26.2 5	Demonstrate responsibility and work ethics while working in the health care team				
IM26.2 6	Demonstrate ability to maintain required documentation in health care (including correct use of medical records)				
IM26.2 7	Demonstrate personal grooming that is adequate and appropriate for health care				

	responsibilities			
IM26.2 8	Demonstrate adequate knowledge and use of information technology that permits appropriate patient care and continued learning			
IM26.2 9	Communicate diagnostic and therapeutic opitons to patient and family in a simulated environment			
IM26.3 0	Communicate care opitons to patient and family with a terminal illness in a simulated environment			
IM26.3 1	Demonstrate awareness of limitations and seeks help and consultations appropriately			
IM26.3 2	Demonstrate appropriate respect to colleagues in the profession			
IM26.3 3	Demonstrate an understanding of the implications and the appropriate procedures and response to be followed in the event of medical errors			
IM26.3 4	Identify conflicts of interest in patient care and professional relationships and describe the correct response to these conflicts			
IM26.3 5	Demonstrate empathy in patient encounters			
IM26.3 6	Demonstrate ability to balance personal and professional priorities			

			1	
IM26.3 7	Demonstrate ability to manage time appropriately			
IM26.3 8	Demonstrate ability to form and function in appropriate professional networks			
IM26.3 9	Demonstrate ability to pursue and seek career advancement			
IM26.4 0	Demonstrate ability to follow risk management and medical error reduction practices where appropriate			
IM26.4 1	Demonstrate ability to work in a mentoring relationship with junior colleagues			
IM26.4 2	Demonstrate commitment to learning and scholarship			
IM26.4 8	Demonstrate altruism			
9	Administer informed consent and approriately adress patient queries to a patient being enrolled in a research protocol in a simulated environment			
Integrat Anatom				
AN20.8 Vertical	Identify & demonstrate palpation of femoral, popliteal, post tibial, anti tibial & dorsalis pedis blood vessels in a simulated environment			
Vertical	Identify & demonstrate Palpation of vessels (femoral, popliteal,dorsalis pedis,post tibial), Mid inguinal point, Surface projection of: femoral nerve, Saphenous opening, Sciatic, tibial, common peroneal & deep peroneal			

	nerve, great and small saphenous veins			
AN24 .2 Vertic al integr ation	Identify side, external features and relations of structures which form root of lung & bronchial tree and their clinical correlate			
AN25. 7 Vertic al integr ation	Identify structures seen on a plain x-ray chest (PA view)			
AN25. 8 Vertic al integr ation	Identify and describe in brief a barium swallow			
AN25 .9 Vertic al integr ation	Demonstrate surface marking of lines of pleural reflection, Lung borders and fissures, Trachea, Heart borders, Apex beat & Surface projection of valves of heart			
AN56. 1 Vertic al integr ation	Describe & identify various layers of meninges with its extent & modifications			
AN62 .2 Vertic al integr ation	Describe & demonstrate surfaces, sulci, gyri, poles, & functional areas of cerebral hemisphere			
AN62. 6 Vertic	Describe & identify formation, branches &			

01	major group of distribution			
al integr	major areas of distribution of circle of Willis			
ation				
PY4.9 Vertical	Discuss the physiology aspects of: peptic ulcer, gastro- oesophageal reflux disease, vomiting, diarrhoea, constipation, Adynamic ileus, Hirschsprung's disease			
PY5.13	Record and interpret normal ECG in a volunteer or simulated environment			
PY5.16	Record Arterial pulse tracing using finger plethysmography in a volunteer or simulated environment			
4	Demonstrate Basic Life Support in a simulated environment			
Vertical	Demonstrate the correct techinque to perform & interpret Spirometry			
Vertical	Perform urine analysis to estimate and determine normal and abnormal constituents			
Vertical	Calculate albumin: globulin (AG) ratio and creatinine clearance			
Vertical	Calculate energy content of different food Items, identify food items with high and low glycemic index and explain the importance of these in the diet			
PA13.5	Perform, Identify and describe the peripheral			

	blood picture in anemia			
	Identify and describe the peripheral smear in microcytic anemia			
PA21.3	Differentiate platelet from clotting disorders based on the clinical and hematologic features			
PA24. 3	Describe and identify the microscopic features of peptic ulcer			
PA25. 6	Interpret a liver function and viral hepatitis serology panel. Distinguish obstructive from non obstructive jaundice based on clinical features and liver function tests			
PA27. 8	Interpret abnormalities in cardiac function testing in acute coronary syndromes			
Vertical	Identify the etiology of meningitis based on given CSF parameters			
MI2.3	Identify the microbial agents causing Rheumatic heart disease & infective Endocarditis			
MI2.6	Identify the causative agent of malaria and filariasis			
MI3.2	Identify the common etiologic agents of diarrhea and dysentery			
MI5.3	Identify the microbial agents causing meningitis			

MI6.2	Identify the common etiologic agents of upper			
	respiratory tract infections (Gram Stain)			
MI6.3	Identify the common etiologic agents of lower respiratory tract infections (Gram Stain & Acid fast stain).			
PH1.12	Calculate the dosage of drugs using appropriate formulae for an individual patient, including children, elderly and patient with renal dysfunction			
PH2.4	Demonstrate the correct method of calculation of drug dosage in patients including those used in special situations			
PH3.1	Write a rational, correct and legible generic prescription for a given condition and communicate the same to the patient			
PH3.3	Perform a critical evaluation of the drug promotional literature			
PH3.5	To prepare and explain a list of P-drugs for a given case/condition			
PH5.1	Communicate with the patient with empathy and ethics on all aspects of drug use			
PH5.4	Explain to the patient the relationship between cost of treatment and patient compliance			
СМ5.2	Describe and demonstrate the correct method of performing a nutritional assessment of			

	individuals, families and the community by using the appropriate method			
CM5.4	Plan and recommend a suitable diet for the individuals and families based on local availability of foods and economic status, etc in a simulated environment			
СМ6.2	Describe and discuss the principles and demonstrate the methods of collection, classification, analysis, interpretation and presentation of statistical data			
СМ6.3	Describe, discuss and demonstrate the application of elementary statistical methods including test of significance in various study designs			
CM6.4	Enumerate, discuss and demonstrate common sampling techniques, simple statistical methods, frequency distribution, measures of central tendency and dispersion			
СМ7.4	Define, calculate and interpret morbidity and mortality indicators based on given set of data			
CM7.6	Enumerate and evaluate the need of screening tests			
СМ7.7	Describe and demonstrate the steps in the Investigation of an epidemic of communicable disease and describe the principles of control measures.			

1	r		1	
FM14.2	Demonstrate the correct technique of clinical examination in a suspected case of poisoning & prepare medico- legal report in a simulated/ supervised environment			
FM14.3	Assist and demonstrate the proper technique in collecting, preserving and dispatch of the exhibits in a suspected case of poisoning, along with clinical examination.			
	Demonstrate (and classify based on) the clinical features of leprosy including an appropriate neurologic examination			
DR10.1	Identify and classify syphilis based on the presentation and clinical manifestations			
DR10.5	Counsel in a non-judgemental and empathetic manner patients on prevention of sexually transmitted diseases			
7	Identify and differentiate based on the clinical features non- syphilitic sexually transmitted diseases (chancroid, donovanosis and LGV)			
DR11. 2	Identify and distinguish the dermatologic manifestations of HIV its complications, opportunistic infections and adverse reactions			
7	Identify and distinguish fixed drug eruptions and Steven Johnson syndrome from other skin lesions			
DR16. 1	Identify and distinguish skin lesions of SLE			

				<b>1</b>
DR16. 2	Identify and distinguish Raynaud's phenomenon			
DR17. 1	Enumerate and identify the cutaneous findings in vitamin A deficiency			
integrati	Enumerate the indications, describe the steps and demonstrate in a simulated environment basic life support in adults children and neonates			
AS2.2	Enumerate the indications, describe the steps and demonstrate in a simulated environment advanced life support in adults and children			
Horizon tal	Elicit, present and document an appropriate history including medication history in a patient undergoing Surgery as it pertains to a preoperative anaesthetic evaluation			
Horizon tal	Demonstrate and document an appropriate clinical examination in a patient undergoing General Surgery			
Horizon	Choose and interpret appropriate testing for patients undergoing Surgery			
Horizon tal	Determine the readiness for General Surgery in a patient based on the preoperative evaluation			
Horizon tal integrati	Elicit, describe and document clinical features of alcohol and substance use disorders			

PS4.3	Enumerate and describe the			
	indications and interpret			
	laboratory and other tests used			
on	in alcohol and substance abuse			
	disorders			
	Enumerate, elicit, describe and document clinical			
	features in patients with			
	somatoform, dissociative			
on	and conversion disorders			
	Enumerate and describe the			
	indications and interpret			
tal integrati	laboratory and other tests used in somatoform, dissociative and			
on	conversion disorders			
PS12.2	Enumerate, elicit, describe			
Horizon	and document clinical			
tal	features in patients with			
on	magnitude and etiology of			
	psychosomatic disorders			
	Enumerate and describe the indications and interpret			
	laboratory and other tests of			
integrati	psychosomatic disorders			
on				
	Demonstrate family education			
	in a patient with psychiatric disorders occurring in the			
. 1	elderly in a simulated			
integr	environment			
ation				
	Interpret normal Karyotype and recognize Trisomy 21			
tal	10005m20 11150my 21			
integrati				
on				
PE28.20	Counsel the child with asthma			
	on the correct use of inhalers in a simulated environment			
PE34.5				
1 1:34.3	Able to elicit, document and present history of contact with			
	tuberculosis in every patient			
L	putone			

	encounter			
PE34.6	Identify a BCG scar			
PE34.7	Interpret a Mantoux test			
PE34.8	Interpret a Chest Radiograph			
PE34.9	Interpret blood tests in the context of laboratory evidence for tuberculosis			
PE34.11	Perform AFB staining			
PE28.19	Describe the etio-pathogenesis, clinical features, diagnosis, management and prevention of asthma in children			
Horizon tal	Demonstrate correct assessment of muscle strength and range of movements			
Horizon tal	Perform and demonstrate a clinical examination of sensory and motor deficits of peripheral nerve			
CT1.5	Elicit, document and present an appropriate medical history that includes risk factor, contacts, symptoms including cough and fever CNS and other manifestations			
CT1.6	Demonstrate and perform a systematic examination that establishes the diagnosis based on the clinical presentation that includes a a) general examination, b) examination of			

CT1.7	the chest and lung including loss of volume, mediastinal shift, percussion and auscultation (including DOAP session of lung sounds and added sounds) c) examination of the lymphatic system and d) relevant CNS examination Perform and interpret a PPD (mantoux) and describe and			
CT1.10	discuss the indications and pitfalls of the test Perform and interpret an AFB			
	stain			
	Assist in the performance, outline the correct tests that require to be performed and interpret the results of a pleural fluid aspiration			
	Prescribe an appropriate antituberculosis regimen based on the location of disease, smear positivity and negativity and co- morbidities based on current national guidelines including directly observed tuberculosis therapy (DOTS)			
	Define criteria for the cure of Tuberculosis; describe and recognise the features of drug resistant tuberculosis, prevention and therapeutic regimens			
	Educate health care workers on National Program of Tuberculosis and administering and monitoring the DOTS program			
	Communicate with patients and family in an empathetic manner about the diagnosis, therapy			

		 	1	r1
CT2.8	Elicit document and present a medical history that will differentiate the aetiologies of obstructive airway disease, severity and precipitants			
CT2.10	Generate a differential diagnosis and prioritise based on clinical features that suggest a specific aetiology			
CT2.11	Describe, discuss and interpret pulmonary function tests			
CT2.12	Perform and interpret peak expiratory flow rate			
CT2.13	Describe the appropriate diagnostic work up based on the presumed aetiology			
CT2.14	Enumerate the indications for and interpret the results of : pulse oximetry, ABG, Chest Radiograph			
CT2.15	Generate a differential diagnosis and prioritise based on clinical features that suggest a specific aetiology			
CT2.18	Develop a therapeutic plan including use of bronchodilators and inhaled corticosteroids			
CT2.19	Develop a management plan for acute exacerbations including bronchodilators, systemic steroids, antimicrobial therapy			
CT2.21	Describe discuss and counsel patients appropriately on smoking cessation			
CT2.22	Demonstrate and counsel patient on the correct use of inhalers			

				1
	Communicate diagnosis treatment plan and subsequent follow up plan to patients			
	Perform a systematic examination that establishes the diagnosis and severity that includes measurement of respiratory rate, level of respiratory distress, effort tolerance, breath sounds, added sounds, identification of signs of consolidation pleural effusion and pneumothorax			
	Identify and differentiate scabies from other lesions			
DR6.2	Identify and differentiate pediculosis from other skin lesions			
	Enumerate and identify the cutaneous findings in vitamin A deficiency			
	Enumerate the indications, describe the steps and demonstrate in a simulated environment basic life support in adults children and neonates			
	Enumerate, elicit, describe and document clinical features in patients with psychiatric disorders occurring in childhood and adolescence			
	Demonstrate family education in a patient with psychiatric disorders occurring in childhood and adolescence in a simulated environment			
	Elicit and document a history and clinical examination and choose appropriate			

	investigations in a patient with mental retardation			
OG18.2	Demonstrate the steps of neonatal resuscitation in a simulated environment			
PM3.4	Demonstrate spasticity, rigidity and dystonia in children with cerebral palsy			
PS1.1	Establish rapport and empathy with patients			
PS1.3	Demonstrate breaking of bad news in a simulated environment			
PS1.4	Describe and demonstrate the importance of confidentiality in patient encounters			
PS3.3	Elicit, present and document a history in patients presenting with a mental disorder			
PS3.4	Describe the importance of establishing rapport with patients			
PS3.5	Perform, demonstrate and document a minimental examination			
PS3.9	Describe the steps and demonstrate in a simulated environment family education in patients with organic psychiatric disorders			
PS4.2	Elicit, describe and document clinical features of alcohol and substance use disorders			
PS4.3	Enumerate and describe the indications and interpret laboratory and other tests used in alcohol and substance abuse			

	disorders			
PS4.5	Demonstrate family education in a patient with alcohol and substance abuse in a simulated environment			
PS5.2	Enumerate, elicit, describe and document clinical features, positive s			
PS5.4	Demonstrate family education in a patient with schizophrenia in a simulated environment			
PS6.2	Enumerate, elicit, describe and document clinical features in patients with depression			
PS6.3	Enumerate and describe the indications and interpret laboratory and other tests used in depression			
PS6.5	Demonstrate family education in a patient with depression in a simulated environment			
PS7.2	Enumerate, elicit, describe and document clinical features in patients with bipolar disorders			
PS7.3	Enumerate and describe the indications and interpret laboratory and other tests used in bipolar disorders			
PS7.5	Demonstrate family education in a patient with bipolar disorders in a simulated environment			

PS8.2 PS8.3	Enumerate, elicit, describe and document clinical features in patients with anxiety disorders Enumerate and describe the indications and interpret			
	laboratory and other tests used in anxiety disorders			
PS8.5	Demonstrate family education in a patient with anxiety disorders in a simulated environment			
PS9.2	Enumerate, elicit, describe and document clinical features in patients with stress related disorders			
PS9.3	Enumerate and describe the indications and interpret laboratory and other tests used in stress related disorders			
PS9.5	Demonstrate family education in a patient with stress related disorders in a simulated environment			
PS10.2	Enumerate, elicit, describe and document clinical features in patients with somatoform, dissociative and conversion disorders			
PS10.3	Enumerate and describe the indications and interpret laboratory and other tests used in somatoform, dissociative and conversion disorders			
PS10.5	Demonstrate family education in a patient with somatoform, dissociative and conversion disorders in a			

	simulated environment			
PS11.2	Enumerate, elicit, describe and document clinical features in patients with personality disorders			
PS11.3	Enumerate and describe the indications and interpret laboratory and other tests used in personality disorders			
PS11.5	Demonstrate family education in a patient with personality disorders in a simulated environment			
PS12.2	Enumerate, elicit, describe and document clinical features in patients with magnitude and etiology of psychosomatic disorders			
PS12.3	Enumerate and describe the indications and interpret laboratory and other tests of psychosomatic disorders			
PS12.5	Demonstrate family education in a patient with psychosomatic disorders in a simulated environment			
PS13.2	Enumerate, elicit, describe and document clinical features in patients with magnitude and etiology of psychosexual and gender identity disorders			
PS13.3	Enumerate and describe the indications and interpret laboratory and other tests used in psychosexual and gender identity disorders			

r				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
PS13.5	Demonstrate family education in a patient with psychosexual and gender identity disorders in a simulated environment			
PS14.2	Enumerate, elicit, describe and document clinical features in patients with psychiatric disorders occurring in childhood and adolescence			
PS14.4	Demonstrate family education in a patient with psychiatric disorders occurring in childhood and adolescence in a simulated environment			
PS15.3	Elicit and document a history and clinical examination and choose appropriate investigations in a patient with mental retardation			
PS16.4	Demonstrate family education in a patient with psychiatric disorders occurring in the elderly in a simulated environment			
PH5.6	Demonstrate ability to educate public & patients about various aspects of drug use including drug dependence and OTC drugs.			
IM17.1 4	Counsel patients with migraine and tension headache on lifestyle changes and need for prophylactic therapy			
IM24.2	Perform multidimensional geriatric assessment that includes medical,			

	psycho-social and			
	functional components			
DR1.2	Identify and grade the various common types of acne			
DR3.1	Identify and distinguish psoriatic lesions from other causes			
DR3.2	Demonstrate the grattage test			
DR4.1	Identify and distinguish lichen planus lesions from other causes			
DR5.2	Identify and differentiate scabies from other lesions in adults and children			
DR6.2	Identify and differentiate pediculosis from other skin lesions in adults and children			
DR7.2	Identify Candida species in fungal scrapings and KOH mount			
DR8.2	Identify and distinguish herpes simplex and herpes labialis from other skin lesions			
DR8.3	Identify and distinguish herpes zoster and varicella from other skin lesions			
DR8.4	Identify and distinguish viral warts from other skin lesions			
DR8.5	Identify and distinguish molluscum contagiosum from other skin lesions			
DR8.6	Enumerate the indications, describe the procedure and perform a Tzanck smear			
DR9.2	Demonstrate (and classify based on) the clinical features of leprosy including an			

	appropriate neurologic examination			
DR10.1	Identify and classify syphilis based on the presentation and clinical manifestations			
DR10.2	Identify spirochete in a dark ground microscopy			
DR10.5	Counsel in a non-judgemental and empathetic manner patients on prevention of sexually transmitted disease			

## **General Medicine**

**Subject: General Medicine** 

**Third Year MBBS** 

## Sub Item: Theory lectures/ Clinical postings/Tutorials/seminars/self directed learning/ Electives

Sr.		Dat	es	Attendance	Status	Signature of
No	Description	From	То	percentage	Complete/ Incomplete	Teacher
1	Theory lectures					
2	Clinical postings					
3	AETCOM Module					
4.	Electives					
5	Vertical Integraon					

## **Final Summary**

	Extracurricular activities			
7	Sports /Physical Education			